AGENDA

Administrative-Finance Committee September 3, 2024

6:00 p.m. - City Hall Conference Room

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Public Comment
- 3. New Business
 - a. Presentation Draft FYE 24 Annual Financial Report
 - b. Pension Fund Report Overview by Treasurer Coren
 - c. FYE 24 Audit to Budget Comparison (to be distributed)
 - d. Approval of Minutes August 5, 2024
- 4. Other Business
- 5. Next Meeting October 7, 2024
- 6. Adjournment

CITY OF DARIEN MEMO

TO: Administrative/Finance Committee Members

FROM: Bryon D. Vana, City Administrator

DATE: August 26, 2024

SUBJECT: Draft Audit review-FYE 4-30-2024

Attached and labeled below are the draft audit documents for the fiscal year ending 4-30-2024. The City's independent auditing firm, SIKICH, will present the draft audit and answer any questions.

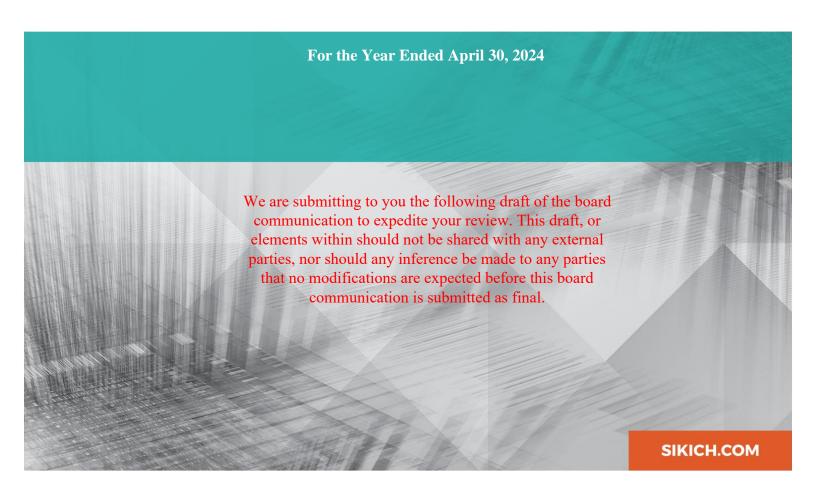
1) Brd Comm – p. 2

- 2) CYEFR p. 19
- 3) Audit p. 23
- 4) ILCS Mgmt Letter p. 119
- 5) MDA p. 120



CITY OF DARIEN, ILLINOIS

AUDITOR'S COMMUNICATION TO THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL



CITY OF DARIEN, ILLINOIS
AUDITOR'S COMMUNICATION TO THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page(s)
COVER LETTER	1
REQUIRED COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE • Adjusting Journal Entries • Passed Adjustments	2-7
COMMUNICATION OF DEFICIENCIES IN INTERNAL CONTROL AND OTHER COMMENTS TO MANAGEMENT	8-12
COMPANY PROFILE	

Date, 2024

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Darien 1702 Plainfield Road Darien, Illinois 60561

Ladies and Gentlemen:

As part of our audit process we are required to have certain communications with those charged with governance at the beginning of our audit process and at the conclusion of the audit. Those communications include information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit, as well as other information required by auditing standards. Our communication at the beginning of our audit process along with our questionnaire regarding consideration of fraud in a financial statement audit was sent to you May 1, 2024.

In addition, auditing standards require the communication of internal control related matters to those charged with governance. Our communication of these matters is enclosed within this document.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Mayor, City Council and management of the City of Darien and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Sikich CPA LLC By: James R. Savio, CPA, MAS Principal Date, 2024

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Darien, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Darien, Illinois (the City) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024 and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated Date, 2024. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated February 29, 2024. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended April 30, 2024. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. We noted no particularly sensitive estimates made by management during our audit of the financial statements except for the actuarial valuation and assumptions for the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's estimate of the City's total pension liabilities, and total other postemployment benefit liability are based on various actuarially determined amounts, including estimated investment returns, dates of employee retirement, discount rates, healthcare trend rates, and mortality rates. We evaluated key factors and assumptions used to develop the management's estimates of the City's total pension liabilities and total other postemployment benefit liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The attached schedule summarizes uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements. The uncorrected misstatements or the matters underlying them could potentially cause future period financial statements to be materially misstated, even though, in our judgment, such uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the financial statements under audit. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole, except AJE#03.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated Date, 2024.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those financial statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, which is required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules as listed in the table of contents, which accompany the basic financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the basic financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the introductory section and supplemental data as listed in the table of contents, which accompany the basic financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction in Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Mayor, City Council and management of the City of Darien, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We appreciate the courtesies extended to us by the City. If you have any questions regarding the purpose of this letter or the requirement mentioned, please contact us.

Sincerely,

Sikich CPA LLC By: James R. Savio, CPA, MAS Principal

City of Darien

Year End: April 30, 2024
Adjusting Journal Entries
Date: 5/1/2023 To 4/30/2024
Account No: AJE#01 To AJE#03

lumber	Date	Name	Account No	Amount
JE#01	4/30/2024	Now Acct -Republic Bank	01-1005 01-GF	(110,400.00)
JE#01	4/30/2024	Rent/Lease Revenue	01-00-3561 01-GF	110,400.00
		To correct lease JE recorded		
		in error		
JE#02	4/30/2024	Operating - Republic Bank	01-1000 01-GF	(7,298.54)
JE#02	4/30/2024	Payroll -Republic Bank	01-1002 01-GF	(145,354.17)
JE#02	4/30/2024	Payroll -Republic Bank	01-1002 01-GF	(60,251.88)
JE#02	4/30/2024	Prepaid Expenses	01-1300 01-GF	60,251.88
JE#02	4/30/2024	Accrued Salaries Payable	01-2182 01-GF	145,354.17
JE#02	4/30/2024	Operating - Republic Bank	02-1000 02-WF	(1,624.13)
JE#02	4/30/2024	Operating - Republic Bank	02-1000 02-WF	(536.00)
JE#02	4/30/2024	Payroll -Republic Bank	02-1002 02-WF	(16,432.59)
JE#02	4/30/2024	Payroll -Republic Bank	02-1002 02-WF	(657.09)
JE#02	4/30/2024	Prepaid expenses	02-1300 02-WF	657.09
JE#02	4/30/2024	Accrued Salaries Payable	02-2182 02-WF	16,432.59
JE#02	4/30/2024	Vehicle (Gas and Oil)	01-30-4273 01-GF	1,250.51
JE#02	4/30/2024	Vehicle (Gas and Oil)	01-40-4273 01-GF	6,048.03
JE#02	4/30/2024	Training and Education	02-50-4263 02-WF	536.00
JE#02	4/30/2024	Vehicle (Gas and Oil)	02-50-4273 02-WF	1,624.13
		To correct items recorded		
		as cash reconciling items		
JE#03	4/30/2024	Deferred Outflow - Police Pen	98-1179 98-G	(164,805.00)
JE#03	4/30/2024	Net Pension Liab - Police Pen	98-2006 98-G	(1,643,974.00)
JE#03	4/30/2024	Deferred Inflow - Police Pen	98-2007 98-G	105,494.00
JE#03	4/30/2024	Change in Pension Expense - Police Pension	98-50-6510 98-G	1,703,285.00
		Police Pension GAB 67/68		

City of Darien (CLIENT)

Preliminary and Tentative GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Only (OPINION UNIT)

4/30/2024

All entries posted as Debit (Credit)

Description	Workpaper Reference	Assets/ Deferred Outflows	(I	iabilities)/ Deferred (nflows)	 (Net sition/Fund Balance)	Pos	ange in Net sition/Fund Balance
Current Effect of Prior Period Passed AJE's that have carried forward to Current Period		\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
To record the effects of GASB-96	4225	377,196		(351,317)	-		(25,879)
To record installment contracts for Bodycams In-Car Cameras, and Tasers	4223	215,372		(215,372)	-		-
To record grant revenue in prior year	3302.1	_		-	(47,158)		47,158
Totals		\$ 592,568	\$	(566,689)	\$ (47,158)	\$	21,279

For the Year Ended

Preliminary and Tentative EAFIPARGUASTON PHETPASES Only (OPINION UNIT)

City of Darien (CLIENT)

For the Year Ended

4/30/2024

All entries posted as Debit (Credit)

Description	Workpaper Reference	A	Assets	(Lia	bilities)	Ear	Retained nings/Fund Balance)	(Profit) Loss
Current Effect of Prior Period Passed AJE's that have carried forward to Current Period		\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
To record grant revenue in prior year	3302.1		-		-		(47,158)	47,158
Totals		\$	_	\$	-	\$	(47,158) \$	47,158

CITY OF DARIEN, ILLINOIS

COMMUNICATION OF DEFICIENCIES IN INTERNAL CONTROL AND OTHER COMMENTS TO MANAGEMENT

April 30, 2024

The Honorable Mayor Members of Management City of Darien, Illinois

As part of the annual audit, we are required to communicate internal control matters that we classify as significant deficiencies and material weaknesses to those charged with governance. A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

During our audit, we also identify certain matters which we communicate only to management. While many of these matters are operational in nature, they may include internal control deficiencies that do not meet the definition of a significant deficiency or material weakness. We have chosen to communicate these matters in this communication. As discussed on the following pages, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control. In addition, we reviewed the status of the deficiencies from April 30, 2023. The status of these is included in Appendix A.

This memorandum is intended solely for the information and use of management and the City Council and is not intended and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

I encourage you to contact me at (630) 566-8516 should you have any questions.

Naperville, Illinois Date, 2024

OTHER INFORMATION

Future Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued a number of pronouncements that may impact the City in the future.

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, addresses a variety of topics including: Classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, that do not meet the definition of either an investment derivative instrument or a hedging derivative instrument; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, related to (a) the determination of the public-private and public-public partnership (PPP) term and (b) recognition and measurement of installment payments and the transfer of the underlying PPP asset; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, related to the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, classification of a SBITA as a short-term SBITA, and recognition and measurement of a subscription liability; extension of the period during which the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) is considered an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap that hedges the interest rate risk of taxable debt; accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP); disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements--and Management's Discussion and Analysis--for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements; terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position; and terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. This statement is effective upon issuance for requirements related to the extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63. The effective date for the requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs is April 30, 2024. The effective date for the requirement related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 is April 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections--an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirement for accounting changes and error corrections. This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature.

OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Future Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences-including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave--not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. With respect to financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, this Statement requires that expenditures be recognized for the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This Statement amends the existing requirement to disclose the gross increases and decreases in a liability for compensated absences to allow governments to disclose only the net change in the liability (as long as they identify it as a net change). In addition, governments are no longer required to disclose which governmental funds typically have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, establishes financial reporting requirements for risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. This Statement defines a concentration as a lack of diversity related to an aspect of a significant inflow of resources or outflow of resources. A constraint is a limitation imposed on a government by an external party or by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Concentrations and constraints may limit a government's ability to acquire resources or control spending. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2026.

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This statement also addresses certain application issues. This Statement requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five sections: (1) Overview of the Financial Statements, (2) Financial Summary, (3) Detailed Analyses, (4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity, and (5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions. Furthermore, this Statement stresses that the detailed analyses should explain why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed.

OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Future Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

This Statement describes unusual or infrequent items as transactions and other events that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. This Statement requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses are defined as revenues and expenses other than nonoperating revenues and expenses. Nonoperating revenues and expenses are defined as (1) subsidies received and provided, (2) contributions to permanent and term endowments, (3) revenues and expenses related to financing, (4) resources from the disposal of capital assets and inventory, and (5) investment income and expenses. This Statement requires governments to present each major component unit separately in the reporting entity's statement of net position and statement of activities if it does not reduce the readability of the statements. This Statement requires governments to present budgetary comparison information using a single method of communication—RSI. Governments also are required to present (1) variances between original and final budget amounts and (2) variances between final budget and actual amounts. An explanation of significant variances is required to be presented in notes to RSI. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2027.

We will advise the City of any progress made by GASB in developing this and other future pronouncements that may have an impact on the financial position and results of operation of the City.

APPENDIX A STATUS OF COMMENTS FROM APRIL 30, 2023

DEFICIENCY

We consider the following to be deficiency in the City's internal controls.

Segregation of Duties

During our review of internal controls, we noted that journal entries can be entered into the general ledger without being approved by a separate individual. Additionally, we noted there is no evidence of formal review of the bank reconciliations. We recommend that all general journal entries and bank reconciliations be reviewed and approved by someone other than the person entering and/or creating the journal entry/bank reconciliation to maintain an audit trail that documents both the preparer and reviewer of the original entry.

If a secondary review of the general journal entries and bank reconciliations is not practical, the City Council serves as a compensating control for the lack of segregation of duties in this area. Accordingly, it is important for the City Council to continue to review and approve monthly budget versus actual statements by fund. Additionally, the Council should continue to review and approve all significant financial transactions including purchases, payments to vendors/employees, and investments and to document the dollar amount of those approvals in the minutes.

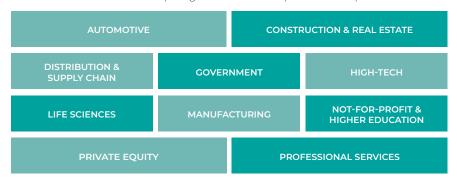
Status - Comment still applicable as of April 30, 2024.

Sikich is a global company specializing in technology-enabled professional services.

Now with more than 1,900 employees, Sikich draws on a diverse portfolio of technology solutions to deliver transformative digital strategies and ranks as one of the largest CPA firms in the United States. From corporations and not-for-profits to state and local governments and federal agencies, Sikich clients utilize a broad spectrum of services and products to help them improve performance and achieve long-term, strategic goals.

INDUSTRIES

Sikich provides services and solutions to a wide range of industries. We have devoted substantial resources to develop a significant base of expertise and experience in:



SPECIALIZED SERVICES

ACCOUNTING, AUDIT, TAX & CONSULTING SERVICES

- Outsourced Accounting
- · Audit & Assurance
- · Consulting Services
- · Employee Benefit Plan Audits
- International Tax
- Tax

TECHNOLOGY

- Business Application
- · Cloud & Infrastructure
- Consulting & Implementation
- · Cybersecurity & Compliance
- Digital Transformation Consulting

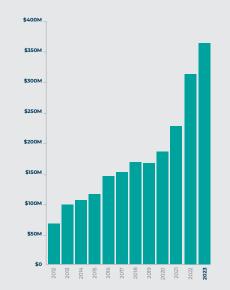
ADVISORY

- Forensic & Valuation Services
- · Governance, Risk & Compliance Services
- Human Capital Management & Payroll Consulting
- · Insurance Services
- · Investment Banking*
- Marketing & Communications
- Retirement Plan Services
- · Regulatory, Quality & Compliance
- Site Selection & Business Incentives
- Succession Planning
- Supply Chain
- Transaction Advisory Services
- · Wealth Management**
- · Workforce Risk Management

Sikich currently practices in an alternative practice structure in accordance with the AICPA Professional Code of Conduct and applicable law, regulations, and professional standards. Sikich CPA LLC is a licensed CPA firm that provides audit and attest services to its clients. Sikich LLC has a contractual arrangement with Sikich CPA LLC under which Sikich LLC provides Sikich CPA LLC with professional and support personnel and other services to support Sikich CPA LLC's performance of its professional services, and Sikich CPA LLC shares certain client information with Sikich LLC with respect to the provision of such services.

Securities offered through Sikich Corporate Finance LLC, member FINRA/SIPC. Investment advisory services offered through Sikich Financial, an SEC Registered Investment Advisor.

WHO WE ARE



OFFICE LOCATIONS

Ahmedabad, GJ Alexandria, VA 703.836.1350 703.836.6701

Bangalore, KA Boston, MA 508.485.5588

Chattanooga, TN 423.954.3007

Chicago, IL 312.648.6666

Cleveland, OH

440.238.0445 **Coimbatore, TN**

Decatur, IL 217.423.6000

Indianapolis, IN 317.842.4466 **Los Angeles, CA*** 877.279.1900

Sacramento, CA* 925.577.5144 Milwaukee. WI

262.754.9400 Naperville, IL

630.566.8400

Peoria, IL 309.694.4251 Princeton, NJ

609.285.5000 **Richfield, OH** 330.864.6661

Springfield, IL 217.793.3363 St. Louis, MO

314.275.7277

*Perform only Technology and Advisory services



CULTURE

Our dynamic work culture fosters learning, growth and innovation, attracting top-notch team members who see the big picture. Sikich's culture is built on a flexible, trusting work environment and the key pillars of Absolute Integrity, Bias for Action, Continuous Innovation and Servant Leadership. We believe our people are our greatest asset and work hard to ensure that all team members feel empowered, comfortable and valued.





CERTIFICATIONS & AWARDS

All professional accounting staff with more than one year of experience have earned or are working toward earning the Certified Public Accountant designation. Sikich is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Governmental Audit Quality Center and the Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center.

We adhere to the strict requirements of membership, which assure we meet the highest standards of audit quality. In 2023, Sikich received its 12th consecutive unmodified ("pass") peer review report, the highest level of recognition conferred upon a public accounting firm for its quality control systems.

Sikich ranks among the **top 30 firms nationally** on the *Accounting Today* **Top 100 Firms list.**





Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center Member

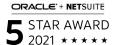
Sikich is among the **50 firms that place on Inside Public Accounting's 2023 Best of the Best Firms,** an exclusive list that ranks organizations on key areas of management, growth and strategic vision.



Sikich is a **Microsoft Dynamics' 2023/2024 Inner Circle** award recipient, a recognition that places Sikich in the **top 1% of all Microsoft Business Applications partners globally**.



We also maintain the **Oracle NetSuite 5 Star Award** and are among the **top three U.S. partners of Oracle NetSuite**.



Sikich ranks on the Redmond Channel Partner Magazine's top 350 Microsoft partners in the U.S., CRN's Top 500 Managed Service Providers, CRN's Top 500 Solution Providers and Channel Futures' MSP 501.











NET PROMOTER SCORE

The firm's overall Net Promoter Score (NPS) is 87%.

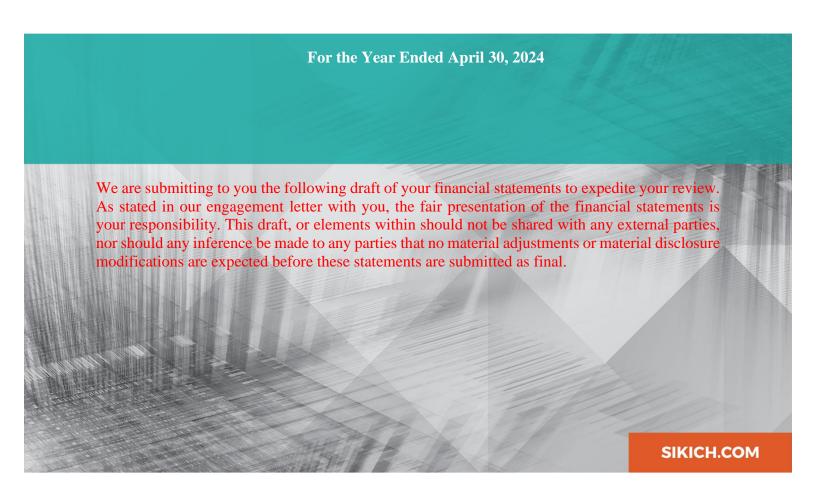
This is a measure of our clients' willingness to recommend Sikich's services and products. An NPS of 50% is considered excellent, and 70% NPS is considered world-class.





