# City of Darien, Illinois

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2010



Prepared by General Administration Department

Michael J. Coren City Treasurer

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

> For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

Prepared by the General Administration Department

Michael J. Coren City Treasurer

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# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

## April 30, 2010

#### MAYOR

Kathleen Moesle Weaver

#### CITY COUNCIL

## Halil Avci Ted Schauer John Galan John F. Poteraske, Jr. Carolyn A. Gattuso Joseph A. Marchese Sylvia McIvor

#### CITY TREASURER

Michael J. Coren

#### CITY CLERK

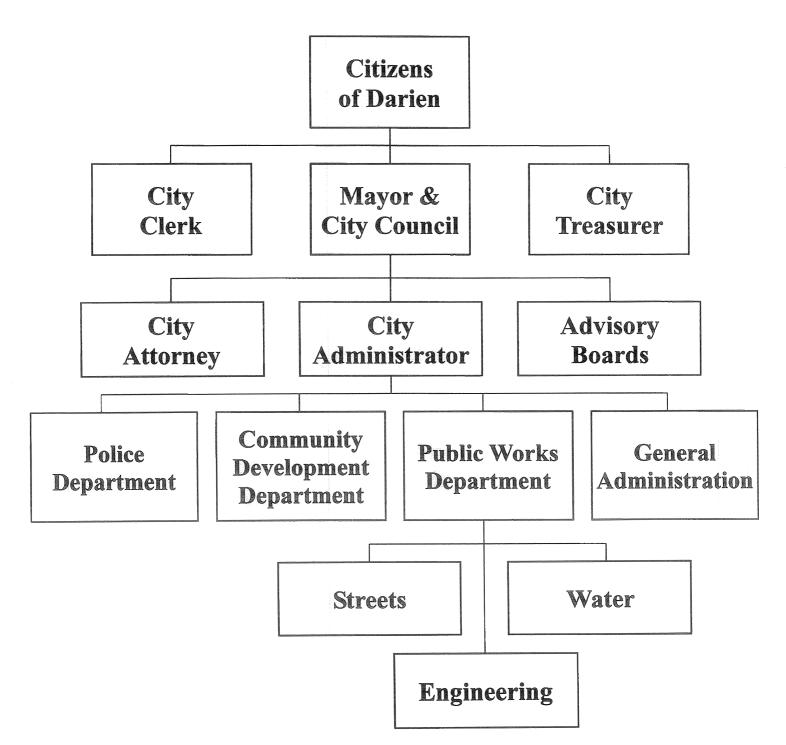
Joanne F. Coleman

#### CITY ATTORNEY

John B. Murphy

# **CITY OF DARIEN**

# **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**





# CITY OF DARIEN

# In the County of DuPage and the State of Illinois Incorporated 1969

October 5, 2010

To: The Honorable Mayor and Alderman Citizens of the City of Darien, Illinois

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Darien for the year ended April 30, 2010, is hereby submitted. State law, as well as local ordinances, requires that the City publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a report on its financial position and activity presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City management. We believe the data as presented is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the City's financial position and changes in financial position as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the City's financial condition have been included. The organization and content of the report follows the standards for annual financial reporting promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework to protect the assets of the City and to compile sufficiently reliable information for the preparation of the City of Darien's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's internal control framework has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Sikich, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Darien for the year ended April 30, 2010, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the

financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements of the year ended April 30, 2010, are presented fairly in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management Discussion & Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement that analysis and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

This report includes all financial activity for the funds, and departments for which the City is financially accountable. The criteria used to determine financial accountability is defined in the Notes to the Financial Statements. The Police pension fund has its own separate Board that administers their fund resources and uses. Other local governments that serve the Darien community do not qualify as entities for which the City is accountable. These governments include the Darien Park District, Indian Prairie Library, Darien-Woodridge Fire Department, and all school districts. Therefore, the financial activities of these entities are not included in this report.

#### **PROFILE OF THE CITY OF DARIEN**

The City of Darien, which has land area of about 9.5miles, is located in DuPage County and is 25 miles west of Chicago. DuPage County is the second most populated county in Illinois, after Cook County. Along with several major arterial highways within minutes of the City limits, the Burlington Northern commuter train is approximately 10 minutes from City limits.

The resident population is 23,615; however, the City's retail corridor and corporate business parks raise the daytime population and economic activity, providing the City the benefit of a significant level of sales tax revenue. The property tax base is 80 percent residential and 20 percent commercial. The ten leading taxpayers represent 7 percent of the total tax base.

The City of Darien was incorporated in 1969. Today, the City operates under the Administrator form of government. The City elected by referendum to be a home-rule community and provides a full range of municipal services to its residential and commercial customers. These services include police protection, building inspection services, emergency 911 dispatch service, water services, community development services and the construction and maintenance of streets, stormwater and other municipal infrastructure.

The City of Darien has several specific policies to guide its financial operations. Those policies relate to accounting and financial reporting, budgeting, cash management and

investments and purchasing. The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the City Council. Activities of all City funds are included in the annual budget. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the budgeted amount) is established by the fund; however, City management uses stricter controls on transfers between functions requiring approval of the City Council. The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

### MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City of Darien, following specific directives from the Mayor, City Council and the City Administrator has been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the City's commitment to ensuring that is residents are able to live and work in an enviable environment. The most significant of these projects are discussed more thoroughly below:

- Subsidized taxi program for Darien senior citizens and residents with disabilities.
- Funds to continue on the Mayor and Council's goal of establishment of the Central Business District.
- Additional Street lights for improved visibility and safety.
- A 50/50 tree program where dead, damaged or diseased parkway trees can be replaced with the City and property owner sharing the cost.
- Parkway tree trimming, where approximately 1,700 parkway trees are trimmed and pruned to improve appearance and vitality.
- Snow removal from City streets and specified "safety sidewalks".
- Mowing of County rights-of-way within the City's limits.
- Continued full subsidy of the leaf pickup program.
- Free, curbside brush pickup 4 times from April to October.
- Continued emphasis on keeping our crime rate one of the lowest in DuPage County.
- Contributing to the DuPage Senior Council to permit them to continue to provide food services for elderly residents of Darien.
- Contributing to the DuPage Children's Center to permit them to continue to provide investigative services from crimes against youth residents of Darien.
- Rear Yard Drainage Assistance Program and drainage improvements in conjunction with the road paving program.
- Construction of a number of capital improvement projects that will improve storm water drainage, repair roads, sidewalks and curbs.
- Providing for the Resident Joint Bid for Services Program in which the City obtains resident bid prices for tree trimming and concrete work on private property as part of the public bid specifications.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Local Economy: The City of Darien maintained a relative strong financial position during the year. As revenues increased and decrease, as they do, management continually monitors their impact on the budget and makes decisions accordingly. The current year saw projected decreases in Sales Tax, Income Tax, and Telecommunications Tax due to the poor economy. Management recognized this trend and utilized state estimates and made the decision to increase revenues through the utility tax and also reduced its budget by \$400,000 in order to cover the projected shortfall. Major revenue sources include Property taxes, Sales tax, State Income tax, Telecommunications tax and the Utility tax. The unemployment rate went from 5.4% to 9.9% as of April 30, 2010. The equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of property in Darien continues to increase. The EAV for the City was 1,008,258,483 for the 2009 tax levy, decreasing by 1 percent from a year ago reflecting the difficult housing market that the rest of the country is experiencing as well.

<u>Budget System:</u> The City operates under a single-year budget program. The budget is approved as an ordinance for each fiscal year by Council. The budget process begins in October and includes resident input, staff meetings, department director requests and formal presentation of a municipal budget recommendation by the City Administrator with final budget approval by Council before the beginning of the fiscal year. Each line item has details justifying the total expense for that line item. The budget is adopted by the City Council is at the fund level.

<u>Awards:</u> The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) award honors governments with a high standard of reporting excellence and easy to read and efficiently organized CAFRs. This award is only valid for a one year period. The City believes that the current CAFR will meet all the requirements for this award and will be submitted to the GFOA this year to determine this report's eligibility for another certificate.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

I want to take this opportunity to thank the members of the Finance team for all their efforts. I also wish to express appreciation for the policies and decisions provided by the City Council as reflected in this report.

Submitted by:

Bryon Vana City Administrator

Paul Nosek, CPA Accounting Manager

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Darien Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

**Executive Director** 

FINANCIAL SECTION

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants



998 Corporate Boulevard • Aurora, IL 60502

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Darien, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Darien, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City of Darien, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Darien, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Darien, Illinois as of April 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the other required supplementary information listed in the accompanying table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Darien, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and supplemental data as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and supplemental data have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical information listed in the table of contents was not audited by us, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion thereon.