CITY OF DARIEN DARIEN, ILLINOIS

ILLINOIS GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY ACT - CONSOLIDATED YEAR END FINANCIAL REPORT



Preliminary and Tentative For Discussion Purposes Only

	Page(s)
Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information	1
Illinois Grant Accountability and Transparency Act	
Consolidated Year End Financial Report	2

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Darien, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Darien, Illinois (the City) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated REPORT DATE, which expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Consolidated Year End Financial Report is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Illinois Grant Accountability and Transparency Act, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Naperville, Illinois REPORT DATE

CITY OF DARIEN, ILLINOIS

ILLINOIS GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY ACT CONSOLIDATED YEAR END FINANCIAL REPORT

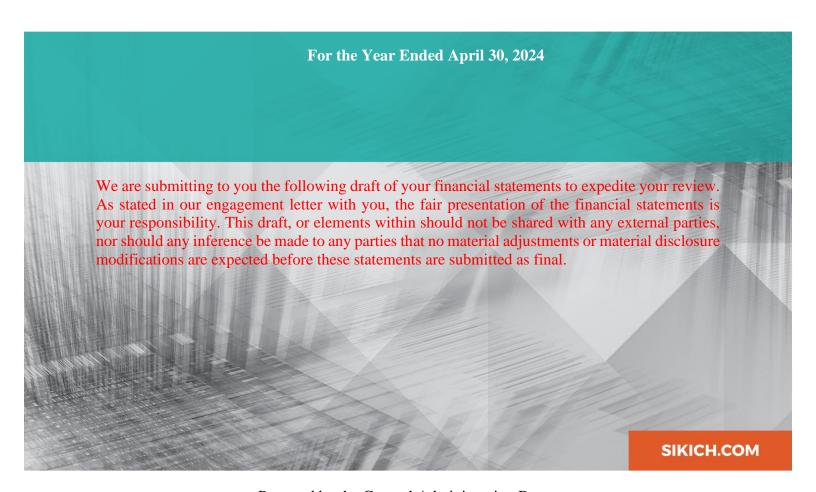
For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

CSFA Number	Program Name	State	Federal	Match	Total
444-26-1565	Tobacco Enforcement Program	\$ 2,375	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,375
478-00-2719	Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity	150,000	-	-	150,000
494-00-2356	Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity	100,000	-	-	100,000
	All other federal expenditures	 -	100,507	-	100,507
	TOTALS	\$ 252,375	\$ 100,507	\$ -	\$ 352,882



CITY OF DARIEN, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



Prepared by the General Administration Department

Michael J. Coren City Treasurer

	Page(s)
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Principal Officials	i
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-4
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	&A <mark>1-11</mark>
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	5
Statement of Activities	6-7
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	8
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	11
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	12-13
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	14
Statement of Cash Flows	15

Page(s)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	16
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18-55
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund	56
Schedule of Employer Contributions	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	57
Police Pension Fund	58
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	59-60
Police Pension Fund	61-62
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB liability and Related Ratios	
Other Postemployment Benefit Plan	63
Schedule of Investment Returns	
Police Pension Fund	64
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	65
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund	66-67
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General Fund	68-72
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Improvement Fund	73
Capital Improvement Fund	/3

	Page(s)
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (Continued)	
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Combining Balance Sheet	74
Changes in Fund Balances	75
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Motor Fuel Tax Fund Special Service Area Fund	76 77
MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual - Water Operations Fund	78-79
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA	
Long-Term Debt Requirement	90
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	80 81

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF DARIEN, ILLINOIS

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

April 30, 2024

MAYOR

Joseph A. Marchese

CITY COUNCIL

Ted V. Schauer Gerard Leganski Joseph A. Kenny Ralph Stompanato Mary Coyle Sullivan Eric K. Gustafson Thomas J. Belczak

CITY TREASURER

Michael J. Coren

CITY CLERK

JoAnne Ragona

CITY ATTORNEY

John B. Murphey

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Darien, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Darien, Illinois (the City) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Darien, Illinois, as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 1 -

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The audit as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023 was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The 2023 comparative data included on certain individual fund schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements by Sikich LLP and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In the opinion of Sikich LLP, the information was fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and supplemental data but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Naperville, Illinois Date, 2024

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Preliminary and Tentative For Discussion Purposes Only

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2024

	Parisson Community			
	Governmental	rimary Governme	ent	
		Business-Type	T-4-1	
	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,567,477	\$ 3,646,565	\$ 26,214,042	
Receivables (net, where applicable,	, ,,,,,,,,	,,.	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
of allowances for uncollectibles)				
Property taxes	2,486,841	_	2,486,841	
Accounts	-	1,420,702	1,420,702	
Intergovernmental	2,125,444	-	2,125,444	
Leases	2,304,793	_	2,304,793	
Other	2,561,210	680,511	3,241,721	
Inventories	39,314	-	39,314	
Prepaid items	60,252	657	60,909	
Capital assets not being depreciated	819,529	100,000	919,529	
Capital assets being depreciated	6,438,547	8,507,811	14,946,358	
		3,0 3 1,0 2 2	- 1,5 10,000	
Total assets	39,403,407	14,356,246	53,759,653	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unamortized loss on refunding	-	40,632	40,632	
Pension items - police	4,943,637	-	4,943,637	
Pension items - IMRF	947,000	375,733	1,322,733	
Pension items - OPEB	197,916	29,386	227,302	
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,088,553	445,751	6,534,304	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	45 401 060	14 201 007	60 202 057	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	45,491,960	14,801,997	60,293,957	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,046,286	434,828	1,481,114	
Accrued payroll	176,525	16,222	192,747	
Accrued interest payable	-	28,274	28,274	
Deposits payable	33,253	-	33,253	
Noncurrent liabilities				
Due within one year	268,727	639,126	907,853	
Due in more than one year	32,068,700	2,506,120	34,574,820	
Total liabilities	33,593,491	3,624,570	37,218,061	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred property taxes	2,486,841	_	2,486,841	
Deferred inflow - leases	2,182,607	_	2,182,607	
Pension items - police	79,692	-	79,692	
Pension items - IMRF	14,666	5,818	20,484	
Pension items - OPEB	281,704	42,862	324,566	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,045,510	48,680	5,094,190	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	38,639,001	3,673,250	42,312,251	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	6,822,616	5,936,507	12,759,123	
Restricted for				
Special service area	22,847	-	22,847	
Storm sewer	40,783	-	40,783	
Public safety	352,345	-	352,345	
Highways and streets	1,687,007	-	1,687,007	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,072,639)	5,192,240	3,119,601	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 6,852,959	\$ 11,128,747	\$ 17,981,706	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			I	rog	ram Revenue	es	
EUNICTIONS/BDOCD AMS	Ermonaca		Charges	G	Operating Frants and Intributions	Gı	Capital rants and atributions
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	 Expenses	10	or Services	Co	ntributions	Con	itributions
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 2,476,145	\$	943,746	\$	-	\$	-
Highways and streets	7,400,633		472,457		966,720		132,638
Public safety	11,691,690		194,829		342,624		-
Interest and fiscal charges on							
long-term debt	 1,486				-		
Total governmental activities	 21,569,954		1,611,032		1,309,344		132,638
Business-Type Activities							
Water operations	 7,526,783		7,856,064		-		
Total business-type activities	 7,526,783		7,856,064		-		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 29,096,737	\$	9,467,096	\$	1,309,344	\$	132,638

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position				
		Primary Governmen	<u>nt</u>		
	Governmental	Business-Type			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
	\$ (1,532,399)	C	\$ (1,532,399)		
	(5,828,818)		(5,828,818)		
	(11,154,237)	-	(11,154,237)		
	(1,486)	-	(1,486)		
	(18,516,940)	-	(18,516,940)		
		329,281	329,281		
		329,281	329,281		
	(18,516,940)	329,281	(18,187,659)		
General Revenues					
Taxes					
Property	2,498,529		2,498,529		
Replacement	17,596	-	17,596		
Telecommunications	256,249	-	256,249		
Utility	1,022,208	-	1,022,208		
Amusement	104,378	-	104,378		
Hotel/motel	91,462	-	91,462		
Road and bridge	255,608	-	255,608		
Video gaming	328,737	-	328,737		
Cannabis	34,666	-	34,666		
Local gas	215,381	-	215,381		
	,	-	744,439		
Food and beverage Intergovernmental	744,439	-	744,439		
Income tax	3,603,522		3,603,522		
Sales	7,393,220	-	7,393,220		
Local use	819,684	-	819,684		
Grants	175,216	_	175,216		
Investment income	1,175,509	180,585	1,356,094		
Gain on sale of capital assets	1,175,309	100,303	16,800		
Miscellaneous	202,460	70,747	273,207		
Miscenaneous	202,400	70,747	213,201		
Total	18,955,664	251,332	19,206,996		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	438,724	580,613	1,019,337		
NET POSITION, MAY 1	6,414,235	10,548,134	16,962,369		
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 6,852,959	\$ 11,128,747	\$ 17,981,706		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2024

		General	In	Capital approvements]	Nonmajor		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,647,160	\$	15,956,914	\$	1,963,403	\$	22,567,477
Receivables (net, where applicable,								
of allowances for uncollectibles)								
Property taxes		2,486,841		-		-		2,486,841
Intergovernmental		2,046,280		-		79,164		2,125,444
Leases		2,304,793		-		-		2,304,793
Other		2,313,306		247,904		-		2,561,210
Prepaid items		60,252		-		-		60,252
Inventory		39,314		-		-		39,314
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	13,897,946	\$	16,204,818	\$	2,042,567	\$	32,145,331
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	538,496	\$	435,460	\$	72,330	\$	1,046,286
Accrued payroll	Ψ	176,525	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	176,525
Deposits payable		33,253		-		-		33,253
Total liabilities		748,274		435,460		72,330		1,256,064
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable property taxes		2,486,841		_		_		2,486,841
Deferred inflow - leases		2,182,607		-		-		2,182,607
Other unavailable revenue		<u> </u>		247,904		-		247,904
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,669,448		247,904		-		4,917,352
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		5,417,722		683,364		72,330		6,173,416
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable								
Inventory		39,314		-		-		39,314
Prepaid items		60,252		-		-		60,252
Restricted								
Special service area		-		-		22,847		22,847
Storm sewer		-		-		40,783		40,783
Public safety		132,745		-		219,600		352,345
Highways and streets		-		-		1,687,007		1,687,007
Unrestricted								
Assigned								
Capital improvements		-		15,521,454		-		15,521,454
Insurance		1,146,592		-		-		1,146,592
Subsequent years budget		690,168		-		-		690,168
Unassigned General fund		6,411,153		-		-		6,411,153
Total fund balances		8,480,224		15,521,454		1,970,237		25,971,915
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		0,100,227		10,021,707		1,7 , 0,23 /		20,711,713
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	13,897,946	\$	16,204,818	\$	2,042,567	\$	32,145,331

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 25,971,915
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	7,258,076
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds Compensated absences payable	(988,890)
	(500,050)
Other long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds	247,904
Net pension liability for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is shown as a liability on the statement of net position	(440,172)
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are recognized as deferred	
outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position	932,334
Net pension liability for the Police Pension Fund is shown as a liability on the statement of net position	(29,669,653)
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, and net differences between projected and actual earnings for the Police Pension Fund are recognized as deferred outflows	
and inflows of resources on the statement of net position	4,863,945
Total other postemployment benefit plan liability is shown as a liability on the statement of net position	(1,238,712)
Differences between expected and actual experiences and assumption changes for the other postemployment benefit plan are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net	
position	 (83,788)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,852,959

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	In	Capital aprovements	ľ	Nonmajor	Total
			<u> </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 5,479,188	\$	85,011	\$	5,054	\$ 5,569,253
Licenses and permits	1,056,002		-		-	1,056,002
Intergovernmental	12,103,432		359,162		1,022,338	13,484,932
Charges for services	506,076		-		-	506,076
Investment income	261,570		826,275		87,664	1,175,509
Miscellaneous	 238,381		-		-	238,381
Total revenues	 19,644,649		1,270,448		1,115,056	22,030,153
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	2,403,835		-		-	2,403,835
Highways and streets	3,909,028		55,793		818,312	4,783,133
Public safety	9,340,379		-		112,613	9,452,992
Capital outlay	-		5,349,117		31,477	5,380,594
Debt service						
Principal	-		110,000		-	110,000
Interest and fiscal charges	 -		2,420		-	2,420
Total expenditures	 15,653,242		5,517,330		962,402	22,132,974
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	3,991,407		(4,246,882)		152,654	(102,821)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	_		5,700,000		_	5,700,000
Transfers (out)	(5,700,000)		-		_	(5,700,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	16,800		-		-	16,800
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,683,200)		5,700,000		-	16,800
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,691,793)		1,453,118		152,654	(86,021)
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1	9,169,064		14,068,336		1,817,583	25,054,983
Prior period adjustment	 1,002,953		-		-	1,002,953
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1 (RESTATED)	 10,172,017		14,068,336		1,817,583	26,057,936
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 8,480,224	\$	15,521,454	\$	1,970,237	\$ 25,971,915

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (86,021)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	2,257,515
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g., depreciation) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(645,902)
Revenues in the statement of activities that are not available in governmental funds are not reported as revenue in governmental funds until received	(38,275)
The repayment of the principal portion long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstandingin the statement of activities	110,000
The change in accrued interest payable on long-term debt is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	934
The change in compensated absences payable is shown as an expense on the statement of activities	(77,665)
The change in the net pension liability for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is reported only in the statement of activities	939,621
The change in deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is reported only in the statement of activities	(367,791)
The change in the net pension liability for the Police Pension Fund is reported only in the statement of activities	(1,643,974)
The change in deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the Police Pension Fund is reported only in the statement of activities	(59,311)
The change in the total other postemployment benefit liability is reported only in the statement of activities	68,829
The change in deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the other postemployment benefit plan is reported only in the statement of activities	 (19,236)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 438,724

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities Water Operations
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,646,565
Receivables (net, where applicable,	\$ 3,040,303
of allowances for uncollectibles)	
Water - billed	613
Water - unbilled	1,420,089
Other	680,511
Prepaid items	657
repaid items	
Total current assets	5,748,435
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Capital assets	
Assets not being depreciated	100,000
Assets being depreciated	
Cost	20,997,972
Accumulated depreciation	(12,490,161)
Net capital assets being depreciated	8,507,811
Total noncurrent assets	8,607,811
Total assets	14,356,246
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unamortized loss on refunding	40,632
Pension items - IMRF	375,733
Pension items - OPEB	29,386
Total deferred outflows of resources	445,751
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	14,801,997

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities Water Operations
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 434,828
Accrued payroll	16,222
Accrued interest payable	28,274
Bonds payable	610,000
Compensated absences payable	10,992
Total OPEB liability	18,134
Total current liabilities	1,118,450
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	
Bonds payable	2,101,936
Compensated absences payable	62,285
Net pension liability	174,644
Total OPEB liability	167,255
Total long-term liabilities	2,506,120
Total liabilities	3,624,570
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension items - IMRF	5,818
Pension items - OPEB	42,862
Total deferred inflows of resources	48,680
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	3,673,250
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	5,936,507
Unrestricted	5,192,240
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 11,128,747

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities Water Operations
OPERATING REVENUES	
Water sales	\$ 7,816,490
Inspections/tap on/permits	11,681
Sale of meters	3,468
Other water sales	24,425
Total operating revenues	7,856,064
OPERATING EXPENSES	
EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION	007.020
Personnel services	805,820
Materials and supplies	1,030,319
Contractual services	5,066,842
Total operating expenses excluding	
depreciation	6,902,981
OPERATING INCOME BEFORE	
DEPRECIATION	953,083
Depreciation	525,511
OPERATING INCOME	427,572
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	180,585
Miscellaneous income	70,747
Interest expense	(98,291)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	153,041
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	580,613
NET POSITION, MAY 1	10,548,134
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 11,128,747

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities Water Operations
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 7,840,084
Payments to suppliers	(6,159,083)
Payments to employees	(1,046,308)
Net cash from operating activities	634,693
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES None	
None	
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of capital assets	(683,407)
Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges	(590,000) (102,804)
Interest and fiscal charges	(102,804)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(1,376,211)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	180,585
Net cash from investing activities	180,585
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND	
CASH EQUIVALENTS	(560,933)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1	4,207,498
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	\$ 3,646,565
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income	\$ 427,572
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	
to net cash from operating activities Depreciation	525,511
Changes in assets and liabilities	323,311
Accounts receivable	(15,980)
Prepaids	(657)
Accounts payable	(61,265)
Accrued payroll Compensated absences payable	(5,534) (335)
Net pension liability - IMRF	(226,879)
Net pension liability - OPEB	(7,740)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 634,693
NONCACH TRANCACTIONS	
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS Change in IRMA receivable	\$ (70,747)
Change in Irdin (1000) table	ψ (/0,/4/)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

April 30, 2024

	Pension Trust Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 326,280
Investments held in the Illinois Police	
Officers' Pension Investment Fund	35,426,025
Prepaid items	530
Total assets	35,752,835
LIABILITIES	
Benefits payable	2,860
Total liabilities	2,860
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$ 35,749,975

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

ADDITIONS		
Contributions	_	
Employer	\$	2,393,656
Employee		374,839
Total contributions		2,768,495
Investment income		
Net appreciation in fair		
value of investments		2,954,758
Interest		248,323
Total investment income		3,203,081
Less investment expense		(24,755)
Net investment income		3,178,326
Total additions		5,946,821
DEDUCTIONS		
Pension benefits		3,020,824
Administrative expenses		49,759
Total deductions		3,070,583
NET INCREASE		2,876,238
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS		
May 1		32,873,737
April 30	\$	35,749,975

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Darien, Illinois (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by a seven-member council consisting of seven aldermen and the mayor. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

The City's financial statements include one fiduciary component unit.

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The City's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary, and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The City and PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Accordingly, the PPERS is fiscally dependent on the City. Separate financial statements are not available for the PPERS. PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

b. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to report on its financial position and the changes in its financial position. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain city functions or activities.

b. Fund Accounting (Continued)

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the City's general activities. Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the City (internal service funds).

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments. The City utilizes pension trust funds which are generally used to account for assets that the City holds in fiduciary capacity or on behalf of others as their agent.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for all restricted, committed, or assigned resources used for the acquisition of general capital assets including infrastructure capital assets.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water Operations Fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, financing and related debt service, and billing and collections.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

The Police Pension Fund accounts for the activities of the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by members at rates fixed by state statutes and by the City which uses the annual property tax levy to fund the employer contribution.

- 20 -

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues and expenses are directly attributable to the operation of the proprietary funds. Non-operating revenue/expenses are incidental to the operations of these funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales taxes, and telecommunications taxes which use a 90-day period. The City recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when due.

Sales taxes owed to the state at year end; franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Income and motor fuel taxes and fines collected and held by the state or county at year end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues (i.e., federal and state grants), the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidelines. Monies that are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, which are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports unearned and unavailable/deferred revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or period intended to finance criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the government before it has legal claim to them as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue and the deferred inflows of resources for unavailable/deferred revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

City investments with a maturity of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost or amortized cost. City investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased and all pension fund investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

f. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

g. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund inventories, if any, are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

h. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report, if any, are recorded as prepaid items and are recognized on the consumption method.

i. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and storm sewers), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$50,000 for machinery, equipment, and vehicles, \$100,000 for building improvements, \$100,000 for buildings, \$200,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, and any amount for land. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25-50
Building improvements	8-25
Land improvements	15-35
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	5-20
Infrastructure - streets	25-50
Waterworks and sewage system	25

j. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacations must be taken in the year following the one in which it was earned. Unused vacation time is not allowed to be carried over to the subsequent year without approval. Sick leave may be accumulated for future use.

j. Compensated Absences (Continued)

City employees may accrue up to 120 or 150 hours depending on the employment classification. The City's policy allows for a bonus to be paid for those employees who have not used sick days in the given year. Accumulated amounts are paid out at retirement at a rate of 50% of the employee's current hourly salary rate.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it once retirement or separation has occurred. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave of proprietary funds and governmental activities are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

k. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as expense during the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

1. Fund Balances/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the City Council, which is considered the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the City Council. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the City Administrator. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund or any deficit fund balance in other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

1. Fund Balances/Net Position (Continued)

The City has not adopted a flow of funds policy and, therefore, applies the flow of funds from GASB Statement No. 54, which prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the City considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds. For net position, restricted funds are spent first then unrestricted funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets represents the City's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital asset.

None of the restricted net position or restricted fund balance results from enabling legislation adopted by the City.

m. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

n. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

- 25 -

o. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City and pension fund categorize the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City did not have any investments subject to fair value measurement at April 30, 2024.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the pension trust funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, cash and investments are separately held by several of the City's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust funds are held separately from those of other funds.

a. City Deposits and Investments

The City's investment policy authorizes the City to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, The Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value), and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET).

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a. City Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than fair value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

IMET is a local government investment pool. Created in 1996 as a not-for-profit trust formed under the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act and the Illinois Municipal Code. IMET was formed to provide Illinois government agencies with safe, liquid, attractive alternatives for investing and is managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET offers participants two separate vehicles to meet their investment needs. The IMET Convenience Fund (CVF) is designed to accommodate funds requiring high liquidity, including short term cash management programs and temporary investment of bond proceeds. It is comprised of collateralized and FHLB LoC backed bank deposits, FDIC insured certificates of deposit and U.S. Government securities. Member withdrawals are generally on the same day as requested. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold.

It is the policy of the City to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, liquidity, and yield.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance. The investment policy does not address how collateral is held. The City's deposits are insured through a letter of credit in the City's name.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a. City Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City does not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The City limits its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities listed above; pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the City will do business in accordance with the City's investment policy; diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized. The Illinois Funds and IMET are rated Aaa.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the City's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by an independent third-party custodian and evidenced by safekeeping receipts.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the City has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk.

The investments shall be diversified by:

- Limiting investments to avoid over concentration in securities from a specific issuer or business sector (excluding U.S. Treasury securities);
- Limiting investment in securities that have higher credit risks;
- Investing in securities with varying maturities; and
- Continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds such as local government investment pools (LGIPs), money market funds, or overnight repurchase agreements to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained in order to meet ongoing obligations.

59

3. RECEIVABLES

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes for 2023 attached as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2023, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2024, and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2024 and September 1, 2024. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy, to reflect actual collection experience. As the 2023 tax levy is intended to fund expenditures for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, these taxes are unavailable/deferred as of April 30, 2024.

The 2024 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2024, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2024 as the tax has not yet been levied by the City and will not be levied until December 2024 and, therefore, the levy is not measurable at April 30, 2024.

b. Due from Other Governments and Other Receivables

			Motor Fuel		Capital		
	General		Tax Fund		Improvements		Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Intergovernmental							
Sales tax	\$	1,752,349	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,752,349
Local use tax		200,263		_	-		200,263
Motor fuel tax		-		79,164	-		79,164
Telecommunications tax		63,700		-	-		63,700
Video gaming tax		29,458		-	-		29,458
Other tax receivable		510		-			510
Total intergovernmental		2,046,280		79,164	-		2,125,444
Other receivables							
Hotel/motel tax		7,055		-	-		7,055
Amusement tax		9,067		-	-		9,067
Utility tax		83,758		-	-		83,758
Food/beverage tax		63,284		-	-		63,284
IRMA		1,146,592		-	-		1,146,592
IPBC		853,524		-	-		853,524
Economic incentives		-		-	247,904		247,904
Accounts		111,291		-	-		111,291
Other		38,735		-	_		38,735
Total other receivables		2,313,306		-	247,904		2,561,210
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	4,359,586	\$	79,164	\$ 247,904	\$	4,686,654
110111111111111111111111111111111111111	Ψ	1,557,500	Ψ	77,104	Ψ 2-1,70-1	Ψ	1,000,054

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balances May 1	Increases	Decreases	Balances April 30
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 819,529	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 819,529
			,	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	819,529	-	-	819,529
-				
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	5,700,539	110,172	-	5,810,711
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	4,165,668	1,472,742	126,540	5,511,870
Infrastructure	12,871,140	674,601	=	13,545,741
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	22,737,347	2,257,515	126,540	24,868,322
T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
Less accumulated depreciation for	2.747.020	124.010		2 001 040
Buildings and improvements	3,747,030	134,918	126.540	3,881,948
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	2,428,470	329,941	126,540	2,631,871
Infrastructure	11,734,913	181,043		11,915,956
Total accumulated depreciation	17,910,413	645,902	126,540	18,429,775
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	4,826,934	1,611,613	-	6,438,547
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	h # -1	.	Φ.	A. F. 2.F. 2. F. 2
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 5,646,463	\$ 1,611,613	\$ -	\$ 7,258,076

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
General government	\$	60,224
Public safety		166,849
Highways and streets	-	418,829
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	645,902

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balances May 1	Increases	Decreases	Balances April 30
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	100,000			100,000
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	7,057,202 668,966 12,588,397	683,407	- - -	7,057,202 1,352,373 12,588,397
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,314,565	683,407	<u>-</u>	20,997,972
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	4,770,902 212,632 6,981,116	139,536 68,139 317,836	- - -	4,910,438 280,771 7,298,952
Total accumulated depreciation	11,964,650	525,511		12,490,161
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8,349,915	157,896	-	8,507,811
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 8,449,915	\$ 157,896	\$ -	\$ 8,607,811

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health; natural disasters; illnesses of employees; and injuries to the City's employees.

Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency

The City participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in northeastern Illinois that have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperations Statute to pool their risk management needs. IRMA administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extension risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (Continued)

The City's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. Each member assumes the first \$2,500 of each occurrence, and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts above that level.

Each member appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the member on the Board of Directors. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of IRMA beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Initial contributions are determined each year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA and experience modification factors based on past member loss experience. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits. The City is aware of no additional contributions due to IRMA as of April 30, 2024.

Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative

The City participates in the Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC). IPBC is a public entity risk pool established by certain units of local government in Illinois to administer some or all of the personnel benefit programs (primarily medical, dental, and life insurance coverage) offered by these members to their officers and employees and to the officers and employees of certain governmental, quasi governmental, and nonprofit public service entities.

The IPBC receives, processes, and pays such claims as may come within the benefit program of each member. Management consists of a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed representative from each member. In addition, there are two officers; a Benefit Administrator and a Treasurer. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the IPBC beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

a. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

a. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

A summary of changes in long-term debt reported in the governmental activities of the City for the year ended April 30, 2024 is as follows:

Governmental Activities

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Balances May 1	Issuances	Retirements	Balances April 30	Due Within One Year
\$1,360,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 are due in annual installments (beginning January 1, 2017) ranging from \$110,000 to \$185,000 with interest from 1.25% to 2.20%. The last payment due is January 1, 2024.	Capital Improvement	\$ 110,000	\$ -	\$ 110,000	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL BONDED DEBT		\$ 110,000	\$ -	\$ 110,000	\$ -	\$ -
Business-Type Activities						
Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Balances May 1	Issuances	Retirements	Balances April 30	Due Within One Year
\$2,810,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 are due in annual installments (beginning December 15, 2012) ranging from \$20,000 to \$290,000 with interest from 2.00% to 3.50%. The last payment is due on December 15, 2025.	Water	\$ 850,000	\$ -	\$ 275,000	\$ 575,000	\$ 285,000
\$3,500,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018 are due in annual installments (beginning January 1, 2020) ranging from \$210,000 to \$375,000 with interest of 3%. The last payment is due on January 1, 2030.	Water	2,405,000		315,000	2,090,000	325,000
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE BONDED DEBT		\$ 3,255,000	\$ -	\$ 590,000	\$ 2,665,000	\$ 610,000

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

b. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

·		Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal		General Obligation Bonds					
Year	<u>P</u> :	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	610,000	\$	82,825	\$	692,825	
2026		620,000		63,100		683,100	
2027		340,000		43,050		383,050	
2028		355,000		32,850		387,850	
2029		365,000		22,200		387,200	
2030		375,000		11,250		386,250	
TOTAL	\$ 2	,665,000	\$	255,275	\$ 2	2,920,275	

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during fiscal year 2024:

	 Balances May 1	Additions	R	Reductions	Balances April 30	 ue Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General obligation bonds Compensated absences payable* Total OPEB liability* Net pension liability*	\$ 110,000 911,225 1,307,541 29,405,472	\$ 214,349 - 1,643,974	\$	110,000 136,684 68,829 939,621	\$ 988,890 1,238,712 30,109,825	\$ 148,334 120,393
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 31,734,238	\$ 1,858,323	\$	1,255,134	\$ 32,337,427	\$ 268,727
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES General obligation bonds Unamortized bond premium Compensated absences payable Total OPEB liability Net pension liability	\$ 3,255,000 65,007 73,612 196,131 547,446	\$ - - 10,707 - -	\$	590,000 18,071 11,042 10,742 372,802	\$ 2,665,000 46,936 73,277 185,389 174,644	\$ 610,000 - 10,992 18,134
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,137,196	\$ 10,707	\$	1,002,657	\$ 3,145,246	\$ 639,126

^{*}The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate these long-term liabilities.

7. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Transfers between funds at April 30, 2024 consist of the following:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out		
General Capital Improvements	\$ - 5,700,000	\$ 5,700,000		
TOTAL	\$ 5,700,000	\$ 5,700,000		

The purpose of significant transfers in/out is as follows:

• \$5,700,000 transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Improvements Fund for capital projects. This transfer will not be repaid.

8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a. Litigation

The City is not aware of any pending or threatening litigation.

b. DuPage Water Commission

The City's water supply agreement with the DuPage Water Commission (the Commission) provides that each customer is liable for its proportionate share of any costs arising from defaults in payment obligations by other customers.

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The City contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system; and the Police Pension Plan, which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions for both plans are governed by ILCS and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from IMRF, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 or at IMRF.org. The Police Pension Plan does not issue a separate report.

a. Plan Descriptions

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Administration

All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2023, IMRF membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	65
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	57
Active employees	36
- •	
TOTAL	158

Benefits Provided

All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions are established by state statute.

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual salary to IMRF. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024 was 6.68% of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date December 31, 2023

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Assumptions

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.85% to 13.75%

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Asset valuation method Fair value

68

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108.0%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% at December 31, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	(a) Total Pension Liability	(b) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(a) - (b) Net Pension Liability (Asset)
BALANCES AT			
JANUARY 1, 2023	\$25,563,026	\$ 23,635,787	\$ 1,927,239
Changes for the period			
Service cost	258,081	-	258,081
Interest	1,823,742	-	1,823,742
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	40,548	-	40,548
Changes in assumptions	432	-	432
Employer contributions	-	196,387	(196,387)
Employee contributions	_	135,751	(135,751)
Net investment income	-	2,590,500	(2,590,500)
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,074,020)	(1,074,020)	-
Other (net transfer)	-	512,588	(512,588)
Net changes	1,048,783	2,361,206	(1,312,423)
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	\$ 26,611,809	\$ 25,996,993	\$ 614,816

There were changes in assumptions related to the mortality rates compared to the previous valuation.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense (income) of \$(603,799).

At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Contributions made after measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	21,530 229 53,052 1,247,922	\$	20,484
TOTAL	\$	1,322,733	\$	20,484

\$53,052 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$ 117,043 425,855 883,344 (177,045)
TOTAL	\$ 1,249,197

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate		1	% Increase		
	(6.25%)			(7.25%)		(8.25%)		
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,580,096	\$	614,816	\$	(1,713,376)		

Police Pension Plan

Plan Administration

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

The plan is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees. Two members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the City's Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries, and two members are elected by active police employees.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Membership

At April 30, 2024, membership consisted of:

Inactive plan members currently receiving	
benefits	34
Inactive plan members entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	13
Active plan members	35
TOTAL	82

Benefits Provided

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum

- 42 -

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year.

Contributions

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan, including the costs of administering the plan, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the City has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan. However, the City has decided to fund 100% of the past service cost by 2040. For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City's contribution was 63.28% of covered payroll.

Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund

The Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund (IPOPIF) is an investment trust fund responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate police pension funds. IPOPIF was created by Public Act 101-0610 and codified within the Illinois Pension Code, becoming effective January 1, 2020, to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds as defined in 40 ILCS 5/22B-105. Participation in IPOPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate police pension funds is mandatory.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Investment Policy

IPOPIF's investment policy was originally adopted by the Board of Trustees on December 17, 2021. IPOPIF has the authority to invest trust fund assets in any type of security subject to the requirements and restrictions set forth in the Illinois Pension Code and is not restricted by the Pension Code sections that pertain exclusively to the Article 3 participating police pension funds. IPOPIF shall be subject to the provisions of the Illinois Pension Code including, but not limited to, utilization of emerging investment managers and utilization of businesses owned by minorities, women and persons with disabilities.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The plan retains all of its available cash with two financial institutions. Available cash is determined to be that amount which is required for the current expenditures of the plan. The excess of available cash is required to be transferred to IPOPIF for purposes of the long-term investment for the plan.

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fund's investment policy does not require pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance since flow-through FDIC insurance is available for the police pension funds deposits with financial institutions.

Investments

Investments of the plan are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IPOPIF. A schedule of investment expenses is included in IPOPIF's annual report. For additional information on IPOPIF's investments, please refer to their annual report. A copy of that report can be obtained from IPOPIF at 456 Fulton Street, Suite 402, Peoria, IL 61602 or at www.ipopif.org.

- 44 -

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement

The plan categorizes fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The equity mutual funds are valued using quoted prices (Level 1 inputs). The negotiable certificates of deposits are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs). The Plan held no investments subject to fair value measurement at April 30, 2024.

Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the plan's pooled investment in IPOPIF was \$35,426,025 at April 30, 2024. The pooled investments consist of the investments as noted in the target allocation table below. Investments in IPOPIF are valued at IPOPIF's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold. There are no unfunded commitments at April 30, 2024. The plan may redeem shares with a seven calendar day notice. IPOPIF may, at its sole discretion and based on circumstances, process redemption requests with fewer than a seven calendar day notice. Regular redemptions of the same amount on a particular day of the month may be arranged with IPOPIF.

Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments as calculated by the Fund's Treasurer, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.70%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for changing amounts actually invested.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

(a) Total Pension Liability	(b) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(a) - (b) Net Pension Liability
\$ 60,899,416	\$ 32,873,737	\$ 28,025,679
010 124		771 707
*	-	771,797 4,045,786
4,214,370	_	4,043,780
877,983	_	515,608
1,629,349	-	, -
-	-	-
-	2,393,656	(2,393,656)
-	374,839	(374,839)
-	3,178,326	(3,178,326)
(3,020,824)	(3,020,824)	-
	(49,759)	49,759
4,520,212	2,876,238	1,643,974
\$ 65,419,628	\$ 35.749.975	\$ 29,669,653
	Total Pension Liability \$ 60,899,416 819,134 4,214,570 877,983 1,629,349 (3,020,824) -	Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position \$ 60,899,416 \$ 32,873,737 \$ 819,134 - 4,214,570 - 877,983 - 2,393,656 - 374,839 - 3,178,326 (3,020,824) - (49,759) 4,520,212 2,876,238

There were changes in assumptions related to the interest rate compared to the previous valuation.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date April 30, 2024

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Assumptions

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Service-based

Interest rate 6.8%

Asset valuation method Fair value

Mortality rates were based on PubS-2010 Employee mortality, projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019. 10% of active deaths are assumed to be in the line of duty for active lives. PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree mortality, projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019 for inactive lives. PubS-2010 Survivor mortality, projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019 for beneficiaries. PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, projected five years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019 for disabled lives.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.8%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

		Current						
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate		% Increase			
		(5.8%)	(6.8%)		(7.8%)			
Net pension liability	\$	38,847,761	\$ 29,669,653	\$	22,168,428			

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized police pension expense of \$4,096,943. At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	2,174,208 1,357,790	\$	- 79,692
on pension plan investments		1,411,639		_
TOTAL	\$	4,943,637	\$	79,692

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending	
April 30,	
2025	\$ 1,135,507
2026	2,152,367
2027	917,840
2028	240,342
2029	417,889
Thereafter	
TOTAL	\$ 4,863,945

10. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City rebates sales taxes to recruit, retain, or improve local business facilities or their supporting public infrastructure under certain circumstances. The terms of these rebate arrangements are specified within written agreements with the businesses concerned. These agreements are authorized through formal approval by the City Council. There are no recapture provisions in the agreements.

The City entered into an agreement in April 2012 with a local business wherein the City will rebate up to a net present value of \$4,000,000 of incremental sales tax revenue, discounted at 8.15%. As of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, a liability of \$305,343 has been accrued and cumulative payments of \$2,181,456 have been made under this agreement.

The City entered into an agreement in February 2013 with a local business wherein the City will rebate up to \$750,000 of sales tax revenue over 11 years. As of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, a liability of \$68,000 has been accrued and cumulative payments of \$612,000 have been made under this agreement.

10. TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

The City entered into an agreement in September 2019 with a local business wherein the City has agreed to support capital improvements up to \$366,000. Upon completion of the projects of the local business, the City will record a lien against the subject property in the amount of \$366,000. The loan is to be repaid through annual installments based on increased project revenues with any remaining balance, if any, to be paid in full at the end of ten years. Enhanced project revenues are defined as 50% of the gross revenue generated by the virtual golf facility being installed as part of the project improvements, sales tax, amusement tax, food and beverage tax, and video gaming tax generated by the local business. As of the year ended April 30, 2021, the projects of the local business have been completed, the City has paid \$365,997 related to the agreement and recorded a receivable and deferred inflow for this amount. As of the year ended April 30, 2024, the related remaining receivable and deferred inflow was \$247,904.

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the City provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan (the Plan). The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and union contracts. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The Plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the Plan is reported in the City's governmental and business-type activities.

b. Benefits Provided

The City provides the opportunity for retirees, their spouses and dependents (enrolled at time of employee's retirement) to participate in the City's health insurance plan for pre and post-Medicare postretirement health insurance. To be eligible for benefits, the employee must qualify for retirement under one of the City's three retirement plans. An implicit benefit is provided due to the retirees paying 100% of the actuarially determined premium to the plan. Pursuant to the Illinois Public Safety Employee Benefits Act, the City provides health insurance to any sworn police employee (their spouses and dependents) who suffers a catastrophic injury or is killed in the line of duty. The City is responsible for paying the entire actuarially determined contribution to the plan. Upon a retiree becoming eligible for Medicare, the amount payable under the City's health plan will be reduced by the amount payable under Medicare for those expenses that are covered under both.

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

c. Membership

At April 30, 2023 (most recent data available), membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	14
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	69
TOTAL	83

d. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,424,101 was measured as of April 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2023.

The total OPEB liability at April 30, 2024, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2023 actuarial valuation, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward by the actuary using updating procedures to April 30, 2024, including updating the discount rate at April 30, 2024, as noted in the table below.

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Actuarial value of assets	N/A
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	4.00%
Discount rate	4.42%
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.50% Initial to 4.50% Ultimate

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High-Grade Rate Index as of April 30, 2024.

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

f. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
BALANCES AT MAY 1, 2023	\$ 1,503,672
Changes for the period	
Service cost	24,999
Interest	59,386
Difference between expected	
and actual experience	-
Changes of assumption	(25,529)
Benefit payments	(138,427)
Other changes	
Net changes	(79,571)
BALANCES AT APRIL 30, 2024	\$ 1,424,101

Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2024.

g. Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate. The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 4.42% as well as what the City total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.42%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.42%) than the current rate:

		Current						
	19	1% Decrease (3.42%)		Discount Rate (4.42%)		% Increase		
						(5.42%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,518,692	\$	1,424,101	\$	1,338,626		

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

g. Rate Sensitivity (Continued)

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the healthcare rate of 5.50% to 4.50% as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.50% to 3.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.50% to 5.50%) than the current rate:

	Current								
		6 Decrease		ealthcare Rate	1% Increase				
	(4.50% to 3.50%)			50% to 4.50%)	(6.50% to 5.50%)				
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,325,125	\$	1,424,101	\$	1,536,498			

h. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$81,093. At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	59,034 168,268	\$	119,491 205,075
TOTAL	\$	227,302	\$	324,566

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	
2025	\$ (3,293)
2026	(3,293)
2027	(6,838)
2028	(18,789)
2029	(43,523)
Thereafter	(21,528)
TOTAL	\$ (97,264)

12. LESSOR DISCLOSURES

The City entered a lease agreement in April 2010, to lease space on a cell tower for the placement of cellular communications equipment. Payments ranging from \$2,645 to \$4,023 are due to the City in monthly installments, through September 2039. The lease agreement is noncancelable and maintains an interest rate of 3.22%.

The City entered a lease agreement in December 2001, to lease space on a cell tower for the placement of cellular communications equipment. Payments of \$2,980 to \$3,069 are due to the City in monthly installments, through May 2023. The lease agreement is noncancelable and maintains an interest rate of 2.01%.

The City entered a lease agreement in July 2003, to lease space on a cell tower for the placement of cellular communications equipment. Payments of \$3,144 to \$3,238 are due to the City in monthly installments, through June 2023. The lease agreement is noncancelable and maintains an interest rate of 2.01%.

The City entered a lease agreement in October 2007, to lease space on a cell tower for the placement of cellular communications equipment. Payments of \$2,645 to \$3,498 are due to the City in monthly installments, through September 2032. The lease agreement is noncancelable and maintains an interest rate of 2.97%.

The City entered a lease agreement in July 2008, to lease space on a cell tower for the placement of cellular communications equipment. Payments of \$4,707 to \$6,225 are due to the City in monthly installments, through June 2033. The lease agreement is noncancelable and maintains an interest rate of 3.02%.

The City entered a lease agreement in February 2008, to lease space on a cell tower for the placement of cellular communications equipment. Payments of \$2,645 to \$3,042 are due to the City in monthly installments, through January 2033. The lease agreement is noncancelable and maintains an interest rate of 3.02%.

The City entered a lease agreement in January 2012, to lease space on a cell tower for the placement of cellular communications equipment. Payments of \$4,600 to \$6,084 are due to the City in monthly installments, through December 2036. The lease agreement is noncancelable and maintains an interest rate of 3.14%.

During the year, the City recognized lease revenue of \$211,715 and interest revenue of \$73,774 related to leases.