Shiller

Aurora, Illinois August 9, 2010 GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Darien, we offer readers of Darien's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Darien for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2010. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages iii to vi in this report and the City's financial statements.

The City of Darien's MD&A is also designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of financial activities, identify current changes, address the subsequent year's challenges, identify material deviations from the financial plan (approved budgets), and identify issues with individual funds.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- □ The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$21.1 million (net assets).
- ❑ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3.80 million, a decrease of \$2.17 million in comparison with the prior year. The decrease in fund balance was a planned reduction to maintain a fund balance that is in line with its objectives of three months reserve funds. Approximately \$3.77million is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$ 3.2 million, or 28 percent of the total General Fund expenditures.
- □ The City's total debt decreased by \$605 thousand during the current year to \$9.7 million. The City issued no new debt.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Darien's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business, and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be divided into two types of activities: governmental and business-type. Governmental activities present the functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities present the functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The City's governmental activities include functions like general government, public safety, and public works. The City's water department is included as a business-type activity.

### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other units of government, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. However, unlike the government-

wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources; as well as, on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains nine individual governmental funds and merged two funds with little activity into the general fund. The Joint Use Facility Fund and DARE Fund were merged in to the General Fund this year. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Capital Improvements and Debt Service all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual budget for each of the major funds listed above. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City's proprietary funds present the activities and balances in the Water Fund, which is considered to be a major fund, using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The proprietary funds reflect the private-sector type operation, where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation and maintenance including depreciation.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the city. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that for the government-wide financial statements.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and various fund financial statements.

## Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's contributions and funding progress of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and Police Pension Funds; as well as, budget to actual comparisons of the funds. Supplementary schedules include combining and individual fund schedules of all non-major funds and fiduciary funds.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Condensed Statement of Net Assets As of April 30, 2010 (In millions of dollars)											
	<u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities</u>				<u>siness-1</u> Activitie		<u>G</u>	<u>Government</u> Total			
	<u>2010</u>	2009	<u>Change</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	Change	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>Change</u>		
Current and other assets	6.79	\$8.8	(2.01)	1.79	\$1.77	.02	8.58	10.57	(1.99)		
Capital assets	<u>17.90</u>	<u>17.69</u>	<u>.21</u>	<u>7.76</u>	<u>8.09</u>	<u>(.33)</u>	<u>25.66</u>	<u>25.78</u>	(.12)		
Total Assets	<u>24.69</u>	<u>26.49</u>	(1.80)	<u>9.54</u>	<u>9.86</u>	<u>(.31)</u>	<u>34.24</u>	<u>36.35</u>	<u>(2.11)</u>		
Long-term liabilities	5.48	6.48	(1.00)	3.39	3.70	(.31)	8.87	10.18	(1.31)		
Other liabilities	<u>3.76</u>	<u>2.95</u>	<u>.81</u>	<u>.56</u>	<u>.26</u>	<u>.30</u>	<u>4.32</u>	<u>3.21</u>	<u>1.11</u>		
Total Liabilities	<u>9.24</u>	<u>9.43</u>	<u>(.19)</u>	<u>3.95</u>	<u>3.96</u>	<u>(.01)</u>	<u>13.19</u>	<u>13.39</u>	<u>(.20)</u>		
Net assets:											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12.16	11.53	.63	4.23	4.39	(.16)	16.39	15.92	.47		
Restricted	.05	.04	(.01)	0.00	0.00	0.00	.05	.04	.01		
Unrestricted	3.24	<u>5.49</u>	<u>(2.25)</u>	<u>1.37</u>	<u>1.51</u>	<u>(.14)</u>	<u>4.61</u>	7.00	(2.39)		
Total Net Assets	<u>15.45</u>	<u>17.06</u>	<u>(1.61)</u>	<u>5.60</u>	<u>5.90</u>	<u>(.30)</u>	<u>21.05</u>	<u>22.96</u>	<u>(1.91)</u>		

## Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Assets summary presentation.

<u>Net results of activities</u> – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net assets.

Borrowing for capital – which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending borrowed proceeds on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) increase capital assets and long-term debt, which will not change the net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

<u>Spending of non-borrowed current assets on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) will reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

<u>Principal payment on debt</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt; and, (b) reduce unrestricted net assets and increase net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

<u>Reduction of capital assets through depreciation</u> – which will reduce capital assets and net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

## Current Year Impacts

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a governments' financial position. In the case of the City of Darien, total net assets decreased approximately \$1.87 million from \$22.97 million to \$21.10 million. The City of Darien has a goal to maintain a specific level of fund balance and when it is projected that the amount is increasing, fund balance is used to cover expenditures rather than raise revenue. The City of Darien total assets equal \$34.24 million. The City of Darien total liabilities equal \$13.19 million.

The City experienced a decrease in current and other assets as it decreased the amounts receivable for collection of income tax and sales tax collections, and its cash and investments.

The City of Darien's assessed property tax rate was .2210. The City of Darien's portion of a resident's tax bill is small percentage of their total tax bill. The City of Darien's property taxes remain relatively lower than other municipalities within DuPage County.

A portion of the net assets of the governmental activities is restricted for street maintenance, road improvements, and special assessments. The unrestricted combined balance, for both governmental and business type activities, of \$4.60 million may be used to meet the ongoing City obligations to their citizens and creditors. All net asset categories show positive balances at yearend.

Condensed Statement of Activities												
	As of April 30, 2010 (In millions of dollars)											
	G	overnme		1	siness-1	Type	-	Governn	nent			
		<u>Activitie</u>	<u>es</u>	-	Activitie	<u>es</u>	<u>Total</u>					
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>Change</u>			
Revenues:												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for		• · · · ·			•			•				
Services	1.63	\$1.00	.63	3.50	\$3.37	.13	5.13	\$4.37	.76			
Operating Grants and Contributions	.70	0.64	0.06	-	-	-	.70	0.64	.06			
General Revenues:												
Property taxes	2.26	1.7	.56	-	-	-	2.26	1.70	.56			
Other Taxes	7.65	7.9	(.25)	-	-	-	7.65	7.90	(.25)			
Other General												
Revenues	<u>.46</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>(.74)</u>	<u>.17</u>	<u>.20</u>	<u>(.03)</u>	<u>.63</u>	<u>1.40</u>	(.77)			
Total Revenues	12.70	12.44	.26	3.67	3.57	.10	16.37	16.01	.36			
Expenses:												
Administration	1.80	1.74	.06	-	-	-	1.80	1.74	.06			
Public Works	2.80	2.43	.37	-	-	-	2.80	2.43	.37			
Public Safety	9.30	9.36	(.06)	-	-	-	9.30	9.36	(.06)			
Interest and Fees	.24	.33	(.09)	-	-	-	.24	.33	(.09)			
Water	=	<u>0.0</u>		<u>3.99</u>	<u>3.99 3.95</u>		<u>3.99</u>	<u>3.95</u>	<u>.04</u>			
Total Expenses	14.14	13.86	.28	3.99	3.95	.04	18.13	17.81	.32			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Before Prior Period												
Adjustment Prior Period	(1.43)	(1.42)	( .01)	(.32)	(.38)	.06	(1.75)	(1.80)	.05			
Adjustment	<u>(.17)</u>	<u> </u>	(.17)	-	-	-	<u>(.17)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(.17)</u>			
Change in Net Assets Net Assets,	(1.60)	(1.42)	(.18)	(.32)	(38)	.06	(1.92)	(1.80)	(.12)			
Beginning of Year	<u>17.06</u>	<u>18.48</u>	<u>(1.42)</u>	<u>5.90</u>	<u>6.28</u>	<u>(.38)</u>	<u>22.96</u>	<u>24.76</u>	<u>(1.80)</u>			
Net Assets, End of Year	15.46	\$17.06	(1.60)	5.58	\$5.90	(.32)	21.04	22.96	(1.92)			

### Normal Impacts

There are eight basic (normal) impacts that will affect the comparability of the revenues and expenses on the Statement of Activities summary presentation.

#### Revenues

<u>Economic condition</u> – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment, and has substantial impact on state sales, replacement and hotel/motel tax revenue; as well as, public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees, and volumes of consumption.

<u>Increase/decrease in City approved rates</u> – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the City Council has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, home rule sales tax, etc.).

<u>Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenue (both recurring and non-recurring)</u> – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year to year comparisons.

<u>Market impacts on investment income</u> – the City's investments may be affected by market conditions causing investment income to increase/decrease.

### Expenses

<u>Introduction of new programs</u> – within the functional expense categories (general government, public safety, public works, and community development), individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

<u>Change in authorized personnel</u> – changes in service demand may cause the City Council to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent the largest operating cost of the City.