13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City made the following prior period adjustments as of May 1, 2023 to fund balance to correct the recognition of unavailable revenue in the General Fund:

	General Fund
FUND BALANCE - MAY 1, 2023 (AS REPORTED)	\$ 9,169,064
Correction of error - recognition of unavailable revenue	1,002,953
FUND BALANCE - MAY 1, 2023 (AS RESTATED)	\$ 10,172,017

Prel	lim	inary	and	.]	entat	tive	
For D	iscı	ussio	n Pu	ırı	oses	Onl	y

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

	riginal and inal Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 5,491,154	\$ 5,479,188	\$ (11,966)
Licenses, permits, and fees	943,476	1,056,002	112,526
Intergovernmental	10,601,781	12,103,432	1,501,651
Charges for services	410,825	506,076	95,251
Investment income	82,419	261,570	179,151
Miscellaneous	 20,000	238,381	218,381
Total revenues	 17,549,655	19,644,649	2,094,994
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	2,423,804	2,403,835	(19,969)
Highways and streets	4,597,683	3,909,028	(688,655)
Public safety	 10,095,823	9,340,379	(755,444)
Total expenditures	 17,117,310	15,653,242	(1,464,068)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	 432,345	3,991,407	3,559,062
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers (out)	-	(5,700,000)	(5,700,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 5,000	16,800	11,800
Total other financing sources (uses)	 5,000	(5,683,200)	(5,688,200)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 437,345	(1,691,793)	\$ (2,129,138)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		9,169,064	
Prior period adjustment		1,002,953	
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1 (RESTATED)		10,172,017	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$ 8,480,224	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Nine Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 194,909	\$ 243,149	\$ 339,888	\$ 349,021	\$ 263,481	\$ 278,630	\$ 403,827	\$ 329,704	\$ 335,289
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 194,909	243,149	339,888	349,021	263,481	278,630	403,827	329,704	335,289
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ -	\$ 							
Covered payroll	\$ 2,918,272	\$ 2,664,084	\$ 2,799,722	\$ 2,698,612	\$ 2,553,725	\$ 2,411,693	\$ 2,594,734	\$ 2,517,936	\$ 2,525,245
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.68%	9.13%	12.14%	12.93%	10.32%	11.55%	15.56%	13.09%	13.28%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior calendar year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 20 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.25% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 2.75% to 13.75% compounded annually, and inflation of 2.75%.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,406,164	\$ 2,114,355	\$ 2,097,211	\$ 1,905,149	\$ 1,714,350	\$ 1,618,878	1,456,052	\$ 1,412,529	\$ 1,200,005	\$ 1,196,027
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,393,656	2,113,126	2,114,384	1,920,922	1,728,465	1,634,019	1,468,691	1,421,243	1,209,939	1,205,560
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ 12,508	\$ 1,229	\$ (17,173)	\$ (15,773)	\$ (14,115)	\$ (15,141)	(12,639)	\$ (8,714)	\$ (9,934)	\$ (9,533)
Covered payroll	\$ 3,782,432	\$ 3,598,517	\$ 3,429,435	\$ 3,472,348	\$ 3,407,217	\$ 3,319,478	3,163,883	\$ 3,159,697	\$ 3,054,195	\$ 2,916,963
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	63.28%	58.72%	61.65%	55.32%	50.73%	49.23%	46.42%	44.98%	39.62%	41.33%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of May 1 of the prior fiscal year. Additional information from the actuarial valuation used to determine the current year contributions is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, 100% closed basis and the amortization period was 19 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market value; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.50% compounded annually, and postretirement benefit increases of 3% compounded annually (Tier 1) and an annual increase equal to the lesser of 3% per year or 1/2 the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the CPI-U.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Nine Calendar Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		2016	2015
WEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2016	2017	_	2010	2013
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY											
Service cost	\$	258,081	\$ 271,874	\$ 260,861	\$ 259,033	\$ 252,736	\$ 245,279	\$ 263,857	\$	278,904	\$ 286,420
Interest		1,823,742	1,765,414	1,694,105	1,638,949	1,542,957	1,425,656	1,428,582		1,382,894	1,327,546
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Differences between expected											
and actual experience		40,548	(134,220)	94,324	95,759	522,376	931,248	(372,485)		(320,532)	(169,723)
Changes of assumptions		432	-	-	(209,317)	-	597,080	(543,970)		(48,542)	24,074
Benefit payments, including refunds											
of member contributions		(1,074,020)	(1,109,298)	(1,033,133)	(1,016,000)	(978,377)	(880,787)	(730,617)		(720,046)	(681,770)
Net change in total pension liability		1,048,783	793,770	1,016,157	768,424	1,339,692	2,318,476	45,367		572,678	786,547
Total pension liability - beginning		25,563,026	24,769,256	23,753,099	22,984,675	21,644,983	19,326,507	19,281,140		18,708,462	17,921,915
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	26,611,809	\$ 25,563,026	\$ 24,769,256	\$ 23,753,099	\$ 22,984,675	\$ 21,644,983	\$ 19,326,507	\$	19,281,140	\$ 18,708,462
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION											
Contributions - employer	\$	196,387	\$ 275,316	\$ 366,906	\$ 346,481	\$ 229,398	\$ 397,939	\$ 314,655	\$	353,272	\$ 335,354
Contributions - member		135,751	127,358	126,036	136,129	114,445	112,439	111,740		115,595	114,576
Net investment income		2,590,500	(3,318,861)	4,038,485	3,079,354	3,478,060	(978,275)	2,968,029		1,126,831	80,704
Benefit payments, including refunds											
of member contributions		(1,074,020)	(1,109,298)	(1,033,133)	(1,016,000)	(978,377)	(880,787)	(730,617)		(720,046)	(681,770)
Other		512,588	(89,579)	10,553	(18,876)	267,292	566,121	(360,471)		84,073	18,009
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,361,206	(4,115,064)	3,508,847	2,527,088	3,110,818	(782,563)	2,303,336		959,725	(133,127)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	23,635,787	27,750,851	24,242,004	21,714,916	18,604,098	19,386,661	17,083,325		16,123,600	16,256,727
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	25,996,993	\$ 23,635,787	\$ 27,750,851	\$ 24,242,004	\$ 21,714,916	\$ 18,604,098	\$ 19,386,661	\$	17,083,325	\$ 16,123,600
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$	614,816	\$ 1,927,239	\$ (2,981,595)	\$ (488,905)	\$ 1,269,759	\$ 3,040,885	\$ (60,154)	\$	2,197,815	\$ 2,584,862

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		liminary a		
Plan fiduciary net position]	or E	Discussion	Pu	rposes Only
as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	97.69%	92.46%	112.04%	102.06%	94.48%	85.95%	100.3	1%	88.60%		86.18%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,801,522	\$ 2,753,152	\$ 2,800,808	\$ 2,696,354	\$ 2,543,208 \$	2,498,644 \$	2,483,	11 \$	2,568,770	\$	2,525,245
Employer's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	21.95%	70.00%	(106.45%)	(18.13%)	49.93%	121.70%	(2.4	2%)	85.56%		102.36%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes in assumptions for the discount rate were made in 2015 and 2016.

Changes in assumptions related to price inflation, salary increases, retirement age, and mortality rates were made in 2017.

Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2018.

Changes in assumptions related to salary rates, price inflation, retirement age, and mortality rates were made in 2020.

Changes in assumptions related to mortality rates were made in 2023.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE APRIL 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service cost	\$ 819,134 \$	771,797 \$	736,904 \$	789,351	\$ 730,885	\$ 685,980	\$ 730,502	\$ 797,055	754,785	\$ 688,515
Interest	4,214,570	4,045,786	3,821,893	3,642,965	3,486,465	3,270,691	3,168,022	2,970,623	2,938,342	2,599,067
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	114,024	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected										
and actual experience	877,983	515,608	1,622,868	842,706	245,106	(473,570)	274,605	202,447	(1,424,513)	(388,710)
Changes of assumptions	1,629,349	-	(159,382)	-	-	1,749,927	(576,498)	798,335	-	2,888,856
Contributions - buy back	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106,677	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions	(3,020,824)	(2,917,849)	(2,799,556)	(2,533,355)	(2,265,113)	(2,125,790)	(2,045,013)	(1,932,191)	(1,767,269)	(1,624,179)
Net change in total pension liability	4,520,212	2,415,342	3,222,727	2,741,667	2,311,367	3,107,238	1,551,618	2,942,946	501,345	4,163,549
Total pension liability - beginning	60,899,416	58,484,074	55,261,347	52,519,680	50,208,313	47,101,075	45,549,457	42,606,511	42,105,166	37,941,617
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 65,419,628 \$	6 60,899,416 \$	58,484,074 \$	55,261,347	\$ 52,519,680	\$ 50,208,313	\$ 47,101,075	\$ 45,549,457	8 42,606,511	\$ 42,105,166
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions - employer	\$ 2,393,656 \$	2,113,126 \$	2,114,384 \$	1,920,922	\$ 1,728,465	\$ 1,634,019	\$ 1,468,691	\$ 1,421,243	1,209,939	\$ 1,205,560
Contributions - member	374,839	356,613	339,857	327,973	329,449	319,775	295,483	313,126	308,852	302,058
Contributions - buy back	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106,677	-	-
Net investment income	3,178,326	622,935	(2,955,754)	7,317,078	369,394	1,738,762	1,789,255	1,982,144	(21,989)	1,604,934
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions	(3,020,824)	(2,917,849)	(2,799,556)	(2,533,355)	(2,265,113)	(2,125,790)	(2,045,013)	(1,932,191)	(1,767,269)	(1,624,179)
Administrative expense	(49,759)	(57,277)	(77,265)	(38,457)	(44,663)	(41,538)	(39,377)	(41,720)	(34,650)	(39,881)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2,876,238	117,548	(3,378,334)	6,994,161	117,532	1,525,228	1,469,039	1,849,279	(305,117)	1,448,492
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	32,873,737	32,756,189	36,134,523	29,140,362	29,022,830	27,497,602	26,028,563	24,179,284	24,484,401	23,035,909
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 35,749,975	32,873,737 \$	32,756,189 \$	36,134,523	\$ 29,140,362	\$ 29,022,830	\$ 27,497,602	\$ 26,028,563	5 24,179,284	\$ 24,484,401
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 29,669,653 \$	28,025,679 \$	25,727,885 \$	19,126,824	\$ 23,379,318	\$ 21,185,483	\$ 19,603,473	\$ 19,520,894	8 18,427,227	\$ 17,620,765

MEASUREMENT DATE APRIL 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	20	019	2018					<u> Fentative</u>
Plan fiduciary net position									For I)is	cussion F	ur	poses Only
as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.65%	53.98%	56.01%	65.39%	55.48%		57.80%	58.38%	57.14%		56.75%		58.15%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,782,432	\$ 3,598,517	\$ 3,429,435 \$	3,472,348 \$	3,407,217 \$	3,3	,319,478	\$ 3,163,883	\$ 3,159,697	\$	3,054,195	\$	2,916,963
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	784.41%	778.81%	750.21%	550.83%	686.17%	6	638.22%	619.60%	617.81%		603.34%		604.08%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

There was a change to actuarial assumptions in 2015 to reflect revised expectations with respect to mortality rates, disability rates, turnover rates, and retirement rates.

There was a change to actuarial assumptions in 2017 to reflect updated mortality assumptions to include a projection to the valuation date using Scale BB and the salary scale assumption was updated from a flat 5.50% to a servicegraded schedule.

There were changes in assumptions in 2018 for retirement, termination, and disability rate tables, salary increase rates, percentage of disabilities and deaths assumed to be in the line of duty.

There were changes in assumptions in 2019 to update the mortality rates to reflect the PubS-2010 tables.

There were changes in benefits in 2020 as required by PA-101-0610 (SB 1300).

There were changes in assumptions in 2022 for mortality, retirement, termination, and disability rate tables, and salary increase rates.

There were changes in assumptions in 2024 for the interest rate.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Six Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE APRIL 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY						
Service cost	\$ 24,999 \$	\$ 24,033 \$	45,786 \$	35,796 \$	34,033 \$	31,356
Interest	59,386	65,502	36,625	51,183	57,927	64,349
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	-	(161,367)	-	112,718	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(25,529)	190	(271,190)	192,854	64,557	91,892
Benefit payments	(138,427)	(140,944)	(192,632)	(181,532)	(149,437)	(162,002)
Other changes	-	-	-	-	284	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	(79,571)	(212,586)	(381,411)	211,019	7,364	25,595
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,503,672	1,716,258	2,097,669	1,886,650	1,879,286	1,853,691
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 1,424,101 \$	\$ 1,503,672 \$	1,716,258 \$	2,097,669 \$	1,886,650 \$	1,879,286
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,508,688 \$	\$ 6,258,006 \$	6,060,233 \$	5,827,503 \$	4,910,475 \$	5,460,822
Employer's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.88%	24.03%	28.32%	36.00%	38.42%	34.41%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate and mortality rates were made in 2021 and 2023.

Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2019, 2020, 2022, and 2024.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

Preliminary and Tentative For Discussion Purposes Only

CITY OF DARIEN, ILLINOIS

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.70%	2.08%	(8.10%)	24.83%	1.26%	6.41%	6.99%	8.30%	(0.09%)	6.90%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

April 30, 2024

BUDGETS

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental funds except as noted below. Budget amounts are as originally adopted by the City Council. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. As the City does not budget for its Storm Sewer or Federal Equitable Sharing Funds (it is not legally required to do so), budget to actual schedules are not presented.

Prior to April 30, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year of the General Fund and budgeted Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds.

The City is authorized to change budgeted amounts within any fund; however, revision must be approved by two-thirds of the members of the City Council. No revisions can be made increasing the budget unless funding is available for the purpose of the revision. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budget amounts between departments within any fund; however, the City Council must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - The General Fund was established to account for all revenues and expenditures which are not accounted for in other funds. This is the largest fund of the City, providing for the majority of the City's revenues, expenditures, and services. The General Fund is supported predominately with taxes, licenses, and fees. It funds the operations of the City's Police Department, Community Development Department, Mayor/City Council, Street Department, and Administration.

Capital Improvements Fund - The Capital Improvement Fund was established to account for the proceeds of the Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A and the expenditures for the related capital projects.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

				2024			
		riginal and				Variance Over	2023
	<u>Fi</u>	nal Budget		Actual		(Under)	Actual
TAXES							
Property taxes - current	\$	2,500,438	\$	2,408,464	\$	(91,974) \$	2,304,357
Road and bridge tax	Ψ	210,903	Ψ	255,608	Ψ	44,705	240,832
Municipal utility tax		1,137,393		1,022,208		(115,185)	1,241,867
Telecommunication tax		232,136		256,249		24,113	262,608
Amusement tax		70,555		104,378		33,823	93,399
Hotel/motel tax		81,720		91,462		9,742	85,597
Local gas tax		214,367		215,381		1,014	222,868
Food and beverage tax		711,243		744,439		33,196	731,250
Replacement tax		7,483		17,596		10,113	24,334
Cannabis use tax		34,201		34,666		465	34,655
Video gaming tax		290,715		328,737		38,022	313,989
vidoo gammig tax		270,713		320,737		30,022	313,707
Total taxes		5,491,154		5,479,188		(11,966)	5,555,756
LICENSES, PERMITS, AND FEES							
Business licenses		35,000		17,344		(17,656)	38,306
Liquor licenses		70,150		80,300		10,150	78,150
Contractors licenses		18,000		14,580		(3,420)	15,810
Court fines		125,000		132,255		7,255	137,586
Ordinance fines		23,646		24,950		1,304	32,275
Building permits and fees		35,000		127,120		92,120	305,201
Cable TV franchise fees		420,800		392,931		(27,869)	424,162
PEG fees AT&T		-		5,810		5,810	6,916
NICOR franchise fees		33,000		52,084		19,084	47,334
Public hearing fees		2,000		6,050		4,050	3,605
Elevator inspections		3,500		5,700		2,200	5,355
NSF check fee		-		105		105	105
Engineering fee reimbursements		74,000		67,585		(6,415)	85,937
DUI technology fines		3,500		12,357		8,857	11,817
Police special service		99,880		116,831		16,951	116,433
Total licenses, permits, and fees		943,476		1,056,002		112,526	1,308,992
INTERGOVERNMENTAL							
State income taxes		3,141,595		3,603,522		461,927	3,556,503
Local use tax		782,396		819,684		37,288	905,241
Sales tax		6,677,790		7,393,220		715,430	7,097,024
Drug forfeiture receipts		-		51,105		51,105	7,077,024
Grants		-		235,901		235,901	3,959
Total intergovernmental		10,601,781		12,103,432		1,501,651	11,570,248

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

			2024				
	Ori	ginal and			Variance Over	2023	
	Final Budget		Actual	(Under)		Actual	
CHARGES FOR SERVICES							
Towing fees	\$	51,600	\$ 57,500	\$	5,900 \$	81,500	
E-Citation fees		-	2,225		2,225	2,466	
Inspections/tapon/permits		-	, -		- -	75	
Sale of meters		-	-		-	377	
Police report/prints		5,000	5,915		915	4,465	
Rents		301,225	248,442		(52,783)	276,386	
Other reimbursements		50,000	101,509		51,509	113,376	
Residential concrete reimbursement		-	58,161		58,161	38,401	
Reimbursement - rear yard drain		-	25,179		25,179	49,647	
Maintenance - Reimbursable		-	2,349		2,349	-	
Mail box reimbursement		-	2,251		2,251	8,012	
Sales of wood chips		3,000	2,545		(455)	3,975	
Total charges for services		410,825	506,076		95,251	578,680	
INVESTMENT INCOME							
Investment income		82,419	261,570		179,151	209,510	
Total investment income	_	82,419	261,570		179,151	209,510	
MISCELLANEOUS							
Impact fees		_	250		250	375	
Reimbursement - Workers Comp		_	30,213		30,213	-	
Miscellaneous		20,000	207,918		187,918	23,412	
Total miscellaneous		20,000	238,381		218,381	23,787	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 1	17,549,655	\$ 19,644,649	\$	2,094,994 \$	19,246,973	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		2024				
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)	2023 Actual		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Administration						
Personnel services						
Salaries	\$ 398,226	\$ 410,568	\$ 12,342 \$	380,867		
Overtime	·	1,133	1,133	434		
Social Security	24,690	24,127	(563)	22,382		
Medicare	5,774	5,642	(132)	5,235		
IMRF	27,916	26,983	(933)	34,342		
Medical/life insurance	67,937	75,537	7,600	83,496		
Supplemental pensions	4,800	4,800	-	4,800		
Total personnel services	529,343	548,790	19,447	531,556		
Materials and supplies						
Dues and subscriptions	1,615	2,198	583	1,248		
Liability insurance	263,806	257,091	(6,715)	186,129		
Legal notices	2,200	2,238	38	2,307		
Maintenance - equipment	9,850	9,195	(655)	8,545		
Maintenance - equipment	1,000	1,498	498	1,645		
Postage/mailings	3,350	2,422	(928)	3,347		
Printing and forms	4,500	2,311	(2,189)	2,809		
Public relations	95,700	92,749	(2,951)	79,156		
Rent - equipment	2,500	1,500	(1,000)	1,500		
Supplies - office	8,000	7,936	(64)	7,068		
Supplies - other	500	-	(500)	24		
Training and education	1,500	175	(1,325)	-		
Travel/meetings	550	371	(179)	298		
Telephone	42,000	29,136	(12,864)	25,570		
Utilities	4,500	2,330	(2,170)	3,711		
Gas and oil	900	1,620	720	2,483		
Other		35,394	35,394	77		
Total materials and supplies	442,471	448,164	5,693	325,917		
Contractual services						
Audit	18,500	18,500	-	18,500		
Consulting/professional	425,253	407,757	(17,496)	340,556		
Contingency	10,000	7,503	(2,497)	636		
Janitorial services	23,150	21,053	(2,097)	20,062		
Total contractual services	476,903	454,813	(22,090)	379,754		
Capital outlay						
Equipment	5,000	11,637	6,637	30,130		
Total capital outlay	5,000	11,637	6,637	30,130		
Total administration	1,453,717	1,463,404	9,687	1,267,357		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		2024				
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)	2023 Actual		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)						
City Council						
Personnel services						
Salaries	\$ 42,750	\$ 42,750	\$ - \$	42,750		
Social Security	2,651	2,651		2,651		
Medicare	620	620	-	620		
Total personnel services	46,021	46,021	-	46,021		
Materials and supplies						
Board and commissions	1,500	896	(604)	739		
Cable operations	6,000	5,865	(135)	5,150		
Dues and subscriptions	26,450	20,660	(5,790)	26,248		
Public relations	1,300	1,761	461	243		
Training and education	3,500	-	(3,500)	100		
Travel/meetings	50	70	20	-		
Total materials and supplies	38,800	29,252	(9,548)	32,480		
Contractual services						
Consulting/professional	3,000	2,344	(656)	1,149		
Tolley contracts	600	-	(600)	135		
Total contractual services	3,600	2,344	(1,256)	1,284		
Total city council	88,421	77,617	(10,804)	79,785		
Community development						
Community development Personnel services						
Salaries	389,780	272.060	(15.920)	252 006		
	,	373,960	(15,820)	353,006		
Overtime	1,000	20.729	(1,000)	32		
Social Security	23,109	20,728	(2,381)	20,150		
Medicare IMRF	5,666 12.529	5,254	(412)	4,952		
Medical/life insurance	35,667	11,409 34,267	(1,120) (1,400)	14,363 36,545		
Supplemental pensions	2,400	2,400	(1,400)	2,400		
Total personnel services	470,151	448,018	(22,133)	431,448		
•	<u> </u>		, , ,			
Materials and supplies	4.400		222			
Boards and commissions	1,200	1,520	320	1,110		
Dues and subscriptions	2,500	295	(2,205)	10.505		
Liabilities insurance	23,000	22,825	(175)	13,595		
Maintenance - vehicles	500	4,851	4,351	-		
Printing and forms	565	814	249	302		
Postage and mailing	650	136	(514)	-		
Supplies - office	600	550	(50)	550		
Training and educational	500	-	(500)	25		
Travel/meetings Gas and oil	200 1,200	1,552	(200) 352	1,670		
Total materials and supplies	30,915	32,543	1,628	17,252		
rotar materials and supplies	50,913	34,343	1,020	11,434		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		2024		
		2024	Variance	
	Original and		Over	2023
	Final Budget	Actual	(Under)	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)				
Community development (Continued)				
Contractual services				
Economic development	\$ 428,000 \$	424,930 \$	(3,070) \$	408,743
Consulting/professional	134,600	125,753	(8,847)	66,575
Consulting/professional reimbursable	68,000	81,570	13,570	59,861
Consulting/professional reinfoursable	00,000	81,570	13,370	37,001
Total contractual services	630,600	632,253	1,653	535,179
Total community development	1,131,666	1,112,814	(18,852)	983,879
Subtotal general government	2,673,804	2,653,835	(19,969)	2,331,021
Less reimbursements from Water Fund	(250,000)	(250,000)	-	(250,000)
Total general government	2,423,804	2,403,835	(19,969)	2,081,021
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS				
Public works				
Personnel services				
Salaries	818,125	747,012	(71,113)	684,811
Overtime	100,000	77,510	(22,490)	94,823
Social Security	57,110	46,582	(10,528)	46,424
Medicare	13,356	11,182	(2,174)	11,267
IMRF	61,066	43,608	(17,458)	63,275
Unemployment insurance	-	-	-	-
Medical/life insurance	154,274	148,446	(5,828)	163,512
Supplemental pensions	2,400	2,400		2,400
Total personnel services	1,206,331	1,076,740	(129,591)	1,066,512
Materials and supplies				
Liability insurance	26,625	34,324	7.699	19,529
Maintenance - building	253,502	394,337	140,835	186,123
Maintenance - equipment	40,500	21,781	(18,719)	21,977
Maintenance - vehicles	130,000	85,253	(44,747)	127,128
Postage/mailings	750	410	(340)	447
Rent - equipment	47,700	37,432	(10,268)	9,896
Supplies - office	3,403	2,392	(1,011)	3,036
Supplies - other	267,165	131,396	(135,769)	117,484
Small tools and equipment	12,650	4,183	(8,467)	24,578
Training and education	32,400	2,247	(30,153)	1,959
Uniforms	10,346	7,769	(2,577)	5,228
Utilities	26,400	27,986	1,586	18,955
Gas and oil	96,790	61,269	(35,521)	71,303
Total materials and supplies	948,231	810,779	(137,452)	607,643

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

		2024	Variance		
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)	2023 Actual	
HICHWAYC AND CEDEETS (C., d.,					
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS (Continued) Public works (Continued)					
Contractual services					
Consulting/professional	\$ 10,750	\$ 4,458	\$ (6,292) \$	6,960	
Forestry	355,847	303,161	(52,686)	102,063	
Street light operation and maintenance	93,000	137,695	44,695	116,914	
Tree trim - removal	211,578	120,878	(90,700)	164,745	
Residential concrete program	· -	62,236	62,236	38,401	
Street sweeping	45,756	20,594	(25,162)	15,494	
Mosquito abatement	42,500	39,900	(2,600)	41,700	
Contingency	-	1,383	1,383	-	
Janitorial service	2,000	2,990	990	-	
Drainage projects	268,840	130,029	(138,811)	167,840	
Total contractual services	1,030,271	823,324	(206,947)	654,117	
Capital outlay					
Capital improvements	-	27,789	27,789	_	
Equipment	1,412,850	1,170,396	(242,454)	226,498	
Total capital outlay	1,412,850	1,198,185	(214,665)	226,498	
Total public works	4,597,683	3,909,028	(688,655)	2,554,770	
Total highways and streets	4,597,683	3,909,028	(688,655)	2,554,770	
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Police department					
Personnel services					
Salaries	514,803	520,820	6,017	461,119	
Salaries - officers	4,342,154	4,124,240	(217,914)	3,879,409	
Overtime	499,103	344,280	(154,823)	302,763	
Social Security	31,918	31,489	(429)	27,643	
Medicare	77,663	69,927	(7,736)	65,562	
IMRF	34,327	32,887	(1,440)	39,777	
Medical/life insurance	522,586	441,959	(80,627)	485,274	
Police pension	2,406,164	2,393,656	(12,508)	2,113,126	
Supplemental pensions	45,600	43,335	(2,265)	42,029	
Total personnel services	8,474,318	8,002,593	(471,725)	7,416,702	
Materials and supplies					
Animal control	1,200	3,705	2,505	915	
Auxiliary police	2,000	-	(2,000)	310	
Boards and commissions	31,250	27,879	(3,371)	9,879	
Dues and subscriptions	2,950	2,109	(841)	2,099	
Investigation and equipment	65,980	67,162	1,182	60,872	
Liability insurance	143,000	61,794	(81,206)	49,458	
Maintenance - building	-	76	76	102	
Maintenance - equipment	30,800	29,368	(1,432)	18,166	
Maintenance - vehicles	65,625	52,303	(13,322)	38,777	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	2024								
	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Over (Under)			2023 Actual	
PUBLIC SAFETY (Continued)									
Police department (Continued)									
Materials and supplies (Continued)									
Postage/mailings	\$	3,500	\$	1,608	\$	(1,892)	\$	2,405	
Printing and forms		1,500		367		(1,133)		848	
Public relations		3,500		1,621		(1,879)		3,573	
Rent - equipment		5,800		500		(5,300)		400	
Supplies - office		7,000		5,033		(1,967)		5,051	
Training and education		45,300		40,039		(5,261)		35,079	
Travel/meetings		21,550		5,130		(16,420)		5,157	
Telephone		16,600		12,898		(3,702)		12,501	
Uniforms		50,300		49,764		(536)		36,791	
Utilities		14,000		9,631		(4,369)		16,776	
Gas and oil		90,000		101,502		11,502		116,666	
Total materials and supplies		501,855		472,489		(129,366)		415,825	
Contractual services									
Bad debt expense		-		50		50		-	
Consulting/professional	4	551,950		528,840		(23,110)		480,846	
Dumeg/fiat/child center		27,700		27,680		(20)		27,680	
Total contractual services		579,650		556,570		(23,080)		508,526	
Capital outlay									
Equipment	_	140,000		308,727		(131,273)		_	
Equipment		110,000		300,727		(131,273)			
Total capital outlay		140,000		308,727		(131,273)			
Total police department	10,0	095,823		9,340,379		(755,444)		8,341,053	
Total public safety	10,0	095,823		9,340,379		(755,444)	;	8,341,053	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 17,1	117,310	\$	15,653,242	\$	(1,464,068)	\$ 1	2,976,844	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

				2024			
	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Over (Under)		2023 Actual
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	83,574	\$	85,011	\$	1,437	\$ 193,843
Intergovernmental		500,000		359,162		(140,838)	1,573,244
Investment income		170,000		826,275		656,275	325,154
Total revenues		753,574		1,270,448		516,874	2,092,241
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Highways and streets							
Contractual services		51,500		55,793		4,293	31,836
Capital outlay		5,425,090		5,349,117		(75,973)	3,473,259
Debt service							
Principal payments		110,000		110,000		-	185,000
Interest and fiscal charges		3,420		2,420		(1,000)	7,240
Total expenditures		5,590,010		5,517,330		(72,680)	3,697,335
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(4,836,436)		(4,246,882)		589,554	(1,605,094)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		4,700,000		5,700,000		1,000,000	5,500,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,700,000		5,700,000		1,000,000	5,500,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(136,436)	Ī	1,453,118	\$	1,589,554	3,894,906
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				14,068,336		_	10,173,430
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	15,521,454			\$ 14,068,336

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Motor Fuel Tax Fund - The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for state-shared motor fuel tax revenues that are legally restricted to maintenance and construction of streets, sidewalks, alleys, and signals.

Special Service Area Fund - A Special Service Area (SSA) is created to fund improvements which benefit an identifiable segment of the City, with a special property tax levied on and restricted to the benefited properties. SSA #1 was created to handle maintenance of the wetlands in the Tara Hill development.

Storm Sewer Fund - The Storm Sewer Fund is used to account for storm water management fees that are restricted for storm sewer improvements.

Federal Equitable Sharing Fund - The Federal Equitable Sharing Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of restricted forfeited money provided through the Federal Equitable Sharing program.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2024

			Special	Res	zenije				
	Motor Fuel Tax	Special Service Area			Storm Sewer	F	Federal Equitable Sharing	-	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$ 1,663,285	\$	22,847	\$	43,283	\$	233,988	\$	1,963,403
Intergovernmental	 79,164		-		-		-		79,164
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,742,449	\$	22,847	\$	43,283	\$	233,988	\$	2,042,567
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$ 55,442	\$	-	\$	2,500	\$	14,388	\$	72,330
Total liabilities	 55,442		-		2,500		14,388		72,330
FUND BALANCES Restricted									
Special service area	-		22,847		-		-		22,847
Storm sewer	-		-		40,783		-		40,783
Public safety	-		-		-		219,600		219,600
Highways and streets	 1,687,007		-		-		-		1,687,007
Total fund balances	1,687,007		22,847		40,783		219,600		1,970,237
TOTAL LIABILITIES									
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,742,449	\$	22,847	\$	43,283	\$	233,988	\$	2,042,567

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

		Special	Revenue		
	Motor Fuel Tax	Special Service Area	Storm Sewer	Federal Equitable Sharing	Total
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 5,054	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,054
Intergovernmental	966,720	-	-	55,618	1,022,338
Investment income	74,303	999	1,954	10,408	87,664
Total revenues	1,041,023	6,053	1,954	66,026	1,115,056
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Highways and streets	796,650	4,462	17,200	-	818,312
Public safety	-	-	-	112,613	112,613
Capital outlay	31,477	-	-	-	31,477
Total expenditures	828,127	4,462	17,200	112,613	962,402
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	212,896	1,591	(15,246)	(46,587)	152,654
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1	1,474,111	21,256	56,029	266,187	1,817,583
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 1,687,007	\$ 22,847	\$ 40,783	\$ 219,600	\$ 1,970,237

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2024 (With Prior Year Actual)

			2024			
	iginal and al Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)	2023 Actual
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental						
Motor fuel tax allotment	\$ 814,407	\$	966,720	\$	152,313	\$ 899,477
Rebuild Illinois	-		-		-	242,592
Investment income	 22,000		74,303		52,303	36,423
Total revenues	 836,407		1,041,023		204,616	1,178,492
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Highways and streets						
Commodities	567,030		355,416		(211,614)	333,661
Wages	305,670		421,286		115,616	288,781
Contractual services	18,000		19,948		1,948	-
Capital outlay	 20,000		31,477		11,477	19,974
Total expenditures	 910,700		828,127		(82,573)	642,416
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (74,293)	•	212,896	\$	287,189	536,076
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			1,474,111		_	938,035
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$	1,687,007	ı	=	\$ 1,474,111

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2024 (With Prior Year Actual)

			2024			
	ginal and al Budget		Actual	,	Variance Over (Under)	2023 Actual
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 5,500	\$	5,054	\$	(446) \$	5,015
Investment income	 100		999		899	662
Total revenues	 5,600		6,053		453	5,677
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Contractual services	 9,000		4,462		(4,538)	9,509
Total expenditures	 9,000		4,462		(4,538)	9,509
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (3,400)	ı	1,591	\$	4,991	(3,832)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			21,256			25,088
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$	22,847		\$	21,256

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND

Water Operations Fund - to account for the financing of self-supporting municipal activities which render services generally on a user charge basis to the general public. The significant characteristic of an enterprise fund is that the accounting system makes it possible to determine whether that particular service area is operated at a profit or a loss in accordance with the GAAPs followed by private business concerns.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER OPERATIONS FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2024 (With Prior Year Actual)

Part					
Persenting Reverse Persent			2024		
Penal Budget		Owiginal and			2022
Nater ales Nat		0	Actual		
Water sales \$7,782,928 \$7,816,490 \$ 33,562 \$7,658,766 Inspections'tap on'permits \$5,000 \$11,681 \$6,681 \$49,258 \$3.60 meters \$1,000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$13,621 \$1.000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$13,621 \$1.000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$13,621 \$1.000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$13,621 \$1.000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$13,621 \$1.000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$13,621 \$1.000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$13,621 \$1.000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$13,621 \$1.000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$13,621 \$1.000 \$24,425 \$22,425 \$1.000 \$1.0	ODED A TIME DEVENIUES				
Mater sales \$7,782,928 \$7,816,490 \$3,35,62 7,688,768 Rospections/tap on/permits \$5,000 \$11,681 \$6,681 \$49,258 \$34 \$6,056 \$0,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,425 \$23,425 \$13,621 \$10,000 \$24,000					
Sale of meters 1,000 3,468 2,468 6,056 6,0	e	¢ 7.702.020	¢ 7.916.400	¢ 22.562 ¢	7 650 766
Sale of meters 1,000 3,468 2,465 1,052 Other water sales 1,000 24,425 23,425 13,621 Total operating revenues 7,789,928 7,856,064 66,136 7,727,701 COPERATING EXPENSES EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION 8 8 8 95,902 Solaries 667,108 664,382 (2,726) 609,527 Overtime 90,000 155,088 65,088 95,902 Social Security 46,941 46,988 47 37,977 Medicare 10,978 11,060 82 9,175 DMKF 53,073 58,199 5,446 69,068 Supplemental pensions 2,400 2,400 1,452 120,634 Supplemental pensions 2,400 2,400 1,452 120,634 Materials and supplies 1 1,747 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - valuiding 29,646 10,561 (19,085) 26,973 Maintenance - valuiding <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Other water sales 1,000 24,425 23,425 13,021 Total operating revenues 7,789,928 7,856,064 66,136 7,727,701 OPERATING EXPENSES EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION 8 667,108 664,382 2,726 609,527 Overtine 90,000 155,088 65,088 95,902 Social Security 46,941 46,988 47 37,977 Medicar 10,978 11,060 82 9,175 IMER 53,073 58,19 5,446 69,068 Medicar life insurance 113,453 102,001 11,452 120,634 Supplemental pensions 2,400 2,400 - 2,403 Total personnel services 983,953 1,040,438 56,485 944,683 Maireriaks and supplies 1 1,145 19,088 16,680 170,417 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,000 997 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 <t< td=""><td>1 1 1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	1 1 1				
Total operating revenues 7,789,928 7,856,064 66,136 7,727,701					
Personnel services	Other water sales	1,000	24,425	23,425	13,621
Personnel services Salaries 667,108 664,382 (2,726) 609,527 Overtime 90,000 155,088 65,088 95,902 Social Security 46,941 46,988 47 37,977 Medicare 10,978 11,060 82 9,175 IMRF 35,073 58,519 5,446 69,068 Medical/life insurance 113,453 102,001 (11,452) 120,634 Supplemental pensions 2,400 2,400 - 2,400 2,400 - 2,400 2,400 - 2,400 2,400 - 2,400	Total operating revenues	7,789,928	7,856,064	66,136	7,727,701
Personnel services	OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries 667,108 664,382 (2,726) 609,527 Overtime 90,000 155,088 64,7 37,977 Medicare 10,978 11,060 82 9,175 IMRF 53,073 58,519 5,466 69,068 Medical/life insurance 113,453 102,001 (11,452) 120,634 Supplemental pensions 2,400 2,400 - 2,400 Total personnel services 983,953 1,040,438 56,485 944,683 Materials and supplies 1 1,040,438 56,485 944,683 Maintenance - building 29,945 170,417 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - ce quipment 12,300 7,770 (4,530) 17,286 Maintenance - whicles 6,850 17,856 11,006 937 Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532	EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION				
Overtime 90,000 155,088 65,088 95,902 Social Security 46,941 46,988 47 37,977 Medicare 10,978 11,060 82 9,175 IMRF 53,073 58,519 5,446 69,068 Medical/life insurance 113,453 102,001 (11,452) 120,634 Supplemental pensions 2,400 2,400 2,400 - 2,400 Total personnel services 983,953 1,040,438 56,485 944,683 Materials and supplies Liability insurance 209,945 170,417 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - building 29,646 10,561 (19,085) 26,973 Maintenance - equipment 12,300 7,770 (4,530) 17,286 Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge <	Personnel services				
Social Security	Salaries	667,108	664,382	(2,726)	609,527
Medicare IMRF 10.978 (1).060 82 (2).175 (1).060 IMRF IMRF (1).060 53.073 (2).01 (11.452) (11.452) (120.634 (2).000 2.400 (2).400 (2).400 (2).400 (2).400 - 2.400 Total personnel services 983.953 (1).040.438 (56.485) (94.683 (2).000 50.485 (2).000 94.683 (2).000 Materials and supplies Liability insurance 209.945 (1).061 (1).061 (19.085) (26.973 (2).000 150.938 (2).000 (1).051 (19.085) (26.973 (2).000 (2).00	Overtime	90,000	155,088	65,088	95,902
IMRF Medical/life insurance 53,073 (13,45) 5,46 (60,068) Medical/life insurance 113,453 (102,001) (11,452) (120,634) Supplemental pensions 2,400 (2,400) (2,400) (-2,400) - 2,400 Total personnel services 983,953 (1,040,438) (56,485) (944,683) 944,683 Materials and supplies 209,945 (10,561) (19,085) (19,0	Social Security	46,941	46,988	47	37,977
Medical/life insurance 113,453 102,001 (11,452) 120,634 Supplemental pensions 2,400 2,400 - 2,400 Total personnel services 983,953 1,040,438 56,485 944,683 Materials and supplies Liability insurance 209,945 170,417 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - building 29,646 10,561 (19,085) 26,973 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,006 997 Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,212 (6,045) 7,937 <th< td=""><td>Medicare</td><td>10,978</td><td>11,060</td><td>82</td><td>9,175</td></th<>	Medicare	10,978	11,060	82	9,175
Supplemental pensions 2,400 2,400 - 2,400 Total personnel services 983,953 1,040,438 56,485 944,683 Materials and supplies 1 170,417 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - building 29,646 10,561 (19,085) 26,973 Maintenance - equipment 12,300 7,770 (4,530) 17,286 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,006 997 Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,211 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 <td>IMRF</td> <td>53,073</td> <td>58,519</td> <td>5,446</td> <td>69,068</td>	IMRF	53,073	58,519	5,446	69,068
Total personnel services 983,953 1,040,438 56,485 944,683 Materials and supplies 209,945 170,417 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - building 29,646 10,561 (19,085) 26,973 Maintenance - equipment 12,300 7,770 (4,530) 17,286 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,006 997 Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055	Medical/life insurance	113,453	102,001	(11,452)	120,634
Materials and supplies 209,945 170,417 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - building 29,646 10,561 (19,085) 26,973 Maintenance - equipment 12,300 7,770 (4,530) 17,286 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,006 997 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,155	Supplemental pensions	2,400	2,400	-	2,400
Liability insurance 209,945 170,417 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - building 29,646 10,561 (19,085) 26,973 Maintenance - equipment 12,300 7,770 (4,530) 17,286 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,006 997 Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139	Total personnel services	983,953	1,040,438	56,485	944,683
Liability insurance 209,945 170,417 (39,528) 150,938 Maintenance - building 29,646 10,561 (19,085) 26,973 Maintenance - equipment 12,300 7,770 (4,530) 17,286 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,006 997 Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139	Materials and supplies				
Maintenance - building 29,646 10,561 (19,085) 26,973 Maintenance - equipment 12,300 7,770 (4,530) 17,286 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,006 997 Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 5,600 5,614 14 5,22 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1		209,945	170,417	(39,528)	150,938
Maintenance - equipment 12,300 7,770 (4,530) 17,286 Maintenance - vehicles 6,850 17,856 11,006 997 Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual 13,313 13,250 (63)<		29,646	10,561	(19,085)	26,973
Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800)		12,300	7,770	(4,530)	17,286
Maintenance - water system 309,625 453,632 144,007 375,659 Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800)	1 1		17,856	,	997
Postage/mailings 1,600 88 (1,512) 528 Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 4,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 <td>Maintenance - water system</td> <td>309,625</td> <td>453,632</td> <td>144,007</td> <td>375,659</td>	Maintenance - water system	309,625	453,632	144,007	375,659
Quality controls 10,850 10,532 (318) 10,772 Service charge 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual 34,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 10,000 Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 10,000 12,917 10,000 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 10,000 12,917 10,000 12,917 10,000 12,917 10,000 10,000 10,000		1,600	88	(1,512)	528
Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual 4,050 1,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705		10,850	10,532	(318)	10,772
Supplies - operation 5,600 5,614 14 5,424 Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385	•		250,000	` '	250,000
Training and education 21,150 4,903 (16,247) 640 Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual 313,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104	•		5,614	14	
Telephone 17,166 11,121 (6,045) 7,937 Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies Ontractual Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705		21,150		(16,247)	640
Uniforms 5,600 6,538 938 3,987 Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705		17,166	11,121	* ' '	7,937
Utilities 42,000 49,148 7,148 36,232 Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705		5,600	6,538	938	3,987
Vehicle (gas and oil) 24,055 32,139 8,084 35,009 Total materials and supplies 946,387 1,030,319 83,932 922,382 Contractual Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705	Utilities		49,148	7,148	
Contractual Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705	Vehicle (gas and oil)			8,084	
Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705	Total materials and supplies	946,387	1,030,319	83,932	922,382
Audit 13,313 13,250 (63) 10,625 Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705	Contractual				
Consulting/professional 14,950 11,051 (3,899) 5,790 Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705		13,313	13,250	(63)	10,625
Leak detection 19,800 - (19,800) 12,917 Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705	Consulting/professional				
Data processing 170,837 160,161 (10,676) 160,878 Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705			-		
Rent - Equipment 40,500 50,050 9,550 - Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705			160.161		
Janitorial service 8,250 7,342 (908) - Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705			,		-
Forestry 657 2,042 1,385 - DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705	• •				_
DuPage Water Commission 5,007,922 4,778,104 (229,818) 4,676,705					_
	•				4,676,705
Total contractual 5,276,229 5,022,000 (254,229) 4,866,915	Total contractual	5,276,229	5,022,000	(254,229)	4,866,915