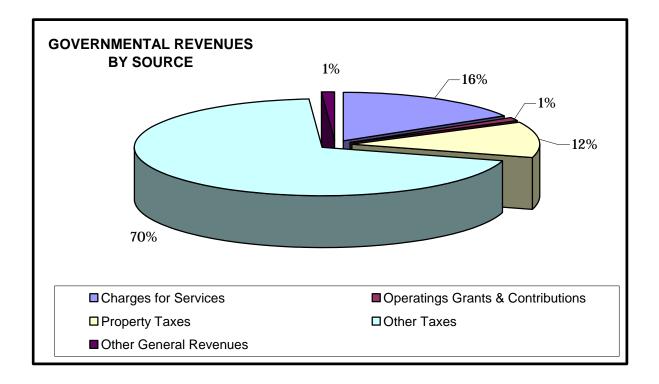
<u>Salary increases (annual adjustments and merit)</u> – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

<u>Inflation</u> – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuel and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

## Current Year Impacts

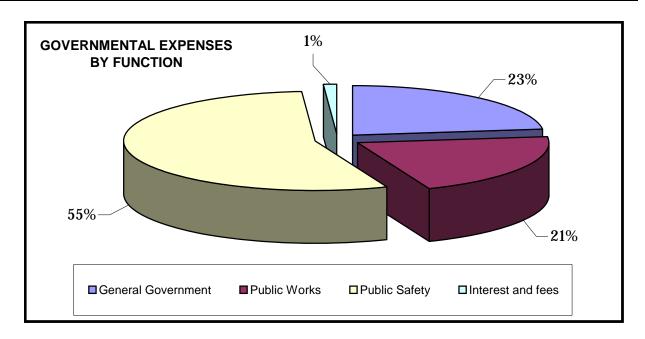
The Governmental Activities experienced an increase in revenue of \$.25 million and an increase in spending resulted in a decrease in net assets of \$1.6 million compared to total net assets of \$17.06 million in the prior fiscal year.

# **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**



## <u>Revenues</u>

The City of Darien experienced an increase in total revenue for this fiscal year. This increase in revenues amounted to \$35 thousand. (see page 6 of MD&A)The increase in revenues was due partially to utility tax revenue rates that were increased towards the end of the year.

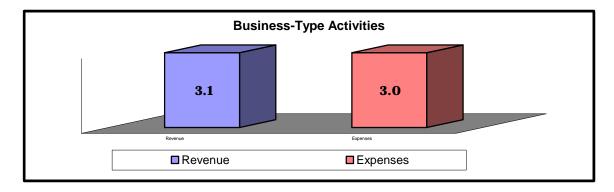


# <u>Expenses</u>

The City of Darien's overall expenses in the current fiscal year increased over the previous year, \$30 thousand of which a majority went towards highways and streets.

As a result of an attempt to conserve overall spending, general government departmental spending actually decreased only slightly.

# Business Type Activities



The Business-Type activity of the City of Darien includes the Water Department. The Water Departments serves the city residents and businesses; Pricing of water is based on fee determined by the supplier of water, the DuPage Water Commission. Sales of water (revenues) can be affected by climate, at times, with warmer and drier summers bringing

higher demand. The operating revenues of the Water Department increased by \$133 thousand in comparison to the prior year, due to increased demand by consumers and the addition of new customers that were added on to the system.

The City sets a goal of transferring \$250 thousand from its Water Department to the General Fund. Operating expenses increased \$256 thousand for this fiscal year for various reasons including personnel costs. The increase was also the result of increases in contractual and material supply expenses for the water system as well as the additional customers and the increased water rates from the City of Chicago.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City of Darien uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City of Darien's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Darien financing requirements.

The City of Darien's major funds include; the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Capital Improvement and Debt Service Fund.

At of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Darien's governmental funds reported a combined (major and non-major) ending fund balance of \$3.81 million; a decrease of \$2.16 million over fiscal 2009

The fund balance of the City of Darien's general fund increased by \$37 thousand to \$3.25 million during the current fiscal year. (see page 42 of Financial Statements)

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year 2010 the original budget was amended. The General Fund expenditures were reduced by \$248,708 due to projected revenue shortfalls by the State of Illinois. Over the course of the year the City realized an increase in budgeted revenue for property taxes and utility taxes. (see page 49 of Financial Statements.)

The actual expenditures for fiscal year 2010 were less than budgeted amounts by \$555 thousand due to reductions in employees, eliminating payroll increases and a revision of the budget due to concern over anticipated revenues. (see page 55 of Financial Statements)

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## Capital assets

At the end of fiscal 2010, the City of Darien had total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$25.66 million, invested in a broad range of capital assets including police and public works equipment, buildings, water facilities, roads, streets, and sewer lines. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current year was \$.12 million. For more detailed information see note 4. Capital Assets, page 29.

### Debt Administration

The debt administration discussion covers two types of debt reported by the City's financial statements. The City's governmental activities include the note payable and a general obligation bond issuance for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Overall, the City's governmental activities report a total debt of \$6.15 million. The City began the fiscal year with a balance of \$6.65 million in debt, and did not issue any new debt.

In the City's business-type activities a total debt of \$3.54 million is reported. Debt was reduced in the City business-type activity during 2010 by \$157 thousand, and issued no new debt. The business activity debt is paid primarily by revenues generated by the Water Department's sale of water fee for service. The revenue bonds of the business-type activity are obligations of the business-type activity only and are used for infrastructure and building improvements to the system. (More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.)

# FACTORS BEARING ON THE CITY'S FUTURE

The general economic conditions of DuPage County, Cook County, and the Chicago metropolitan statistical area are affected by the national economic downturn. The unemployment rate for the most recent period available for this year, is 9.8% County-wide (Local Area Unemployment Statistics LAUS web site). The City's future is also affected by the sales tax base, which can vary based upon the vacancy rate of the local retail establishments, which are affected by the national economy.

The City's expenditures are comprised mostly of salaries and benefits. The City of Darien, along with all other municipalities, is also struggling to deal with the seemingly endless doubledigit annual percentage increases in the premium cost of health insurance. Other factors bearing on the City's future include increases in water rates charged, and the general state of the economy. All of the local economic factors, revenue projections, and analysis of the City's expenditures are factored in the future fiscal budget plans.

# **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide the City's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances; as well as, to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the City Hall:

Bryon Vana City Administrator 1702 Plainfield Road Darien, Illinois 60561

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

#### April 30, 2010

	Primary Government								
	Governmental			siness-Type					
	Act	ivities		Activities		Total			
ASSETS	<b>^ 0</b>	101011	<i>•</i>		¢				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,	404,061	\$	952,957	\$	3,357,018			
Receivables (net, where applicable,									
of allowances for uncollectibles)									
Property taxes	2.	,079,848		-		2,079,848			
Accounts		-		794,034		794,034			
Intergovernmental		,902,811		-		1,902,811			
Other		311,781		-		311,781			
Net pension asset		53,205		-		53,205			
Prepaids		-		5,033		5,033			
Unamortized bond issuance costs		17,793		29,664		47,457			
Inventories		22,454		-		22,454			
Capital assets not being depreciated		313,336		100,000		7,413,336			
Capital assets being depreciated	10,	588,805		7,666,833		18,255,638			
Total assets	24,	694,094		9,548,521		34,242,615			
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		412,017		323,086		735,103			
Accrued payroll		230,282		17,123		247,405			
Accrued interest payable		172,113		64,721		236,834			
Unearned revenue	2.	079,848		-		2,079,848			
Deposits payable		179,630		-		179,630			
Other payables		674		-		674			
Darien Helping Darien fund		1,182		_		1,182			
DTC maintenance escrow		10,000		_		10,000			
Noncurrent liabilities		- ,				- ,			
Due within one year		676,099		156,728		832,827			
Due in more than one year	5	475,822		3,387,595		8,863,417			
Total liabilities	9	,237,667		3,949,253		13,186,920			
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt	12.	163,242		4,234,030		16,397,272			
Restricted for		,		, - ,					
Special service area		1,706		-		1,706			
Public safety		10,660		_		10,660			
Debt service		43,944		_		43,944			
Unrestricted	3	,236,875		1,365,238		4,602,113			
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 15	456,427	\$	5,599,268	\$	21,055,695			

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

				Charges	Operating			Capital	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	fo	or Services	Grants			Grants	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$	1,796,188	\$	1,112,551	\$	-	\$	-	
Highways and streets		2,796,114		334,410		612,429		62,942	
Public safety		9,307,060		182,928		23,422		-	
Interest and fiscal charges on									
long-term debt		244,194		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		14,143,556		1,629,889		635,851		62,942	
Business-Type Activities									
Water operations		3,988,615		3,505,121		-		-	
Total business-type activities		3,988,615		3,505,121		-		_	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	18,132,171	\$	5,135,010	\$	635,851	\$	62,942	