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) WATER OPERATIONS FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2024 (With Prior Year Actual)

		2024		
	Original and		Variance Over	2023
	Final Budget	Actual	(Under)	Actual
OPERATING EXPENSES				
EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION (Continued)				
Capital outlay				
Equipment	\$ 663,550	\$ 683,878	\$ 20,328	\$ 499,328
Water meters	5,000	1,204	(3,796)	4,041
Infrastructure	-	43,167	43,167	3,066,933
Total capital outlay	668,550	728,249	59,699	3,570,302
Total operating expenses excluding				
depreciation	7,875,119	7,821,006	(54,113)	10,304,282
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(85,191)	35,058	120,249	(2,576,581)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	41,000	180,585	139,585	147,362
Miscellaneous income	-	70,747	70,747	37,167
Debt service				
Principal repayment	(590,000)		-	(570,000)
Interest expense	(103,900)) (96,045)	7,855	(114,602)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(652,900)	(434,713)	218,187	(500,073)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(738,091)	(399,655)	338,436	(3,076,654)
TRANSFERS				
Transfers in	150,000	150,000	-	2,070,000
Transfers (out)		(150,000)	(150,000)	(2,070,000)
Total transfers	150,000	-	(150,000)	
NET INCOME (LOSS) BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ (588,091)	(399,655)	\$ 188,436	(3,076,654)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS				
Capital outlay capitalized		683,407		3,463,805
Principal repayment		590,000		570,000
Bond amortization		(2,246)		(2,398)
Pension/OPEB expense		234,618		(24,233)
Depreciation		(525,511)	_	(552,297)
Total adjustments to GAAP basis		980,268	_	3,454,877
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		580,613		378,223
NET POSITION, MAY 1		10,548,134	_	10,169,911
NET POSITION, APRIL 30		\$ 11,128,747	=	\$ 10,548,134

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2012

April 30, 2024

Date of Issue July 12, 2012
Date of Maturity December 15, 2025

Authorized Issue \$2,810,000 Interest Rates \$2.00% to 3.50%

Interest Dates June 15 and December 15

Principal Maturity Date December 15

Payable at Bank of New York Mellon

FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal			T	ax Levy					Interest	t Due on		
Year	P	rincipal	I	nterest	Total		June 15 Amount		mount	December 15	A	mount
2025 2026	\$	285,000 290,000	\$	20,125 10,150	\$	305,125 300,150	2024 2025	\$	10,063 5,075	2024 2025	\$	10,062 5,075
	\$	575,000	\$	30,275	\$	605,275		\$	15,138	_	\$	15,137

LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2018

April 30, 2024

Date of Issue April 16, 2018
Date of Maturity January 1, 2030
Authorized Issue \$3,500,000

Interest Rates 3%

Interest Dates January 1 and July 1

Principal Maturity Date January 1

Payable at Amalgamated Bank of Chicago

FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal		Tax Levy			Interest	Due on	
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	July 1	Amount	January 1	Amount
2025	\$ 325,000	\$ 62,700	\$ 387,700	2024	\$ 31,350	2025	\$ 31,350
2026	330,000	52,950	382,950	2025	26,475	2026	26,475
2027	340,000	43,050	383,050	2026	21,525	2027	21,525
2028	355,000	32,850	387,850	2027	16,425	2028	16,425
2029	365,000	22,200	387,200	2028	11,100	2029	11,100
2030	375,000	11,250	386,250	2029	5,625	2030	5,625
	'						
	\$ 2,090,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 2,315,000		\$ 112,500		\$ 112,500

We are submitting to you the following draft of the board communication to expedite your review. This draft, or elements within should not be shared with any external parties, nor should any inference be made to any parties that no modifications are expected before this board communication is submitted as final.

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Darien, Illinois

Ladies and Gentlemen:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Darien, Illinois (the City) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's system of internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor, City Council and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Naperville, Illinois Date, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Darien, we offer readers of Darien's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Darien for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

The City of Darien's MD&A is also designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of financial activities, identify current changes, address the subsequent year's challenges, identify material deviations from the financial plan (approved budgets), and identify issues with individual funds.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The City of Darien maintained compliance with the Police Pension funding requirements as well as the IMRF funding requirements throughout the year.
The City transferred \$5.7 million to the Capital Improvements Fund in FYE 24 to be used in the City of Darien's 3-year Capital Improvement Plan. The Capital Improvement Plan includes sidewalk replacement, storm-water ditch projects, new street lighting, the road program, and crack sealing to name a few.
The City planned and maintained a minimum of 3 months balance of operating expenses in the General Fund throughout the fiscal year.
The City reduced its General Obligation Refunding Bond debt by \$700,000 during the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 5-7) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. ☐ The focus of the *Statement of Net Position* (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. ☐ The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities. ☐ The Governmental Activities reflect the City's basic services, including administration, police and buildings, planning and development, streets and yard waste, and public works. Property taxes, sales taxes, and shared state income taxes finance the majority of these services. ☐ The Business-Type Activities reflect private sector type operations (Water & Sewer), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation (pages 8-15) more familiar. The focus is on Major Funds, rather than the previous model fund types. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

□ Governmental Funds are presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. The manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid (spendable) resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statementallow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated herewith. Governmental Funds are recorded using the current financial resources method flow of current financial resources will reflect bond proceeds and inter-fund transfers as off financial sources, as well as capital expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. A reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligations (bonds and others) into the Governmental Activities column (in the Government-Wide Financial Statements).	of a nts . The her
□ Proprietary Funds, also called Enterprise Funds, include the Water/Sewer Fund. These used to report the same function presented in business-type activities in the City-Wide Financial Statements. Accounting for this type of fund, we utilize the economic resources method, in a similar fashion as corporate accounting. Unlike Governmental Funds, the Business-Type Activities column on the Business-Type Fund Financial Statements is the sas the Business-Type column on the Government-Wide Financial Statements.	
□ Fiduciary Funds represent trust responsibilities of the government, but which have resort that are held for the benefit of parties outside the City. These assets are restricted in purposand do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Accounting for fiduciary component units is similar to that used by proprietary funds. Currently the City has one fiduciary component unit, the Police Pension Fund.	ose

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and various fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's contributions and funding progress of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund, and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan; as well as, budget to actual comparisons of the General Fund and any major special revenue funds. Supplementary schedules include combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and supplemental data.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Condensed Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2024 and 2023 (In millions of dollars)

	Govern	mental Ad	ctivities		ısiness-T		<u>(</u>	Governme	<u>ent</u>
					Activities			<u>Total</u>	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>Change</u>
Current and other assets	32.14	32.19	(0.05)	5.75	6.22	(0.47)	37.89	38.41	(0.52)
Capital assets	<u>7.26</u>	<u>5.65</u>	<u>1.61</u>	<u>8.61</u>	<u>8.45</u>	<u>0.16</u>	<u>15.87</u>	<u>14.10</u>	1.77
Total Assets	<u>39.40</u>	37.84	<u>1.56</u>	<u>14.36</u>	14.67	(0.31)	<u>53.76</u>	<u>52.51</u>	1.25
Deferred Outflow of Resources	6.09	6.71	(0.62)	0.44	0.64	(0.20)	6.53	7.35	(0.82)
Total assets and Deferred	<u>45.49</u>	<u>44.55</u>	<u>0.94</u>	<u>14.80</u>	<u>15.31</u>	<u>(0.51)</u>	<u>60.29</u>	<u>59.86</u>	<u>0.43</u>
Outflow of Resources									
Long-term liabilities	32.33	31.37	0.96	3.14	3.52	(0.38)	35.47	34.89	0.58
Other liabilities	<u>1.26</u>	<u>1.34</u>	(0.08)	<u>0.48</u>	<u>1.17</u>	(0.69)	<u>1.74</u>	<u>2.51</u>	(0.77)
Total Liabilities	<u>33.59</u>	<u>32.71</u>	0.88	<u>3.62</u>	<u>4.69</u>	<u>(1.07)</u>	<u>37.21</u>	<u>37.40</u>	(0.19)
Deferred Inflows of	5.05	5.43	(0.38)	0.05	0.07	(0.02)	5.10	5.50	(0.40)
Resources									
Total Liabilities and									
Deferred Inflows of									
Resources	38.64	38.14	0.50	3.67	4.76	(1.09)	42.31	42.90	(0.59)
Net position									
Net investment in capital									
Assets.	6.82	5.54	1.28	5.94	5.19	0.75	12.76	10.73	2.03
Restricted	2.10	1.88	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.10	1.88	0.22
Unrestricted	(2.07)	(1.01)	(1.06)	<u>5.19</u>	<u>5.36</u>	<u>(0.17)</u>	<u>3.12</u>	<u>4.35</u>	(1.23)
Total Net Position	<u>6.85</u>	<u>6.41</u>	<u>0.44</u>	<u>11.13</u>	<u>10.55</u>	<u>0.58</u>	<u>17.98</u>	<u>16.96</u>	<u>1.02</u>

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

<u>Net results of activities</u> – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for capital – which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending borrowed proceeds on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) increase capital assets and long-term debt, which will not change the net investment in capital assets.

<u>Spending of non-borrowed current assets on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) will reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

<u>Principal payment on debt</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt; and, (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

Reduction of capital assets through depreciation –will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Current Year Impacts

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a governments' financial position. In the case of the City of Darien, total net position increased approximately \$1.02 million from \$16.96 million to \$17.98 million. The increase was a result of conservative budgeting, a decrease in project expenses, and the approval of grants. The City of Darien has a goal to maintain a specific level of fund balance which is used to cover Capital Project expenditures or used for the early payment of debt.

The City of Darien's assessed property tax rate was .2431. The City of Darien's portion of a resident's tax bill is approximately 3.74% of their total tax bill. The City of Darien's property taxes remain relatively lower than other municipalities within DuPage County.

A portion of the net position of the governmental activities is restricted for street maintenance, road improvements, storm sewer, public safety, and a special service area.

	Condensed Statement of Activities As of April 30, 2024 and 2023													
				30, 2024 a lions of dol										
		Governmenta		lions of don	Business-Typ	<u>oe</u>	Government							
		<u>Activities</u>			<u>Activities</u>			<u>Total</u>						
Royanyası	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>Change</u>					
Revenues: Program Revenues:														
Charges for Services Operating and Capital	1.61	1.88	(0.27)	7.86	7.73	0.13	9.47	9.61	(0.14)					
Grants and Contributions General Revenues:	1.44	1.31	0.13	-	-	-	1.44	1.31	0.13					
Property Taxes	2.50	2.50	0.00	-	-	-	2.50	2.50	0.00					
Other Taxes	14.89	14.81	0.08	-	-	-	14.89	14.81	0.08					
Other General Revenues	<u>1.57</u>	<u>2.21</u>	(0.64)	0.25	0.18	0.07	<u>1.82</u>	<u>2.39</u>	<u>(0.57)</u>					
Total Revenues	22.01	22.71	(0.70)	8.11	7.91	0.20	30.12	30.62	(0.50)					
Expenses:														
General Government	2.48	2.15	0.33	-	-	-	2.48	2.15	0.33					
Highways and Streets	7.40	6.91	0.49	-	-	-	7.40	6.91	0.49					
Public Safety	11.69	10.21	1.48	-	-	-	11.69	10.21	1.48					
Interest and Fees	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	0.00	0.00	0.00					
Water			-	<u>7.53</u>	<u>7.53</u>	0.00	<u>7.53</u>	<u>7.53</u>	0.00					
Total Expenses Increase (Decrease) in	21.57	19.27	2.30	7.53	7.53	0.00	29.10	26.80	2.30					
Net Position	0.44	3.44	(3.00)	0.58	0.38	0.20	1.02	3.82	(2.80)					
Change in Net Position	0.44	3.44	(3.00)	0.58	0.38	0.20	1.02	3.82	(2.80)					
Net Position, Beginning	<u>6.41</u>	2.97	<u>3.44</u>	<u>10.55</u>	<u>10.17</u>	<u>0.38</u>	<u>16.96</u>	<u>13.14</u>	3.82					
of Year														
Net Position, End of Year	6.85	6.41	0.44	11.13	10.55	0.58	17.98	16.96	1.02					

Normal Impacts

There are eight basic (normal) impacts that will affect the comparability of the revenues and expenses on the Statement of Activities summary presentation.

Revenues

<u>Economic condition</u> – which can reflect a declining, stable, or growing economic environment, and has substantial impact on state sales, replacement, and hotel/motel tax revenue; as well as, public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees, and volumes of consumption.

<u>Increase/decrease in City approved rates</u> – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the City Council has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, home rule sales tax, property taxes, etc.).

<u>Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenue (both recurring and non-recurring)</u> – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring grants are less predictable and often distorted in their impact on year to year comparisons.

<u>Market impacts on investment income</u> – the City's investments may be affected by market conditions causing investment income to increase/decrease.

Expenses

<u>Introduction of new programs</u> – within the functional expense categories (general government, public safety, and highways and streets), individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

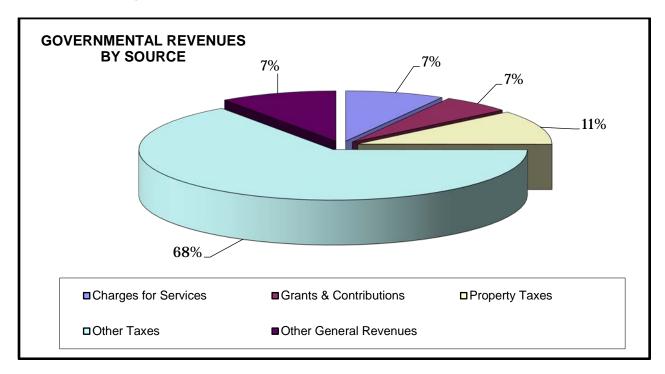
<u>Change in authorized personnel</u> – changes in service demand may cause the City Council to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent the largest operating cost of the City.

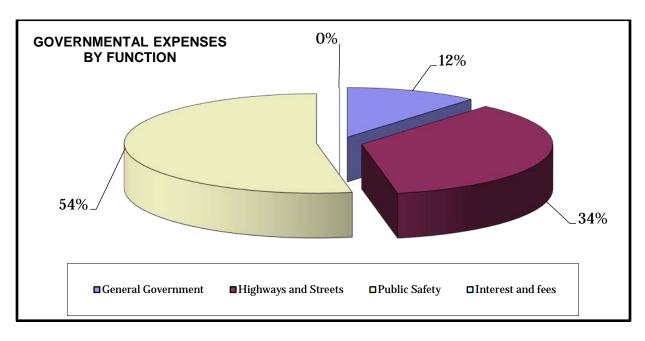
<u>Salary increases (annual adjustments and merit)</u> – the ability to attract and retain staff members, requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

<u>Inflation</u> – the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuel and parts. Due to significant inflation, some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

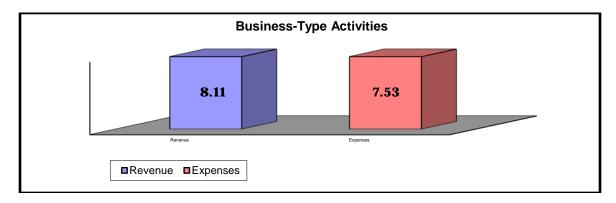
The percentages illustrated below, represent the governmental revenues and expenditures by source/function per page 6 of the MD&A, column 1.





Business Type Activities

The amounts illustrated below, represent the business-type revenues and expenditures by activity per page 6 of the MD&A, column 2.



The Business-Type activity of the City of Darien includes the Water Department. The Water Department serves the city residents and businesses; pricing of water is based on fees determined by the supplier of water, the DuPage Water Commission. The City of Darien has been able to avoid raising water rates to its residents and businesses over the past several years, even though there have been increases in the fee for the supply of water by the DuPage Water Commission. Sales of water (revenues) can be affected by climate, at times, with warmer and drier summers bringing higher demand. The total revenues of the Water Department increased by \$0.20 million in comparison to the prior year.

The City pays all of the general expenses from the general fund. On an annual basis, a transfer in the amount of \$250 thousand is done from the Water Department to the General Fund. The reason this transfer is done, is to cover the overhead worked on behalf of the Water Department, yet captured within the General Fund. Total expenses stayed the same as last fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City of Darien uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City of Darien's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Darien financing requirements.

The City of Darien's major funds include; the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund.

At of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Darien's governmental funds reported a combined (major and non-major) ending fund balance of \$25.97 million.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the City of Darien had total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$15.87 million, invested in a broad range of capital assets including police and public works equipment, buildings, water facilities, roads, streets, and sewer lines.

(For more detail see Note 4 of the Audit Report)

Debt Administration

The debt administration discussion covers two types of debt reported by the City's financial statements. The City's governmental activities include the general obligation bond issuance for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Overall, the City's governmental activities report a total debt of \$32.34 million. The City began the fiscal year with a balance of \$31.73 million in debt.

In the City's business-type activities a total debt of \$3.15 million is reported. The City began the fiscal year with a balance of \$4.14 million in debt. The business activity debt is paid primarily by revenues generated by the Water Department's sale of water fee for service. The general obligation bonds of the business-type activity are obligations of the business-type activity only and are used for infrastructure and building improvements to the system. (More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 6 of the financial statements.)

FACTORS BEARING ON THE CITY'S FUTURE

The general economic conditions of DuPage County, Cook County, and the Chicago metropolitan statistical area are affected by the national economics. The unemployment rate for the most recent period available for this year is 5.4% County-wide (Local Area unemployment Statistics LAUS web site). The City's future is also affected by the sales tax base, which can vary based upon the vacancy rate of the local retail establishments, which are affected by the national economy. The City will continue to monitor the rapidly changing economic conditions to determine appropriate action necessary to maintain the City's sound financial condition, operations, and services.

The City's expenditures are comprised mostly of salaries, benefits and capital projects. Other factors bearing on the City's future include increases in water rates charged by DuPage Water Commission and the City of Chicago, and the general state of the economy. The uncertainty and financial problems with the State of Illinois is a concern for all Illinois municipalities. All of the local economic factors, revenue projections, and analysis of the City's expenditures are factored in the future fiscal budget plans.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the City's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances; as well as, to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact City Hall:

Bryon Vana City Administrator 1702 Plainfield Road Darien, Illinois 60561

Michael J. Coren City Treasurer 1702 Plainfield Road Darien, Illinois 60561

CITY OF DARIEN MEMO

TO: Administrative/Finance Committee Members

FROM: Bryon D. Vana, City Administrator

DATE: August 26, 2024 SUBJECT: Police Pension

Attached is the CITY OF DARIEN POLICE PENSION FUND ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF MAY 1, 2024, conducted by the pension board. Treasurer Coren will provide an overview of the valuation report.

See summary below:

1. Current budget amount: \$2,589,935

2. Amount recommended for next year: \$2,971,285

3. This is approximately a 14.7% increase and a \$381,350 increase over last year's recommended contribution.

4. FYE 26 budget forecast for city's contribution: \$2,978,425

CITY OF DARIEN POLICE PENSION FUND

ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF MAY 1, 2024

CONTRIBUTIONS APPLICABLE TO THE PLAN/FISCAL YEAR ENDING APRIL 30, 2026





August 13, 2024

Board of Trustees City of Darien Police Pension Fund

Re: Actuarial Valuation Report - City of Darien Police Pension Fund

Dear Board:

We are pleased to present to the Board this report of the annual actuarial valuation of the City of Darien Police Pension Fund. The funding valuation was performed to determine whether the assets and contributions are sufficient to provide the prescribed benefits and to develop the appropriate funding requirements for the applicable plan year. Use of the results for other purposes may not be applicable and could produce significantly different results.

The valuation has been conducted in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, including the applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice as issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, and reflects laws and regulations issued to date pursuant to the provisions of Article 3, Illinois Pension Code, as well as applicable federal laws and regulations. In our opinion, the assumptions used in this valuation, as adopted by the Board of Trustees, represent reasonable expectations of anticipated plan experience. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report for a variety of reasons including: changes in applicable laws, changes in plan provisions, changes in assumptions, or plan experience differing from expectations. Due to the limited scope of the valuation, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

The funding percentages and unfunded accrued liability as measured based on the actuarial value of assets will differ from similar measures based on the market value of assets. These measures, as provided, are appropriate for determining the adequacy of future contributions, but may not be appropriate for the purpose of settling a portion or all of its liabilities.

In conducting the valuation, we have relied on personnel, plan design, and asset information supplied by the Board, financial reports prepared by the custodian bank and the actuarial assumptions and methods described in the Actuarial Assumptions section of this report. While we cannot verify the accuracy of all this information, the supplied information was reviewed for consistency and reasonableness. As a result of this review, we have no reason to doubt the substantial accuracy of the information and believe that it has produced appropriate results. This information, along with any adjustments or modifications, is summarized in various sections of this report.

In performing the analysis, we used third-party software to model (calculate) the underlying liabilities and costs. These results are reviewed in the aggregate and for individual sample lives. The output from the software is either used directly or input into internally developed models to generate the costs. All internally developed models are reviewed as part of the process. As a result of this review, we believe that the models have produced reasonable results. We do not believe there are any material inconsistencies among assumptions or unreasonable output produced due to the aggregation of assumptions.

The undersigned are familiar with the immediate and long-term aspects of pension valuations and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries necessary to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. All of the sections of this report are considered an integral part of the actuarial opinions.

To our knowledge, no associate of Foster & Foster, Inc. working on valuations of the program has any direct financial interest or indirect material interest in the City of Darien, nor does anyone at Foster & Foster, Inc. act as a member of the Board of Trustees of the City of Darien Police Pension Fund. Thus, there is no relationship existing that might affect our capacity to prepare and certify this actuarial report.

If there are any questions, concerns, or comments about any of the items contained in this report, please contact us at 630-620-0200.

Respectfully submitted,

Foster & Foster, Inc.

By:

Jason L. Franken, FSA, EA, MAAA

Bv:

Heidi E. Andorfer, FSA, EA, MAAA

JLF/lke Enclosures

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Title	Page
I	Introduction	
	a. Summary of Report	5
	b. Changes Since Prior Valuation	6
	c. Comparative Summary of Principal Valuation Results	7
II	Valuation Information	
	a. Development of Amortization Payment	12
	b. Detailed Actuarial (Gain)/Loss Analysis	13
	c. Reconciliation of Changes in Contribution Requirement	14
	d. Projection of Benefit Payments	15
	e. Actuarial Assumptions and Methods	16
	f. Glossary	19
	g. Discussion of Risk	20
III	Trust Fund	24
IV	Member Statistics	
	a. Statistical Data	28
	b. Age and Service Distribution	29
	c. Valuation Participant Reconciliation	30
V	Summary of Current Plan	31

SUMMARY OF REPORT

The regular annual actuarial valuation of the City of Darien Police Pension Fund, performed as of May 1, 2024, has been completed and the results are presented in this report. The contribution amounts set forth herein are applicable to the plan/fiscal year ended April 30, 2026.

The contribution requirements, compared with those set forth in the May 1, 2023 actuarial report, are as follows:

Valuation Date	5/1/2024	5/1/2023
Applicable to Fiscal Year Ending	<u>4/30/2026</u>	4/30/2025
Total Recommended Contribution % of Projected Annual Payroll	\$3,372,367 83.3%	\$2,949,559 81.3%
Member Contributions (Est.) % of Projected Annual Payroll	(401,082) (9.9%)	(359,624) (9.9%)
City Recommended Contribution	2,971,285	2,589,935
% of Projected Annual Payroll	73.4%	71.4%

As you can see, the Total Recommended Contribution shows an increase when compared to the results determined in the May 1, 2023 actuarial valuation report. The increase is mainly attributable to an assumption change, an increase in normal cost associated with an increase in active membership, the increase in amortization payment due to the payroll growth assumption, and unfavorable plan experience.

Plan experience was unfavorable overall on the basis of the plan's actuarial assumptions. Sources of unfavorable experience included an investment return of 4.98% (Actuarial Asset Basis) which fell short of the 7.00% assumption and lower than expected inactive mortality. There were no significant sources of favorable experience.

CHANGES SINCE PRIOR VALUATION

Plan Changes Since Prior Valuation

There were no plan changes since the prior valuation.

Actuarial Assumption/Method Changes Since Prior Valuation

The interest rate was decreased from 7.00% to 6.80%.

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL VALUATION RESULTS

	New Assump <u>5/1/2024</u>	Old Assump <u>5/1/2024</u>	5/1/2023
A. Participant Data			
Number Included			
Actives	35	35	32
Service Retirees	26	26	24
Beneficiaries	4	4	4
Disability Retirees	4	4	4
Terminated Vested	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>15</u>
Total	82	82	79
Total Annual Payroll	\$4,047,249	\$4,047,249	\$3,628,898
Payroll Under Assumed Ret. Age	4,047,249	4,047,249	3,628,898
Annual Rate of Payments to:			
Service Retirees	2,646,116	2,646,116	2,477,980
Beneficiaries	271,837	271,837	271,837
Disability Retirees	219,865	219,865	209,742
Terminated Vested	43,718	43,718	114,630
B. Assets			
Actuarial Value	37,161,612	37,161,612	35,693,069
Market Value	35,749,975	35,749,975	32,873,737
C. Liabilities			
Present Value of Benefits Actives			
Retirement Benefits	25,787,267	24,646,783	22,176,238
Disability Benefits	2,049,964	1,967,228	1,830,343
Death Benefits	263,830	254,095	237,273
Vested Benefits	1,354,332	1,295,464	1,232,877
Service Retirees	38,801,856	38,029,506	36,140,326
Beneficiaries	2,528,193	2,494,173	2,557,376
Disability Retirees	3,062,329	3,001,805	2,945,769
Terminated Vested	377,800	361,458	1,593,286
Total	74,225,571	72,050,512	68,713,488

C. Liabilities - (Continued)	New Assump <u>5/1/2024</u>	Old Assump <u>5/1/2024</u>	<u>5/1/2023</u>
Present Value of Future Salaries	39,842,121	39,318,570	36,142,412
Present Value of Future			
Member Contributions	3,948,354	3,896,470	3,581,713
Normal Cost (Retirement)	705,719	665,599	616,865
Normal Cost (Disability)	122,190	117,576	105,619
Normal Cost (Death)	14,555	14,081	12,906
Normal Cost (Vesting)	<u>79,498</u>	76,561	69,299
Total Normal Cost	921,962	873,817	804,689
Present Value of Future			
Normal Costs	8,318,192	7,787,036	7,404,240
Accrued Liability (Retirement)	19,308,858	18,608,476	16,392,128
Accrued Liability (Disability)	866,884	842,486	791,183
Accrued Liability (Death)	109,135	106,374	101,115
Accrued Liability (Vesting)	852,324	819,198	788,065
Accrued Liability (Inactives)	44,770,178	43,886,942	43,236,757
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	65,907,379	64,263,476	61,309,248
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued			
Liability (UAAL)	28,745,767	27,101,864	25,616,179
Funded Ratio (AVA / AL)	56.4%	57.8%	58.2%

	New Assump <u>5/1/2024</u>	Old Assump <u>5/1/2024</u>	<u>5/1/2023</u>
D. Actuarial Present Value of Accrued Benefits			
Vested Accrued Benefits			
Inactives	44,770,178	43,886,942	43,236,757
Actives	7,217,635	6,810,474	5,323,499
Member Contributions	3,829,983	3,829,983	3,455,143
Total	55,817,796	54,527,399	52,015,399
Non-vested Accrued Benefits	520 410	500.010	600 110
	539,419	<u>520,010</u>	600,118
Total Present Value Accrued Benefits	56,357,215	55,047,409	52,615,517
Funded Ratio (MVA / PVAB)	63.4%	64.9%	62.5%
Increase (Decrease) in Present Value of			
Accrued Benefits Attributable to:			
Plan Amendments	0	0	
Assumption Changes	1,309,806	0	
Plan Experience	0	1,875,359	
Benefits Paid	0	(3,020,824)	
Interest	0	3,577,357	
Other	0	<u>0</u>	
Total	1,309,806	2,431,892	

Valuation Date Applicable to Fiscal Year Ending	New Assump 5/1/2024 4/30/2026	Old Assump 5/1/2024 4/30/2026	5/1/2023 4/30/2025
E. Pension Cost			
Normal Cost ¹ % of Total Annual Payroll ¹	\$984,655 24.3	\$934,984 23.1	\$861,017 23.7
Administrative Expenses ¹ % of Total Annual Payroll ¹	53,143 1.3	53,242 1.3	61,286 1.7
Payment Required to Amortize Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability over 17 years			
(as of 5/1/2024) ¹ % of Total Annual Payroll ¹	2,334,569 57.7	2,234,967 55.2	2,027,256 55.9
Total Recommended Contribution % of Total Annual Payroll ¹	3,372,367 83.3	3,223,193 79.6	2,949,559 81.3
Expected Member Contributions ¹ % of Total Annual Payroll ¹	(401,082) (9.9)	(401,082) (9.9)	(359,624) (9.9)
Expected City Contribution % of Total Annual Payroll 1	2,971,285 73.4	2,822,111 69.7	2,589,935 71.4
F. Past Contributions			
Plan Years Ending:	4/30/2024		
Total Recommended Contribution City	2,781,003 2,406,164		
Actual Contributions Made:			
Members (excluding buyback) City Total	374,839 2,393,656 2,768,495		
G. Net Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	1,634,485		

¹ Contributions developed as of 5/1/2024 displayed above have been adjusted to account for assumed interest.

H. Schedule Illustrating the Amortization of the Total Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of:

	Projected Unfunded
Year	Accrued Liability
2024	28,745,767
2025	28,365,910
2026	27,884,349
2030	24,742,352
2034	19,080,181
2037	12,605,337
2041	0

I. (i) 5 Year Comparison of Actual and Assumed Salary Increases

		Actual	Assumed
Year Ended	4/30/2024	4.98%	4.97%
Year Ended	4/30/2023	6.68%	5.26%
Year Ended	4/30/2022	5.25%	5.62%
Year Ended	4/30/2021	4.98%	5.39%
Year Ended	4/30/2020	4.81%	5.03%

(ii) 5 Year Comparison of Investment Return on Actuarial Value

<u>Assumed</u>	Actual AVA	Actual MVA		
7.00%	4.98%	9.71%	4/30/2024	Year Ended
7.00%	4.48%	1.92%	4/30/2023	Year Ended
7.00%	6.43%	-8.23%	4/30/2022	Year Ended
7.00%	9.14%	25.25%	4/30/2021	Year Ended
7.00%	4.66%	1.28%	4/30/2020	Year Ended

DEVELOPMENT OF MAY 1, 2024 AMORTIZATION PAYMENT

(1)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of May 1, 2023			\$25,616,179
(2)	Sponsor Normal Cost developed as of May 1, 2023			445,065
(3)	Expected administrative expenses f	for the year ended Apri	1 30, 2024	57,277
(4)	Expected interest on (1), (2) and (3)		1,826,292
(5)	Sponsor contributions to the System	n during the year ended	d April 30, 2024	2,393,656
(6)	Expected interest on (5)			83,778
(7)	Expected Unfunded Actuarial Accr April 30, 2024, (1)+(2)+(3)+(4)-(5	25,467,379		
(8)	Change to UAAL due to Assumption Change			1,643,903
(9)	9) Change to UAAL due to Actuarial (Gain)/Loss			1,634,485
(10)	0) Unfunded Accrued Liability as of May 1, 2024			28,745,767
(11)	11) UAAL Subject to Amortization (100% AAL less Actuarial Assets)			28,745,767
	Date <u>Established</u>	Years <u>Remaining</u>	5/1/2024 <u>Amount</u>	Amortization <u>Amount</u>
	5/1/2024	17	28,745,767	2,185,926

DETAILED ACTUARIAL (GAIN)/LOSS ANALYSIS

(1) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) as of May 1, 2023	\$25,616,179
(2) Expected UAAL as of May 1, 2024	25,467,379
(3) Summary of Actuarial (Gain)/Loss, by component:	
Investment Return (Actuarial Asset Basis)	717,311
Salary Increases	(22,571)
Active Decrements	(20,681)
Inactive Mortality	331,587
Programming Updates	580,594
Other	48,245
Change in UAAL due to (Gain)/Loss	1,634,485
Change to UAAL due to Assumption Change	1,643,903
(4) Actual UAAL as of May 1, 2024	\$28,745,767

RECONCILIATION OF CHANGES IN CONTRIBUTION REQUIREMENT

(1)	Contribution Determined as of May 1, 2023	\$	2,589,935
(2)	Summary of Contribution Impact by component:		
	Change in Normal Cost		73,967
	Change in Assumed Administrative Expense		(8,044)
	Investment Return (Actuarial Asset Basis)		59,153
	Salary Increases		(1,861)
	New Entrants		1,476
	Active Decrements		(1,705)
	Inactive Mortality		27,344
	Contributions (More) or Less than Recommended		1,068
	Increase in Amortization Payment Due to Payroll Growth Assumption		65,886
	Change in Expected Member Contributions		(41,458)
	Assumption Change		149,174
	Programming Updates		47,879
	Other	_	8,471
	Total Change in Contribution		381,350
(3)	Contribution Determined as of May 1, 2024		\$2,971,285

PROJECTION OF BENEFIT PAYMENTS

Year	Payments for Current Actives	Payments for Current Inactives	Total
	Current Actives	Current mactives	Payments
2024	78,321	3,149,091	3,227,412
2025	164,082	3,191,695	3,355,777
2026	246,775	3,258,392	3,505,167
2027	316,238	3,315,363	3,631,601
2028	416,397	3,371,264	3,787,661
2029	574,975	3,425,884	4,000,859
2030	732,554	3,471,259	4,203,813
2031	888,718	3,510,469	4,399,187
2032	1,065,270	3,542,554	4,607,824
2033	1,268,630	3,566,516	4,835,146
2034	1,474,027	3,581,381	5,055,408
2035	1,670,543	3,603,214	5,273,757
2036	1,881,224	3,597,714	5,478,938
2037	2,085,658	3,580,875	5,666,533
2038	2,281,570	3,552,386	5,833,956
2039	2,464,754	3,537,596	6,002,350
2040	2,626,534	3,486,337	6,112,871
2041	2,808,909	3,423,622	6,232,531
2042	3,003,799	3,349,661	6,353,460
2043	3,217,382	3,264,682	6,482,064
2044	3,410,351	3,168,977	6,579,328
2045	3,588,218	3,063,072	6,651,290
2046	3,748,433	2,947,602	6,696,035
2047	3,940,820	2,822,784	6,763,604
2048	4,132,429	2,689,437	6,821,866
2049	4,317,459	2,548,640	6,866,099
2050	4,501,141	2,401,612	6,902,753
2051	4,703,907	2,249,667	6,953,574
2052	4,870,002	2,094,192	6,964,194
2053	5,000,564	1,936,731	6,937,295
2054	5,132,400	1,778,969	6,911,369
2055	5,244,404	1,622,807	6,867,211
2056	5,335,212	1,470,207	6,805,419
2057	5,412,381	1,323,038	6,735,419
2058	5,474,726	1,183,016	6,657,742
2059	5,522,272	1,051,502	6,573,774
2060	5,554,509	929,450	6,483,959
2061	5,569,261	817,455	6,386,716
2062	5,565,395	715,802	6,281,197
2063	5,541,575	624,451	6,166,026

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Interest Rate

6.80% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Mortality Rate

Active Lives:

PubS-2010 Employee mortality, unadjusted, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021). 10% of active deaths are assumed to be in the line of duty.

Inactive Lives:

PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree mortality, adjusted by a factor of 1.15 for male retirees and unadjusted for female retirees, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021).

Beneficiaries:

PubS-2010 Survivor mortality, unadjusted for male beneficiaries and adjusted by a factor of 1.15 for female beneficiaries, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021).

Disabled Lives:

PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, adjusted by a factor of 1.08 for male disabled members and unadjusted for female disabled members, with generational improvements with most recent projection scale (currently Scale MP-2021).

The mortality assumptions sufficiently accommodate anticipated future mortality improvements.

Retirement Age

See table at end of this section. This is based on a 2022 experience study performed for the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund.

Disability Rate

See table at end of this section. 60% of the disabilities are assumed to be in the line of duty. This is based on a 2022 experience study performed for the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund.

Termination Rate

See table at end of this section. This is based on a 2022 experience study performed for the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund.

Salary Increases

See table below. This is based on a 2022 experience study performed for the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund.

Salary Scale			
Service	Rate		
0	11.00%		
1	9.50%		
2	8.00%		
3	7.50%		
4	7.00%		
5	6.00%		
6	5.00%		
7 - 11	4.00%		
12 - 29	3.75%		
30+	3.50%		

Inflation

2.50%.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

Tier 1: 3.00% per year after age 55. Those that retire prior to age 55 receive an increase of 1/12 of 3.00% for each full month since benefit commencement upon reaching age 55.

Tier 2: 1.25% per year after the later of attainment of age 60 or first anniversary of retirement.

Marital Status

80% of Members are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age

Males are assumed to be three years older than females.

Funding Method

Entry Age Normal Cost Method.

Actuarial Asset Method

Investment gains and losses are smoothed over a 5-year period. In the first year, 20% of the gain or loss is recognized. In the second year 40%, in the third year 60%, in the fourth year 80%, and in the fifth year 100% of the gain or loss is recognized. The actuarial investment gain or loss is defined as the actual return on investments minus the actuarial assumed investment return. Actuarial Assets shall not be less than 80% nor greater than

120% of the Market Value of Assets.

Funding Policy Amortization Method

The UAAL is amortized according to a Level Percentage of Payroll method over a period ending in 2041. The initial amortization amount is 100% of the Accrued Liability less the Actuarial Value of Assets.

Payroll Growth

3.25% per year.

Administrative Expenses

Expenses paid out of the fund other than investment-related expenses are assumed to be equal to those paid in the previous year.

Decrement Tables

% Terr	% Terminating		% Becoming Disabled		% Retiring		tiring		
During t	the Year	During	the Year	During the Y	During the Year (Tier 1)		e Year (Tier 1) During the Year (Ti		ear (Tier 2)
Service	Rate	Age	Rate	Age	Rate	Age	Rate		
0	13.00%	20	0.000%	50 - 54	20%	50 - 54	5%		
1	8.00%	25	0.029%	55 - 62	25%	55	40%		
2	7.00%	30	0.133%	63	33%	56 - 62	25%		
3	6.00%	35	0.247%	64	40%	63	33%		
4	5.00%	40	0.399%	65 - 69	55%	64	40%		
5	4.50%	45	0.561%	70+	100%	65 - 69	55%		
6	4.00%	50	0.675%			70+	100%		
7	3.50%	55	0.855%						
8	3.00%	60	1.093%						
9	2.50%								
10	2.25%								
11	2.00%								
12	1.75%								
13	1.50%								
14+	1.25%								

GLOSSARY

<u>Total Annual Payroll</u> is the projected annual rate of pay for the fiscal year following the valuation date of all covered members.

<u>Present Value of Benefits</u> is the single sum value on the valuation date of all future benefits to be paid to current Members, Retirees, Beneficiaries, Disability Retirees and Vested Terminations.

<u>Accrued Actuarial Liability</u> is determined according to the plan's actuarial cost method. This amount represents the portion of the anticipated future benefits allocated to years prior to the valuation date.

Normal (Current Year's) Cost is the current year's cost for benefits yet to be funded.

<u>Market Value of Assets</u> is the fair market value of plan assets as of the valuation date. This amount may be adjusted to produce an Actuarial Value of Assets for plan funding purposes.

Actuarial Value of Assets is the asset value used in the valuation to determine contribution requirements. It represents the plan's Market Value of Assets, with adjustments according to the Actuarial Asset Method. These adjustments produce a "smoothed" value that is likely to be less volatile from year to year than the Market Value of Assets.

<u>Unfunded Accrued Liability</u> is the excess of the Accrued Actuarial Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets.

<u>Total Recommended Contribution</u> is equal to the Normal Cost plus an amount sufficient to amortize the Unfunded Accrued Liability over a period ending in 2041. The recommended amount is adjusted for interest according to the timing of contributions during the year.

<u>Entry Age Normal Cost Method</u> - Under this method, the normal cost is the sum of the individual normal costs for all active participants. For an active participant, the normal cost is the participant's normal cost accrual rate, multiplied by the participant's current compensation.