	Net (Expense) R	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in N								
	Pr	imary Government								
	Governmental	Business-Type								
	Activities	Activities	Total							
	\$ (683,637)	\$ - \$	(683,637)							
	(1,786,333)	_	(1,786,333)							
	(9,100,710)	-	(9,100,710)							
	(244,194)	-	(244,194)							
	(11,814,874)	-	(11,814,874)							
		(483,494)	(483,494)							
		(483,494)	(483,494)							
	(11,814,874)	(483,494)	(12,298,368)							
General Revenues Taxes										
Property	2,258,149	_	2,258,149							
Replacement	6,473	_	6,473							
Income	1,875,593	_	1,875,593							
Sales	4,152,267	_	4,152,267							
Local use	258,621	_	258,621							
Telecommunications	330,075	_	330,075							
Utility	716,705	_	716,705							
Amusement	107,465	_	107,465							
Hotel/motel	31,916	_	31,916							
Road and bridge	182,241	-	182,241							
Investment income	93,494	21,849	115,343							
Miscellaneous	366,970	152,000	518,970							
Total	10,379,969	173,849	10,553,818							
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(1,434,905)	(309,645)	(1,744,550)							
NET ASSETS, MAY 1	17,061,197	5,908,913	22,970,110							
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	(169,865)	-	(169,865)							
NET ASSETS, MAY 1, RESTATED	16,891,332	5,908,913	22,800,245							
NET ASSETS, APRIL 30	\$ 15,456,427	\$ 5,599,268 \$	21,055,695							

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## April 30, 2010

	 General				Capital Improvements		Debt Service		Nonmajor	Total	
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$ 1,629,486	\$	-	\$	683,424	\$	43,944	\$	47,207 \$	2,404,061	
Property taxes	1,976,481		-		-		103,367		-	2,079,848	
Intergovernmental	1,788,644		51,225		62,942		-		-	1,902,811	
Other	310,855		-		-		-		926	311,781	
Inventory	22,454		-		-		-		-	22,454	
Due from other funds	 97,586		-		-		-		-	97,586	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,825,506	\$	51,225	\$	746,366	\$	147,311	\$	48,133 \$	6,818,541	

	General	Motor Fuel Tax	Capital Improvements	Debt Service	Nonmajor	Total
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 178,532	\$ 2,383	3 \$ 231,102	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 412,017
Accrued payroll	230,282	-	-	-	-	230,282
Deferred revenue	1,976,481	-	-	103,367	-	2,079,848
Deposits payable	179,630	-	-	-	-	179,630
Other payables	674	-	-	-	-	674
Darien Helping Darien fund	1,182	-	-	-	-	1,182
DTC maintenance escrow	10,000	-	-	-	-	10,000
Due to other funds		97,586	б -	-	-	97,586
Total liabilities	2,576,781	99,969	231,102	103,367	-	3,011,219
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)						
Reserved for inventory	22,454	-	-	-	-	22,454
Reserved for special service area	-	-	-	-	1,706	1,706
Reserved for public safety	-	-	-	-	10,660	10,660
Reserved for debt serivce	-	-	-	43,944	-	43,944
Unreserved						
General Fund	3,226,271	-	-	-	-	3,226,271
Special Revenue Funds	-	(48,744	4) -	-	-	(48,744)
Capital Projects Funds		-	515,264	_	35,767	551,031
Total fund balances (deficit)	3,248,725	(48,744	4) 515,264	43,944	48,133	3,807,322
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$ 5,825,506	\$ 51,225	5 \$ 746,366	\$ 147,311	\$ 48,133	\$ 6,818,541

# RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 3,807,322
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	17,902,141
Net pension asset is shown as an asset on the statement of net assets	53,205
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Bonds payable	(5,450,000)
Notes payable	(265,116)
Compensated absences payable	(413,022)
Unamortized premiums on long-term debt are other financing sources in governmental funds in the year of issuance but are capitalized and	
amortized on the statement of net assets	(26,147)
Unamortized discounts on long-term debt are other financing uses in governmental funds in the year of issuance but are capitalized and	
amotized on the statement of net assets	2,364
Deferred charges from bond issues are shown as an asset on the statement of net assets but expensed in	
the period in governmental funds Unamortized bond issuance costs	17,793
Accrued interest payable is not recorded in governmental funds but is recorded on the statement of net assets	 (172,113)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 15,456,427

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

	General		Motor Fuel Tax		Capital Improvements		Debt Service		Nonmajor		Total	
REVENUES												
Taxes	\$	3,324,176	\$	-	\$	199,794	\$	104,000	\$	5,055	\$	3,633,025
Licenses and permits		978,015		-		-		-		-		978,015
Intergovernmental		6,301,760		612,429		62,942		-		-		6,977,131
Charges for services		2,250		-		-		-		-		2,250
Fines and forfeits		-		-		-		-		2,742		2,742
Investment income		51,142		703		36,662		3,659		1,328		93,494
Miscellaneous		1,020,326		1,668		-		-		-		1,021,994
Total revenues		11,677,669		614,800		299,398		107,659		9,125		12,708,651
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General government		1,696,027		-		-		-		18,909		1,714,936
Highways and streets		2,125,453		551,696		-		-		-		2,677,149
Public safety		6,973,226		-		-		-		-		6,973,226
Capital outlay		-		-		2,275,338		400,000		-		2,675,338
Debt service												
Principal		472,915		-		115,000		-		-		587,915
Interest and fiscal charges		53,575		-		84,794		104,000		-		242,369
Total expenditures		11,321,196		551,696		2,475,132		504,000		18,909		14,870,933
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		356,473		63,104		(2,175,734)		(396,341)		(9,784)		(2,162,282)

	 General	]	Motor Fuel Tax	Capital Improvements	Debt Service	Nonmajor	Total
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	\$ 13,187	\$	- \$ -	-	\$ - \$ -	- \$ (13,187)	13,187 (13,187)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 13,187		-	-	-	(13,187)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	369,660		63,104	(2,175,734)	(396,341)	(22,971)	(2,162,282)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), MAY 1	2,879,065		(111,848)	2,690,998	440,285	71,104	5,969,604
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), APRIL 30	\$ 3,248,725	\$	(48,744) \$	515,264	\$ 43,944 \$	48,133 \$	3,807,322

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	\$ (2,162,282)
activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	971,177
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g., depreciation) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(738,947)
The repayment of the principal portion long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities	587,915
The change in accrued interest payable on long-term debt is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	(2,641)
Certain costs associated with the issuances of bonds are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds on the statement of activities:	
Amortization of issuance costs	(1,271)
Discount on issuance Premium on issuance	(1,181) 3,268
The loss on disposal of capital assets is shown as an expense on the statement of activities	(22,050)
The change in compensated absences payable is shown as an expense on the statement of activities	(89,178)
The change in the net pension asset is shown as a reduction of expense on the statement of activities	 20,285
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,434,905)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2010

	Business-Type Activities Water Operations
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net, where applicable,	\$ 952,957
of allowances for uncollectibles) Accounts Water - billed	2,987 9,718
Water - unbilled Prepaid expenses	781,329 5,033
Total current assets	1,752,024
NONCURRENT ASSETS Deferred bond issuance costs	29,664
Capital assets Assets not being depreciated Assets being depreciated	100,000
Cost Accumulated depreciation	15,481,351 (7,814,518)
Net capital assets	7,666,833
Net capital assets	7,766,833
Total noncurrent assets	7,796,497
Total assets	9,548,521
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable	323,086
Accrued payroll Accrued interest payable	17,123 64,721
Bonds payable Compensated absences payable	155,000 1,728
Total current liabilities	561,658
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Bonds payable	3,390,000
Unamortized bond discount Compensated absences payable	(12,197) 9,792
Total long-term liabilities	3,387,595
Total liabilities	3,949,253
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	4,234,030 1,365,238
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 5,599,268

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

OPERATING REVENUES	Business-Type Activities Water Operations
Water sales	\$ 3,451,914
Inspections/tap on/permits Sale of meters	24,437 3,165
Other water sales	
Other water sales	25,605
Total operating revenues	3,505,121
OPERATING EXPENSES	
EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION	
Personnel services	707,324
Materials and supplies	653,446
Contractual services	2,013,366
Capital related - uncapitalized	66,869
Total operating expenses excluding depreciation	3,441,005
OPERATING INCOME BEFORE	
DEPRECIATION	64,116
Depreciation	388,765
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(324,649)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	21,849
Miscellaneous income	152,000
Interest expense	(155,442)
Miscellaneous expense	(3,403)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	15,004
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(309,645)
NET ASSETS, MAY 1	5,908,913
NET ASSETS, APRIL 30	\$ 5,599,268

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

	Business-Type
	Activities
	Water
	Operations
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,353,500
Payments to suppliers	(2,579,257)
Payments to employees	(716,480)
Net cash from operating activities	57,763
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
None	-
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	<u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Capital assets purchased	(62,242)
Principal payments	(150,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	(158,804)
Miscellaneous receipts	152,000
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(219,046)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	27,111
Net cash from investing activities	27,111
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND	
CASH EQUIVALENTS	(134,172)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVILENTS, MAY 1	1,087,129
CASH AND CASH EQUIVILENTS, APRIL 30	\$ 952,957
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	
TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (324,649)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	
to net cash from operating activities	
Depreciation	388,765
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	(151,621)
Accounts payable	154,424
Accrued payroll	(1,492)
Compensated absences payable	(7,664)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 57,763

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# April 30, 2010

	Pension Trust Fund		Agency		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,634,782	\$	12,720		
Investments					
U.S. Treasury obligations	1,335,080		-		
Annuities	51,853		-		
U.S. agency obligations	6,124,769		-		
Money market mutual funds	545,428		-		
Municipal bonds	855,392		-		
Equity mutual funds	5,224,335				
Receivables					
Accrued interest	98,539		-		
Prepaid expenses	2,760		-		
Total assets	16,872,938	\$	12,720		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	6,819	\$	_		
Due to others	, _		10,377		
Impact fees payable	_		2,317		
Deposits payable			26		
Total liabilities	6,819	\$	12,720		
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$ 16,866,119	=			

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS POLICE PENSION FUND

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 949,373
Employee	310,894
Total contributions	1,260,267
Investment income	
Net appreciation in	
fair value of investments	1,411,617
Interest	574,516
Total investment income	1,986,133
Less investment expense	(35,464)
Net investment income	1,950,669
Total additions	3,210,936
DEDUCTIONS	
Pension benefits	815,397
Contractual services	10,275
Administrative expenses	6,901
Total deductions	832,573
NET INCREASE	2,378,363
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	
May 1	14,487,756
April 30	\$ 16,866,119

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# April 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Darien, Illinois (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### a. Financial Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by a seven-member council consisting of seven aldermen and the mayor. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

The City's financial statements include a pension trust fund.

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The City's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary, and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The City and PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the City's police employees, and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. The PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

#### Darien Area Dispatch Center

The Darien Area Dispatch Center (the Dispatch Center) is a joint communications operation with the communities of Darien and Lisle to assist in responding to these communities. While the City assists in some administrative procedures, the Dispatch Center is a jointly governed organization funded by the communities involved.

#### b. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to report on its financial position and the changes in its financial position. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain city functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the City's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service fund), and the management of funds held in trust that can be used for governmental services (permanent fund). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the City (internal service funds). Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds*, the City has chosen to apply all GASB pronouncements as well as those FASB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 to account for enterprise funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments. The City utilizes pension trust funds and agency funds which are generally used to account for assets that the City holds in fiduciary capacity or on behalf of others as their agent.

#### c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

#### c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is to account for state-shared motor fuel tax revenues that are legally restricted to maintenance and construction of streets, sidewalks, alleys, and signals.

The Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for the proceeds of the Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A and the expenditures for the related capital projects.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the proceeds of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007B and the expenditures for the related capital projects.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water Operations Fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, financing and related debt service, and billing and collections.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

The Police Pension Fund accounts for the activities of the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by members at rates fixed by state statutes and by the City which uses the annual property tax levy to fund the employer contribution.

Agency Funds account for assets held on behalf of third parties and that do not involve the measurement of operating results.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues and expenses are directly attributable to the operation of the proprietary funds. Nonoperating revenue/expenses are incidental to the operations of these funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales taxes and telecommunications taxes which use a 90-day period and income taxes which use a 120-day period. The City recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when due.

Sales taxes owed to the state at year end, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Income and motor fuel taxes and fines collected and held by the state or county at year end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

In applying the susceptible-to-accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues (i.e., federal and state grants), the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidelines. Monies that are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, which are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible-to-accrual criteria are met.

The City reports unearned/deferred revenue on its financial statements. Unearned/deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned/deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both the revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned/deferred revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

City investments with a maturity of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost or amortized cost. City investments with a maturity greater than one year and all pension fund investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31.

Illinois Funds, a money market mutual fund created by the Illinois State Legislature and controlled by the Illinois State Treasurer is reported at a \$1 per share value, which equals the City's fair value in the pool.

f. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

#### g. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund inventories, if any, are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

#### h. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses, if any.

#### i. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$50,000 for machinery, equipment, and vehicles, \$100,000 for building improvements, \$100,000 for buildings, \$200,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, and any amount for land. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years				
Buildings	25-50				
Building improvements	8-25				
Land improvements	15-35				
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	5-20				
Infrastructure - streets	25-50				
Waterworks and sewage system	25				

#### j. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacations must be taken in the year following the one in which it was earned. Unused vacation time is not allowed to be carried over to the subsequent year without approval. Sick leave may be accumulated for future use. City employees may accrue up to 120 or 150 hours depending on the employment classification. The City's policy allows for a bonus to be paid for those employees who have not used sick days in the given year. Accumulated amounts are paid out at retirement at a rate of 50% of the employee's current hourly salary rate.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it once retirement or separation has occurred. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave of proprietary funds and governmental activities are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

#### k. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

#### I. Fund Balances/Net Assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net assets are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. None of the City's net assets are restricted as a result of enabling legislation adopted by the City. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt issued to acquire or construct the capital assets.

#### m. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

#### n. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the pension trust funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, cash and investments are separately held by several of the City's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust funds are held separately from those of other funds.

#### a. City Deposits and Investments

The City's investment policy authorizes the City to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value), and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET), a notfor-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. The City's investment policy does limit its deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system and are capable of posting collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance.

#### a. City Deposits and Investments (Continued)

It is the policy of the City to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, liquidity, and yield.

# Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance. The investment policy does not address how collateral is held.

#### Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the City's debt securities as of April 30, 2010:

			Investment Maturities in Years								
Investment Type	]	Fair Value	Ι	Less than 1		1-5		6-10		Grea	ter than 10
Negotiable CDs IMET Illinois Funds	\$	928,190 51,571 541,845	\$	928,190 - 541,845	\$	- 51,571 -	\$		- -	\$	- - -
TOTAL	\$	1,521,606	\$	1,470,035	\$	51,571	\$		-	\$	-

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City does not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The City limits its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities listed above; pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the City will do business in accordance with the City's investment policy; diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized. Illinois Funds and IMET are rated AAA.

a. City Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the City's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by an independent third-party custodian and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. Illinois Funds and IMET are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the City has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. The investments shall be diversified by:

- Limiting investments to avoid over concentration in securities from a specific issuer or business sector (excluding U.S. Treasury securities);
- Limiting investment in securities that have higher credit risks;
- Investing in securities with varying maturities; and
- Continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds such as local government investment pools (LGIPs), money market funds, or overnight repurchase agreements to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained in order to meet ongoing obligations.
- b. Police Pension Fund Deposits and Investments

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy authorizes the Police Pension Fund to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, interest-bearing obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, interest-bearing bonds of the State of Illinois or any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, money market mutual funds whose investments consist of obligations of the U.S. Treasury or U.S. agencies, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies, mutual funds, common and preferred stock, Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value), and IMET, a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

#### b. Police Pension Fund Deposits and Investments (Continued)

It is the policy of the Police Pension Fund to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the cash flow demands of the Police Pension Fund and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, risk aversion, rate of return, and liquidity.

# Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy does not require pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance of at least 110% of the market value of deposits.

#### Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Police Pension Fund's debt securities as of April 30, 2010:

		Investment Maturities in Years								
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	Greater than 10					
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 1,335,080	\$ 50,061 \$	\$ 360,579 \$	924,440	\$ -					
U.S. agency obligations	6,124,769	280,789	2,536,909	1,724,870	1,582,201					
Money market mutual										
funds	545,428	545,428	-	-	-					
Negotiable CDs	2,634,681	582,745	2,051,936	-	-					
Municipal bonds	855,392	-	339,924	365,211	150,257					
TOTAL	\$ 11,495,350	\$ 1,459,023 \$	\$ 5,289,348 \$	3,014,521	\$ 1,732,458					

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Police Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for all reasonably anticipated operating requirements while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The Police Pension Fund limits its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing U.S. Treasury or U.S. agency obligations. The U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency obligations are rated AAA. Money market mutual funds, negotiable CDs and municipal bonds are unrated.

b. Police Pension Fund Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Police Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Police Pension Fund's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third-party custodian and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The money market mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Police Pension Fund has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. As of April 30, 2010, the Police Pension Fund has greater than 5% of its portfolio invested in U.S. Treasury obligations (7.96%), U.S. agency obligations (36.52%), equity mutual funds (31.15%), and negotiable CDs (15.71%).