- (a) The normal cost accrual rate equals:
 - (i) the present value of future benefits for the participant, determined as of the participant's entry age, divided by
 - (ii) the present value of the compensation expected to be paid to the participant for each year of the participant's anticipated future service, determined as of the participant's entry age.
- (b) In calculating the present value of future compensation, the salary scale is applied both retrospectively and prospectively to estimate compensation in years prior to and subsequent to the valuation year based on the compensation used for the valuation.
- (c) The accrued liability is the sum of the individual accrued liabilities for all participants and beneficiaries. A participant's accrued liability equals the present value, at the participant's attained age, of future benefits less the present value at the participant's attained age of the individual normal costs payable in the future. A beneficiary's accrued liability equals the present value, at the beneficiary's attained age, of future benefits.
- (d) Under this method, the entry age used for each active participant is the participant's age at the time he or she would have commenced participation if the plan had always been in existence under current terms, or the age as of which he or she first earns service credits for purposes of benefit accrual under the current terms of the plan.

DISCUSSION OF RISK

ASOP No. 51, Assessment and Disclosure of Risk Associated with Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Contributions, states that the actuary should identify risks that, in the actuary's professional judgment, may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition.

Throughout this report, actuarial results are determined under various assumption scenarios. These results are based on the premise that all future plan experience will align with the plan's actuarial assumptions; however, there is no guarantee that actual plan experience will align with the plan's assumptions. It is possible that actual plan experience will differ from anticipated experience in an unfavorable manner that will negatively impact the plan's funded position.

Below are examples of ways in which plan experience can deviate from assumptions and the potential impact of that deviation. Typically, this results in an actuarial gain or loss representing the current-year financial impact on the plan's unfunded liability of the experience differing from assumptions; this gain or loss is amortized over a period of time determined by the plan's amortization method. When assumptions are selected that adequately reflect plan experience, gains and losses typically offset one another in the long term, resulting in a relatively low impact on the plan's contribution requirements associated with plan experience. When assumptions are too optimistic, losses can accumulate over time and the plan's amortization payment could potentially grow to an unmanageable level.

- <u>Investment Return</u>: When the rate of return on the Actuarial Value of Assets falls short of the assumption, this produces a loss representing assumed investment earnings that were not realized. Further, it is unlikely that the plan will experience a scenario that matches the assumed return in each year as capital markets can be volatile from year to year. Therefore, contribution amounts can vary in the future.
- <u>Salary Increases</u>: When a plan participant experiences a salary increase that was greater than
 assumed, this produces a loss representing the cost of an increase in anticipated plan benefits for
 the participant as compared to the previous year. The total gain or loss associated with salary
 increases for the plan is the sum of salary gains and losses for all active participants.
- Payroll Growth: The plan's payroll growth assumption, if one is used, causes a predictable annual increase in the plan's amortization payment in order to produce an amortization payment that remains constant as a percentage of payroll if all assumptions are realized. If payroll does not increase according to the plan's payroll growth assumption, the plan's amortization payment can increase significantly as a percentage of payroll even if all assumptions other than the payroll growth assumption are realized.
- <u>Demographic Assumptions:</u> Actuarial results take into account various potential events that could happen to a plan participant, such as retirement, termination, disability, and death. Each of these potential events is assigned a liability based on the likelihood of the event and the financial consequence of the event for the plan. Accordingly, actuarial liabilities reflect a blend of financial consequences associated with various possible outcomes (such as retirement at one of various possible ages). Once the outcome is known (e.g. the participant retires) the liability is adjusted to reflect the known outcome. This adjustment produces a gain or loss depending on whether the outcome was more or less favorable than other outcomes that could have occurred.

• Contribution Risk: This risk results from the potential that actual employer contributions may deviate from actuarially determined contributions, which are determined in accordance with the Board's funding policy. The funding policy is intended to result in contribution requirements that if paid when due, will result in a reasonable expectation that assets will accumulate to be sufficient to pay plan benefits when due. Contribution deficits, particularly large deficits and those that occur repeatedly, increase future contribution requirements and put the plan at risk for not being able to pay plan benefits when due.

Impact of Plan Maturity on Risk

For newer pension plans, most of the participants and associated liabilities are related to active members who have not yet reached retirement age. As pension plans continue in operation and active members reach retirement ages, liabilities begin to shift from being primarily related to active members to being shared amongst active and retired members. Plan maturity is a measure of the extent to which this shift has occurred. It is important to understand that plan maturity can have an impact on risk tolerance and the overall risk characteristics of the plan. For example, plans with a large amount of retired liability do not have as long of a time horizon to recover from losses (such as losses on investments due to lower than expected investment returns) as plans where the majority of the liability is attributable to active members. For this reason, less tolerance for investment risk may be warranted for highly mature plans with a substantial inactive liability. Similarly, mature plans paying substantial retirement benefits resulting in a small positive or net negative cash flow can be more sensitive to near term investment volatility, particularly if the size of the fund is shrinking, which can result in less assets being available for investment in the market.

To assist with determining the maturity of the plan, we have provided some relevant metrics in the table following titled "Plan Maturity Measures and Other Risk Metrics". Highlights of this information are discussed below:

- The Support Ratio, determined as the ratio of active to inactive members, has decreased from 79.1% on May 1, 2021 to 74.5% on May 1, 2024, indicating that the plan has been rapidly maturing.
- The Accrued Liability Ratio, determined as the ratio of the Inactive Accrued Liability, which is the liability associated with members who are no longer employed but are due a benefit from the plan, to the Total Accrued Liability, is 67.9%. With a plan of this maturity, losses due to lower than expected investment returns or demographic factors will need to be made up for over a shorter time horizon than would be needed for a less mature plan.
- The Funded Ratio, determined as the ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Total Accrued Liability, has decreased from 59.2% on May 1, 2021 to 56.4% on May 1, 2024, due mainly to unfavorable plan experience and assumption changes.
- The Net Cash Flow Ratio, determined as the ratio of the Net Cash Flow (contributions minus benefit payments and administrative expenses) to the Market Value of Assets, stayed approximately the same from May 1, 2021 to May 1, 2024. The current Net Cash Flow Ratio of -0.8% indicates that contributions are not currently covering the plan's benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Low Default-Risk Obligation Measure

ASOP No. 4, Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Costs or Contributions, was revised as of December 2021 to include a "low-default-risk obligation measure" (LDROM). This liability measure is consistent with the determination of the actuarial accrued liability shown on page 8 in terms of member data, plan provisions, and assumptions/methods, including the use of the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, except that the interest rate is tied to low-default-risk fixed income securities. The S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index (daily rate closest to, but not later than, the measurement date) was selected to represent a current market rate of low risk but longer-term investments that could be included in a low-risk asset portfolio. The interest rate used in this valuation was 4.42%, resulting in an LDROM of \$91,912,218. The LDROM should not be considered the "correct" liability measurement; it simply shows a possible outcome if the Board elected to hold a very low risk asset portfolio. Given that plan benefits are paid over time through the combination of contributions and investment returns, prudent investments selected by the Board help to balance asset accumulation through these two sources.

It is important to note that the actuary has identified the risks above as the most significant risks based on the characteristics of the plan and the nature of the project, however, it is not an exhaustive list of potential risks that could be considered. Additional advanced modeling, as well as the identification of additional risks, can be provided at the request of the audience addressed on page 2 of this report.

PLAN MATURITY MEASURES AND OTHER RISK METRICS

	5/1/2024	<u>5/1/2023</u>	5/1/2022	5/1/2021
Support Ratio				
Total Actives	35	32	32	34
Total Inactives	47	47	46	43
Actives / Inactives	74.5%	68.1%	69.6%	79.1%
Asset Volatility Ratio				
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	35,749,975	32,873,737	32,756,189	36,134,523
Total Annual Payroll	4,047,249	3,628,898	3,401,589	3,472,348
MVA / Total Annual Payroll	883.3%	905.9%	963.0%	1,040.6%
Accrued Liability (AL) Ratio				
Inactive Accrued Liability	44,770,178	43,236,757	42,884,737	40,389,129
Total Accrued Liability	65,907,379	61,309,248	58,859,095	55,673,258
Inactive AL / Total AL	67.9%	70.5%	72.9%	72.5%
Funded Ratio				
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	37,161,612	35,693,069	34,656,435	32,971,457
Total Accrued Liability	65,907,379	61,309,248	58,859,095	55,673,258
AVA / Total Accrued Liability	56.4%	58.2%	58.9%	59.2%
Net Cash Flow Ratio				
Net Cash Flow 1	(302,088)	(505,387)	(422,580)	(322,917)
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	35,749,975	32,873,737	32,756,189	36,134,523
Ratio	-0.8%	-1.5%	-1.3%	-0.9%

¹ Determined as total contributions minus benefit payments and administrative expenses.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION April 30, 2024

ASSETS Cosh and Cosh Equivalents:	MARKET VALUE
Cash and Cash Equivalents: Money Market Cash and Cash Equivalents	311,230 15,050
Total Cash and Equivalents	326,280
Receivables: Prepaids	530
Total Receivable	530
Investments: Pooled/Common/Commingled Funds	35,426,025
Total Investments	35,426,025
Total Assets	35,752,835
LIABILITIES	
Liabilities:	
Payable: Expenses	2,860
Total Liabilities	2,860
Net Assets: Active and Retired Members' Equity	35,749,975
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	35,749,975
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	35,752,835

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED April 30, 2024 Market Value Basis

ADDITIONS Contributions: Member City	374,839 2,393,656	
Total Contributions		2,768,495
Investment Income: Net Realized Gain (Loss) Unrealized Gain (Loss) Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments Interest & Dividends Less Investment Expense	496,000 2,458,758	2,954,758 248,323 (24,755)
Net Investment Income		3,178,326
Total Additions		5,946,821
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u> Distributions to Members: Benefit Payments Refund of Contributions/Transfers	3,020,824 0	
Total Distributions		3,020,824
Administrative Expenses		49,759
Total Deductions		3,070,583
Net Increase in Net Position		2,876,238
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS Beginning of the Year		32,873,737
End of the Year		35,749,975

¹ Investment Related expenses include investment advisory, custodial and performance monitoring fees.

ACTUARIAL ASSET VALUATION April 30, 2024

Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

Market Value of Assets, 4/30/2024	35,749,975
(Gains)/Losses Not Yet Recognized	1,411,637
Actuarial Value of Assets, 4/30/2024	37,161,612
4/30/2024 Limited Actuarial Assets:	37,161,612

Development of Investment Gain/Loss

Market Value of Assets, 4/30/2023 Contributions Less Benefit Payments & Administrative Expenses	32,873,737 (302,088)
Expected Investment Earnings ¹	2,290,589
Actual Net Investment Earnings	3,178,326
2024 Actuarial Investment Gain/(Loss)	887,737

¹ Expected Investment Earnings = 7.00% x (32,873,737 + 0.5 x -302,088)

Gains/(Losses) Not Yet Recognized

		()				
Plan Year	Amounts Not Yet Recognized by Valuation Year					
Ending	Gain/(Loss)	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
4/30/2021	5,288,555	1,057,711	0	0	0	0
4/30/2022	(5,470,380)	(2,188,152)	(1,094,076)	0	0	0
4/30/2023	(1,652,310)	(991,386)	(660,924)	(330,462)	0	0
4/30/2024	887,737	710,190	532,642	355,095	177,547	0
Total		(1,411,637)	(1,222,358)	24,633	177,547	0

Development of Asset Returns

(A) 4/30/2023 Actuarial Assets:	35,693,069
(I) Net Investment Income:	
1. Interest and Dividends	248,323
2. Realized Gains (Losses)	496,000
3. Change in Actuarial Value	1,051,063
4. Investment Expenses	(24,755)
Total	1,770,631
(B) 4/30/2024 Actuarial Assets:	37,161,612
Actuarial Asset Rate of Return = $(2 \times I) / (A + B - I)$:	4.98%
Market Value of Assets Rate of Return:	9.71%
Actuarial Gain/(Loss) due to Investment Return (Actuarial Asset Basis)	(717,311)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS April 30, 2024 Actuarial Asset Basis

INCOME

Contributions: Member City Total Contributions	374,839 2,393,656	2,768,495
Earnings from Investments Interest & Dividends Net Realized Gain (Loss) Change in Actuarial Value Total Earnings and Investment Gains	248,323 496,000 1,051,063	1,795,386
Total Darmings and investment Gams		1,793,380
Administrative Expenses:	EXPENSES	
Investment Related ¹ Other	24,755 49,759	
Total Administrative Expenses		74,514
Distributions to Members: Benefit Payments Refund of Contributions/Transfers	3,020,824 0	
Total Distributions		3,020,824
Change in Net Assets for the Year		1,468,543
Net Assets Beginning of the Year		35,693,069
Net Assets End of the Year ²		37,161,612
I Investment Deleted expenses include invest	mant advissor.	

¹ Investment Related expenses include investment advisory, custodial and performance monitoring fees.
² Net Assets may be limited for actuarial consideration.

STATISTICAL DATA

	5/1/2024	5/1/2023	5/1/2022	5/1/2021
Actives - Tier 1				
Number	17	17	17	18
Average Current Age	45.5	44.5	43.5	42.9
Average Age at Employment	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9
Average Past Service	20.6	19.6	18.6	18.0
Average Annual Salary	\$130,749	\$126,221	\$120,726	\$116,719
Actives - Tier 2				
Number	18	15	15	16
Average Current Age	34.2	33.8	32.8	32.1
Average Age at Employment	29.2	28.9	28.9	28.8
Average Past Service	5.0	4.9	3.9	3.3
Average Annual Salary	\$101,362	\$98,876	\$89,950	\$85,713
Service Retirees				
Number	26	24	24	23
Average Current Age	66.4	66.3	65.3	65.0
Average Annual Benefit	\$101,774	\$103,249	\$100,349	\$97,575
<u>Beneficiaries</u>				
Number	4	4	4	4
Average Current Age	71.2	70.2	69.2	68.2
Average Annual Benefit	\$67,959	\$67,959	\$67,959	\$67,959
Disability Retirees				
Number	4	4	4	3
Average Current Age	61.3	60.3	59.3	65.8
Average Annual Benefit	\$54,966	\$52,436	\$51,167	\$51,647
Terminated Vested				
Number	13	15	14	13
Average Current Age	39.5	40.6	40.8	40.5
Average Annual Benefit 1	\$21,859	\$28,658	\$28,658	\$28,658

¹ Average Annual Benefit for Terminated Vested members reflects the benefit for members entitled to a future annual benefit from the plan.

AGE AND SERVICE DISTRIBUTION

PAST SERVICE

AGE	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30+	Total
15 - 19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 29	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
30 - 34	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
35 - 39	1	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	7
40 - 44	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	0	0	0	8
45 - 49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	6
50 - 54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	5
55 - 59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
60 - 64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	0	1	3	3	6	3	6	8	2	0	35

VALUATION PARTICIPANT RECONCILIATION

1. Active lives

a. Number in prior valuation 5/1/2023	32
b. Terminations	
i. Vested (partial or full) with deferred benefits	0
ii. Non-vested or full lump sum distribution received	0
iii. Transferred service to other fund	0
c. Deaths	
i. Beneficiary receiving benefits	0
ii. No future benefits payable	0
d. Disabled	0
e. Retired	<u>0</u>
f. Continuing participants	32
g. New entrants	<u>3</u>
h. Total active life participants in valuation	35

2. Non-Active lives (including beneficiaries receiving benefits)

	Service				
	Retirees,				
	Vested	Receiving	Receiving		
	Receiving	Death	Disability	Vested	
	Benefits	Benefits	Benefits	<u>Deferred</u>	<u>Total</u>
a. Number prior valuation	24	4	4	15	47
Retired	2	0	0	(2)	0
Vested Deferred	0	0	0	0	0
Death, With Survivor	0	0	0	0	0
Death, No Survivor	0	0	0	0	0
Disabled	0	0	0	0	0
Refund of Contributions	0	0	0	0	0
Rehires	0	0	0	0	0
Expired Annuities	0	0	0	0	0
Data Corrections	0	0	0	0	0
Hired/Termed in Same Year	0	0	0	0	0
b. Number current valuation	26	4	4	13	47

SUMMARY OF CURRENT PLAN

Article 3 Pension Fund

The Plan is established and administered as prescribed by "Article 3. Police Pension Fund – Municipalities 500,000 and Under" of the Illinois Pension Code.

Plan Administration

The Plan is a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of:

- a.) Two members appointed by the Municipality,
- b.) Two active Members of the Police Department elected by the Membership, and
- c.) One retired Member of the Police Department elected by the Membership.

Credited Service

Complete years of service as a sworn police officer employed by the Municipality.

Normal Retirement

Date

Tier 1: Age 50 and 20 years of Credited Service.

Tier 2: Age 55 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit

Tier 1: 50% of annual salary attached to rank on last day of service plus 2.50% of annual salary for each year of service over 20 years, up to a maximum of 75% of salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,000 per month.

Tier 2: 2.50% per year of service times the average salary for the 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which the total salary was the highest prior to retirement times the number of years of service, up to a maximum of 75% of average salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,000 per month.

For Tier 2 participants, the salary is capped at a rate of \$106,800 as of 2011, indexed annually at a rate of CPI-U, but not to exceed 3.00%.

Form of Benefit

Tier 1: For married retirees, an annuity payable for the life of the Member; upon the death of the member, 100% of the Member's benefit payable to the spouse until death. For unmarried retirees, the normal form is a Single Life Annuity.

Tier 2: Same as above, but with 66 2/3% of benefit continued to spouse.

Early Retirement

Date

Tier 1: Age 60 and 8 years of Credited Service.

Tier 2: Age 50 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit

Tier 1: Normal Retirement benefit with no minimum.

Tier 2: Normal Retirement benefit, reduced 6.00% each year before age 55, with no minimum benefit.

Form of Benefit

Same as Normal Retirement

Disability Benefit

Eligibility

Total and permanent as determined by the Board of Trustees.

Benefit Amount

A maximum of:

- a.) 65% of salary attached to the rank held by Member on last day of service, and;
- b.) The monthly retirement pension that the Member is entitled to receive if he or she retired immediately.

For non-service connected disabilities, a benefit of 50% of salary attached to rank held by Member on last day of service.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

Tier 1:

Retirees: An annual increase equal to 3.00% per year after age 55. Those that retire prior to age 55 receive an increase of 1/12 of 3.00% for each full month since benefit commencement upon reaching age 55.

Disabled Retirees: An annual increase equal to 3.00% per year of the original benefit amount beginning at age 60. Those that become disabled prior to age 60 receive an increase of 3.00% of the original benefit amount for each year since benefit commencement upon reaching age 60.

Tier 2: An annual increase each January 1 equal to 3.00% per year or one-half of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, whichever is less, of the original pension after the attainment of age 60 or first anniversary of pension start date whichever is later.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit

Service Incurred

100% of salary attached to rank held by Member on last day of

service.

Non-Service Incurred

A maximum of:

a.) 54% of salary attached to the rank held by Member on last day of service, and;

b.) The monthly retirement pension earned by the deceased Member at the time of death, regardless of whether death occurs before or after age 50.

For non-service deaths with less than 10 years of service, a refund of member contributions is provided.

Vesting (Termination)

Vesting Service Requirement

Tier 1: 8 years.

Tier 2: 10 years.

Non-Vested Benefit

Refund of Member Contributions.

Vested Benefit

Either the termination benefit, payable upon reaching age 60 (55 for Tier 2), provided contributions are not withdrawn, or a refund of member contributions. The termination benefit is 2.50% of annual salary held in the year prior to termination (4-year final average salary for Tier 2) times creditable service.

Contributions

Employee

9.91% of Salary.

Municipality

Remaining amount necessary for payment of Normal (current year's) Cost and amortization of the accrued past service liability.

City of Darien Minutes of the Administrative/Finance Committee August 5, 2024

Chairwoman/Alderwoman Sullivan called the meeting to order at 6:00 pm. Committee members Leganski and Schauer was present. Also in attendance was City Administrator Vana and Treasurer Coren.

A resolution approving a contract extension, year 4, with Eco Clean Maintenance, Inc. to provide janitorial services for the City of Darien in an amount not to exceed \$28,896.

Staff advised that in 2021 the City of Darien requested bids, which included optional contract extensions. For the past 36 months, Eco Clean Maintenance, Inc. has provided janitorial services for the City, including Public Works, Police Department and City Hall. The City is satisfied with the service provided by Eco Clean Maintenance, Inc. and recommends a contract extension with Eco Clean Maintenance Inc. The committee unanimously recommended approval of the extension.

Update on Strategic Plan

The staff provided an update on the draft strategic plan and advised staff reviewed each of the Strategic Issues presented. Staff will refine key issues and goals that address each strategic issue. Staff advised that the draft plan would be discussed at the fall council goal-setting meeting. The committee preferred to discuss this draft document prior to the fall goal setting. Staff will review an earlier review, possibly at a special committee of the whole meeting or at the end of the September 16 council meeting.

<u>Minutes – June 3, 2024</u> - The committee unanimously approved the minutes.

Approved:
Mary Sullivan, Chairwoman
Геd Schauer, Member
Gerry Leganski, Member

Adjournment - The meeting adjourned at 6:21 p.m.