#### 3. RECEIVABLES

#### a. Property Taxes

Property taxes for 2009 attached as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2009, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2010, and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2010 and September 1, 2010. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1 percent of the tax levy, to reflect actual collection experience. As the 2009 tax levy is intended to fund expenditures for the 2010-2011 fiscal year, these taxes are deferred as of April 30, 2010.

The 2010 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2010, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2010 as the tax has not yet been levied by the City and will not be levied until December 2010 and, therefore, the levy is not measurable at April 30, 2010.

# 3. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

# b. Due from Other Governments and Other Receivables

	 General	Im	Capital provements	Motor Fuel Tax	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Due from other governments					
Sales tax	\$ 962,819	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 962,819
Local use tax	45,650		-	-	45,650
Income tax	651,839		-	-	651,839
Motor fuel tax	-		-	51,225	51,225
Telecommunications tax	82,065		-	-	82,065
Utility tax	46,271		-	-	46,271
Due from DuPage County	 -		62,942	-	62,942
Total due from other government	 1,788,644		62,942	51,225	1,902,811
Other receivables					
Franchise fees	71,420		-	-	71,420
Hotel/motel tax	3,123		-	-	3,123
Amusement tax	6,988		-	-	6,988
Paypal	39		-	-	39
Deposit with IPBC terminal reserve	183,764		-	-	183,764
Miscellaneous	46,447		-	-	46,447
Total other receivables	 311,781		-	-	311,781
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,100,425	\$	62,942	\$ 51,225	\$ 2,214,592

# 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2010 was as follows:

	 Balances May 1	Increases	Decreases	Balances April 30
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 7,313,336	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,313,336
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 7,313,336	-	-	7,313,336
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	5,981,225	-	-	5,981,225
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	1,709,627	144,924	-	1,854,551
Infrastructure	12,076,656	826,253	134,683	12,768,226
Total capital assets being depreciated	 19,767,508	971,177	134,683	20,604,002
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	2,097,298	119,625	-	2,216,923
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	931,300	130,577	-	1,061,877
Infrastructure	6,360,285	488,745	112,633	6,736,397
Total accumulated depreciation	 9,388,883	738,947	112,633	10,015,197
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 10,378,625	232,230	22,050	10,588,805
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 17,691,961	\$ 232,230	\$ 22,050	\$ 17,902,141
	 , ,	,	,	

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government\$ 51,034Public safety61,721Highways and streets626,192TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES\$ 738,947Balances May 1IncreasesDecreasesMay 1IncreasesDecreasesApril 30BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated\$ 100,000\$ - \$ - \$ 100,000Land\$ 100,000\$ - \$ - \$ 100,000Total capital assets not being depreciated6,926,99262,242Buildings and improvements6,926,99262,242325,189Machinery and equipment832,615- 832,615Infrastructure7,984,691- 7,984,691Total capital assets being depreciated15,744,29862,242Buildings and improvements2,225,166202,178Buildings and improvements2,225,166202,178Jotal capital assets being depreciated15,744,29862,242Total capital assets being depreciated15,744,29862,242Infrastructure7,790,942388,765325,189Total acumulated depreciation7,750,942388,765325,189Total capital assets being depreciated, net7,993,356\$ (326,523)- \$ 7,66,833BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET\$ 8,093,356\$ (326,523)\$ 5,766,833	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Public safety Highways and streets $61,721$ $626,192$ TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIESBalances May 1IncreasesBalances DecreasesBalances April 30BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land\$ 100,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 100,000Total capital assets not being depreciated $100,000$ - $- 100,000$ Capital assets being depreciated $100,000$ - $- 100,000$ Capital assets being depreciated $5,26,992$ Buildings and improvements $6,926,992$ Machinery and equipment $7,984,691$ Total capital assets being depreciated $15,744,298$ Decreases $2,225,166$ Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment $825,460$ $1,960$ $ 4,700,316$ $184,627$ $4,700,316$ $184,627$ $4,884,943$ Total capital assets being depreciated $7,7942$ $388,765$ $325,189$ $7,814,518$ Total capital assets being depreciated, net $7,993,356$ $(326,523)$ $7,666,833$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	General government						\$	51.034
Highways and streets $626,192$ TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES\$ 738,947Balances May 1IncreasesDecreasesBalances April 30BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total capital assets not being depreciated\$ 100,000\$ - \$ - \$ 100,000Capital assets not being depreciated Buildings and improvements\$ 2026,992 $62,242$ $325,189$ $6,664,045$ Machinery and equipment $832,615$ $832,615$ -832,615Infrastructure $7,984,691$ $7,984,691$ -7,984,691Total capital assets being depreciated $15,744,298$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $15,481,351$ Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment $825,460$ $1,960$ - $827,420$ Infrastructure $4,700,316$ $184,627$ - $4,884,943$ Total accumulated depreciation $7,750,942$ $388,765$ $325,189$ $7,814,518$ Total acquital assets being depreciated, net $7,993,356$ $(326,523)$ - $7,666,833$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIESBUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES $825,189$ $825,189$ $7,666,833$							т	,
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES\$ 738,947Balances May 1IncreasesDecreasesBalances April 30BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total capital assets not being depreciated\$ 100,000\$ - \$ - \$ 100,000Capital assets not being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated\$ 00,000 100,000Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated6,926,99262,242325,189101,000 7,984,691 7,984,691101,010 7,984,691 7,984,691-101,020 7,984,691 7,984,691-101,02115,744,29862,242325,18915,481,351Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment 11,7740,2982,225,166202,178325,1892,102,155Machinery and equipment 11,7750,942388,765325,1897,814,5187,750,942388,765325,1897,814,518Total capital assets being depreciated, net7,993,356(326,523)-7,666,8337,666,833BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIESSSSSSSSS	2							,
IncreasesBalances May 1BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total capital assets not being depreciated\$ $100,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $100,000$ Capital assets not being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated $6,926,992$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $6,664,045$ Rest of the system Machinery and equipment Buildings and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated $6,926,992$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $6,664,045$ Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $7,750,942$ $388,765$ $325,189$ $7,814,518$ Total capital assets being depreciated, net $7,993,356$ $(326,523)$ - $7,666,833$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES $325,185$ $325,185$ $325,185$ $325,185$	Highways and streets							020,192
IncreasesBalances May 1BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total capital assets not being depreciated\$ $100,000$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ $100,000$ Capital assets not being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated $6,926,992$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $6,664,045$ Rest of the system Machinery and equipment Buildings and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated $6,926,992$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $6,664,045$ Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $7,750,942$ $388,765$ $325,189$ $7,814,518$ Total capital assets being depreciated, net $7,993,356$ $(326,523)$ - $7,666,833$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES $325,185$ $325,185$ $325,185$ $325,185$	TOTAL DEDECLATION EVDENSI		OVEDN	ллт		TIMTICS	¢	729 047
$\frac{May 1}{May 1} \frac{Increases}{Increases} \frac{Decreases}{April 30}$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total capital assets not being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated, net Total capital assets being depreciated, net BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	IOTAL DEFRECTATION EAFENSI	E - U	OVERN	IVIE	INTAL AC	IIVIIIES	\$	/36,94/
$\frac{May 1}{May 1} \frac{Increases}{Increases} \frac{Decreases}{April 30}$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total capital assets not being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated, net Total capital assets being depreciated, net BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		F	Ralances					Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total capital assets not being depreciated\$ 100,000\$ - \$ - \$ 100,000Capital assets not being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated $6,926,992$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $6,664,045$ Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated $832,615$ $832,615$ Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated $15,744,298$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $15,481,351$ Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Achinery and equipment Infrastructure $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $4,700,316$ $184,627$ - $4,884,943$ Total accumulated depreciation $7,750,942$ $388,765$ $325,189$ $7,814,518$ Total capital assets being depreciated, net $7,993,356$ $(326,523)$ - $7,666,833$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES $325,189$ $325,189$ $325,189$ $325,189$ $325,189$					Increases	Decreases		
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total capital assets not being depreciated\$ 100,000\$ - \$ - \$ 100,000Capital assets not being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated $6,926,992$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $6,664,045$ Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated $832,615$ $832,615$ Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated $15,744,298$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $15,481,351$ Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Achinery and equipment Infrastructure $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $4,700,316$ $184,627$ - $4,884,943$ Total accumulated depreciation $7,750,942$ $388,765$ $325,189$ $7,814,518$ Total capital assets being depreciated, net $7,993,356$ $(326,523)$ - $7,666,833$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES $325,189$ $325,189$ $325,189$ $325,189$ $325,189$	DUSINESS TYDE ACTIVITIES							
Land Total capital assets not being depreciated $\$$ $100,000$ $\$$ $ \$$ $ \$$ $100,000$ Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment $6,926,992$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $6,664,045$ Infrastructure $7,984,691$ $  832,615$ $ -$ Total capital assets being depreciated $15,744,298$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $15,481,351$ Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment Infrastructure $825,460$ $1,960$ $ 827,420$ Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation $7,750,942$ $388,765$ $325,189$ $7,814,518$ Total capital assets being depreciated, net $7,993,356$ $(326,523)$ $ 7,666,833$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES $325,189$ $ 7,666,833$								
Capital assets being depreciated         Buildings and improvements       6,926,992       62,242       325,189       6,664,045         Machinery and equipment       832,615       -       -       832,615         Infrastructure       7,984,691       -       -       7,984,691         Total capital assets being depreciated       15,744,298       62,242       325,189       15,481,351         Less accumulated depreciation for       15,744,298       62,242       325,189       2,102,155         Machinery and equipment       825,460       1,960       -       827,420         Infrastructure       4,700,316       184,627       -       4,884,943         Total accumulated depreciation       7,750,942       388,765       325,189       7,814,518         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       7,993,356       (326,523)       -       7,666,833         BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES       Extractional capital assets being depreciated, net       7,993,356       (326,523)       -       7,666,833		\$	100,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	100,000
Buildings and improvements         6,926,992         62,242         325,189         6,664,045           Machinery and equipment         832,615         -         -         832,615           Infrastructure         7,984,691         -         -         7,984,691           Total capital assets being depreciated         15,744,298         62,242         325,189         15,481,351           Less accumulated depreciation for         15,744,298         62,242         325,189         2,102,155           Machinery and equipment         825,460         1,960         -         827,420           Infrastructure         4,700,316         184,627         -         4,884,943           Total accumulated depreciation         7,750,942         388,765         325,189         7,814,518           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         4         7,993,356         (326,523)         -         7,666,833	Total capital assets not being depreciated		100,000		-	-		100,000
Buildings and improvements         6,926,992         62,242         325,189         6,664,045           Machinery and equipment         832,615         -         -         832,615           Infrastructure         7,984,691         -         -         7,984,691           Total capital assets being depreciated         15,744,298         62,242         325,189         15,481,351           Less accumulated depreciation for         15,744,298         62,242         325,189         2,102,155           Machinery and equipment         825,460         1,960         -         827,420           Infrastructure         4,700,316         184,627         -         4,884,943           Total accumulated depreciation         7,750,942         388,765         325,189         7,814,518           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         4         7,993,356         (326,523)         -         7,666,833	Capital assets being depreciated							
Machinery and equipment $832,615$ $832,615$ Infrastructure $7,984,691$ $7,984,691$ Total capital assets being depreciated $15,744,298$ $62,242$ $325,189$ $15,481,351$ Less accumulated depreciation forBuildings and improvements $2,225,166$ $202,178$ $325,189$ $2,102,155$ Machinery and equipment $825,460$ $1,960$ - $827,420$ Infrastructure $4,700,316$ $184,627$ - $4,884,943$ Total accumulated depreciation $7,750,942$ $388,765$ $325,189$ $7,814,518$ BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIESBUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES $7,993,356$ $(326,523)$ - $7,666,833$			6.926.992		62.242	325,189		6.664.045
Infrastructure       7,984,691       -       -       7,984,691         Total capital assets being depreciated       15,744,298       62,242       325,189       15,481,351         Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements       2,225,166       202,178       325,189       2,102,155         Machinery and equipment       825,460       1,960       -       827,420         Infrastructure       4,700,316       184,627       -       4,884,943         Total accumulated depreciation       7,750,942       388,765       325,189       7,814,518         BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES       BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES       2,002,178       326,523)       -       7,666,833			/ /			-		, ,
Less accumulated depreciation for         Buildings and improvements       2,225,166       202,178       325,189       2,102,155         Machinery and equipment       825,460       1,960       -       827,420         Infrastructure       4,700,316       184,627       -       4,884,943         Total accumulated depreciation       7,750,942       388,765       325,189       7,814,518         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       7,993,356       (326,523)       -       7,666,833         BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES       BUSINESS       Total capital assets       Total capital assets <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>7,984,691</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>7,984,691</td></t<>			7,984,691		-	-		7,984,691
Buildings and improvements       2,225,166       202,178       325,189       2,102,155         Machinery and equipment       825,460       1,960       -       827,420         Infrastructure       4,700,316       184,627       -       4,884,943         Total accumulated depreciation       7,750,942       388,765       325,189       7,814,518         BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES       BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES       8       1       1       1	Total capital assets being depreciated		15,744,298		62,242	325,189		15,481,351
Buildings and improvements       2,225,166       202,178       325,189       2,102,155         Machinery and equipment       825,460       1,960       -       827,420         Infrastructure       4,700,316       184,627       -       4,884,943         Total accumulated depreciation       7,750,942       388,765       325,189       7,814,518         BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES       BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES       8       1       1       1	Lass accumulated depreciation for							
Machinery and equipment       825,460       1,960       -       827,420         Infrastructure       4,700,316       184,627       -       4,884,943         Total accumulated depreciation       7,750,942       388,765       325,189       7,814,518         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       7,993,356       (326,523)       -       7,666,833         BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES       -       -       -       -       -       -	Buildings and improvements		2 225 166		202.178	325 189		2 102 155
Infrastructure         4,700,316         184,627         -         4,884,943           Total accumulated depreciation         7,750,942         388,765         325,189         7,814,518           Total capital assets being depreciated, net         7,993,356         (326,523)         -         7,666,833           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         Image: Constraint of the second	Machinery and equipment		/ /		,			, ,
Total accumulated depreciation7,750,942388,765325,1897,814,518Total capital assets being depreciated, net7,993,356(326,523)-7,666,833BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					)	-		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	Total accumulated depreciation		7,750,942		388,765	325,189		7,814,518
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	Total capital assets being depreciated, net		7.993.356		(326,523)	-		7.666.833
	engran asses comy depression, not		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(020,020)			.,000,000
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET \$ 8,093,356 \$ (326,523) \$ - \$ 7,766,833	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
	CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	8,093,356	\$	(326,523)	\$ -	\$	7,766,833

#### 5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health; natural disasters; illnesses of employees; and injuries to the City's employees.

Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA)

The City participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in northeastern Illinois that have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperations Statute to pool their risk management needs. IRMA administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extension risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

# 5. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA) (Continued)

The City's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. Each member assumes the first \$2,500 of each occurrence, and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts above that level.

Each member appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the member on the Board of Directors. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of IRMA beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Initial contributions are determined each year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the bylaws of IRMA and experience modification factors based on past member loss experience. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits. The City is aware of no additional contributions due to IRMA as of April 30, 2010.

Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC)

The City participates in the Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC). IPBC is a public entity risk pool established by certain units of local government in Illinois to administer some or all of the personnel benefit programs (primarily medical, dental, and life insurance coverage) offered by these members to their officers and employees and to the officers and employees of certain governmental, quasi governmental, and nonprofit public service entities.

The IPBC receives, processes, and pays such claims as may come within the benefit program of each member. Management consists of a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed representative from each member. In addition, there are two officers; a Benefit Administrator and a Treasurer. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the IPBC beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

#### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### a. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

# 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

# a. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

A summary of changes in long-term debt reported in the governmental activities of the City for the year ended April 30, 2010 is as follows:

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Balances May 1	Issuances	Retirements	Balances April 30	Due Within One Year
\$1,400,000 Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A are due in annual installments (beginning December 15, 2008) ranging from \$320,000 to \$380,000 with interest from 4.875% to 5.000%. The last payment is due December 15, 2011.	General	\$ 1,080,000	\$-	\$ 340,000	\$ 740,000	\$ 360,000
\$2,600,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007B are due in annual installments (beginning December 15, 2012) ranging from \$390,000 to \$475,000 with interest at 4.000%. The last payment is due December 15, 2017.	Debt Service	2,600,000	-	-	2,600,000	-
\$2,370,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008 are due in annual installments (beginning January 1, 2009) ranging from \$115,000 to \$190,000 with interest from 3.50% to 4.00%. The last payment due is January 1, 2024.	Capital Improvement	2,225,000		115,000	2,110,000	120,000
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL BONDED DEBT		\$ 5,905,000	\$-	\$ 455,000	\$ 5,450,000	\$ 480,000

# **Business-Type Activities**

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Balances May 1	Issuances		Re	tirements	Balances April 30	 ue Within Dne Year
\$3,900,000 General Obligation Water Bonds, Series 2006 are due in annual installments (beginning December 15, 2007) ranging from \$60,000 to \$300,000 with interest from 4.10% to 4.30%. The last payment is due on December 15, 2025.	Water	\$ 3,695,000	\$	_	\$	150,000	\$ 3,545,000	\$ 155,000
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE BONDED DEBT		\$ 3,695,000	\$	-	\$	150,000	\$ 3,545,000	\$ 155,000

#### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### b. Installment Contracts

- 1) On October 25, 2007, the City entered into an installment contract with Citizens Financial Bank to finance the purchase of three public works vehicles in the amount of \$360,038 with \$50,038 due upon delivery.
- 2) On November 1, 2008, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of public works vehicles and equipment in the amount of \$235,958 with an interest rate of 3.75%.
- c. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal	Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds							Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds				
Year		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
		1						1				
2011	\$	480,000	\$	221,769	\$	701,769	\$	155,000	\$	149,028	\$	304,028
2012		505,000		199,569		704,569		165,000		142,674		307,674
2013		520,000		176,194		696,194		170,000		135,908		305,908
2014		545,000		155,719		700,719		180,000		128,896		308,896
2015		565,000		134,256		699,256		185,000		121,472		306,472
2016		585,000		112,006		697,006		195,000		113,840		308,840
2017		615,000		88,969		703,969		205,000		105,650		310,650
2018		635,000		64,563		699,563		215,000		97,040		312,040
2019		165,000		39,363		204,363		220,000		88,010		308,010
2020		170,000		32,969		202,969		230,000		78,770		308,770
2021		175,000		26,381		201,381		240,000		69,110		309,110
2022		185,000		19,600		204,600		255,000		59,030		314,030
2023		190,000		12,200		202,200		265,000		48,320		313,320
2024		115,000		4,600		119,600		275,000		37,058		312,058
2025		-		-		-		290,000		25,370		315,370
2026		-		-		-		300,000		12,900		312,900
TOTAL	\$	5,450,000	\$	1,288,158	\$	6,738,158	\$	3,545,000	\$	1,413,076	\$	4,958,076

Fiscal	Governmental Activities Installment Contract - 2007						Governmental Activities Installment Contract - 2008						
Year	P	rincipal	]	Interest		Total	F	Principal	]	Interest		Total	
2011 2012	\$	79,246 73,009	\$	7,873 4,030	\$	87,119 77,039	\$	54,900 57,960	\$	4,232 2,174	\$	59,132 60,134	
TOTAL	\$	152,255	\$	11,903	\$	164,158	\$	112,860	\$	6,406	\$	119,266	

#### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### d. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during fiscal year 2010:

	Balances May 1 Restated*	A	Additions	R	eductions	Balances April 30	_	ue Within Dne Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General obligation bonds Installment contract - 2007 Installment contract - 2008 Compensated absences payable** Unamortized bond discount Unamortized bond premium	\$ 5,905,000 228,166 169,865 323,843 (3,545) 29,415	\$	- - 137,755 - -	\$	455,000 75,911 57,004 48,577 (1,181) 3,268	\$ 5,450,000 152,255 112,861 413,021 (2,364) 26,147	\$	480,000 79,246 54,900 61,953
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,652,744	\$	137,755	\$	638,579	\$ 6,151,920	\$	676,099
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES General obligation bonds Unamortized bond discount Compensated absences payable	\$ 3,695,000 (12,986) 19,184	\$	- - -	\$	150,000 (789) 7,664	\$ 3,545,000 (12,197) 11,520	\$	155,000 
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,701,198	\$	-	\$	156,875	\$ 3,544,323	\$	156,728

\*Net assets of the governmental activities were restated to account for the line of credit that should have been recorded in the previous year. Net assets were decreased by \$169,865 in governmental activities.

\*\*The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate the compensated absences liability.

e. Line of Credit

On February 18, 2010, the City entered into a line of credit to cover any shortfalls in cash. The maximum amount that can be drawn down is \$1,250,000. Amounts outstanding under the agreement are due and payable on February 18, 2011. Amounts drawn under the line of credit at April 30, 2010 totaled \$0. The line of credit was not used in fiscal year 2010.

# 7. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Interfund receivables/payables at April 30, 2010 consisted of the following:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Motor Fuel Tax	\$ - 97,586	\$   97,586 -
TOTAL	\$ 97,586	\$ 97,586

The purpose of the due from/to is as follows:

• \$97,586 due from the Motor Fuel Tax Fund to the General Fund for a loan to cover a deficit cash balance at April 30, 2010.

Transfers between funds at April 30, 2010 consist of the following:

Fund	Tran	sfers In	Trar	nsfers Out
General Nonmajor	\$	13,187	\$	- 13,187
TOTAL	\$	13,187	\$	13,187

#### 8. COMMITMENTS

DuPage Water Commission

The City has committed to purchase water from the DuPage Water Commission (the Commission). The City expects to pay the following minimum amounts based on the Commission's debt service requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30	Amount
2011 2012 2013 2014	\$ 595,445 595,445 595,445 595,445 595,445

These amounts have been calculated using the City's current allocation percentage of 3.1338%. In future years, this allocation percentage will be subject to change.

#### 9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### a. Litigation

The City is not aware of any pending or threatening litigation.

#### b. DuPage Water Commission

The City's water supply agreement with the Commission provides that each customer is liable for its proportionate share of any costs arising from defaults in payment obligations by other customers.

#### 10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The City contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system and the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions for both plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. None of the pension plans issue separate reports on the pension plans. However, IMRF does issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from IMRF, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

a. Plan Descriptions

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 60 with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of their final rate of earnings for each year of credited service up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter.

IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Participating members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual salary to IMRF. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution for the year ended April 30, 2010 was 9.83% of covered payroll.

#### a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

#### Police Pension Plan

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. At April 30, 2010, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	14
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not	
yet receiving them	-
Current employees	
Vested	28
Nonvested	11
TOTAL	53

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater.

The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary and the administrative costs. Effective July 1, 1993, the City has until the year 2033 to fully fund the past service costs for the Police Pension Plan. For the year ended April 30, 2010, the City's contribution was 28.9% of covered payroll.

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

#### Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized when due pursuant to formal commitments as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

# Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

#### Administrative Costs

Administrative costs for the Police Pension Plan are financed primarily through investment earnings.

#### c. Annual Pension Costs

Employer contributions have been determined as follows:

	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension		
Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2007	April 30, 2009		
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age Normal	Entry-age Normal		
Asset valuation method	5 Year Smoothed Market	Market		
Amortization method	Level Percentage of Payroll	Level Percentage of Payroll		
Amortization period	23 Years, Closed	24 Years, Closed		

# c. Annual Pension Costs (Continued)

	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension
Significant actuarial assumptions		
a) Rate of return on present and future assets	7.50% Compounded Annually	7.00% Compunded Annually
b) Projected salary increase - attributable to inflation	4.00% Compounded Annually	5.50% Compounded Annually
<ul> <li>c) Additional projected salary increases - seniority/merit</li> </ul>	.40% to 10.00%	N/A
d) Postretirement benefit increases	3.00%	3.00%

Employer annual pension cost (APC), actual contributions, and the net pension obligation (asset) (NPO) are as follows. The NPO (asset) is the cumulative difference between the APC and the contributions actually made.

_	For Fiscal Year	Illinois Municipal Retirement		Police Pension	
Annual pension cost (APC)	2008 2009 2010	\$	371,672 306,740 303,386	\$	807,555 927,253 938,901
Actual contribution	2008 2009 2010	\$	371,672 306,740 303,386	\$	859,300 937,066 949,373
Percentage of APC contributed	2008 2009 2010		100.00% 100.00% 100.00%		106.47% 101.31% 101.12%
NPO (asset)	2008 2009 2010	\$	- - -	\$	(32,920) (42,733) (53,205)

#### c. Annual Pension Costs (Continued)

The NPO (asset) as of April 30, 2010 has been calculated as follows:

		Police Pension	
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	939,778 (2,991) 2,114	
Annual pension cost Contributions made		938,901 949,373	
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation (asset) Net pension obligation (asset), beginning of year - as restated		(10,472) (42,733)	
NET PENSION OBLIGATION (ASSET), END OF YEAR	\$	(53,205)	

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d. Funded Status

The funded status of the plans as of April 30, 2010 were as follows:

	Illinois Municipal Retirement			Police Pension		
Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2009		April 30, 2010			
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	8,049,960 5,596,856	\$	30,626,124 16,866,119		
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)		2,453,104		13,760,005		
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		69.53%		55.07%		
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	3,169,693	\$	3,282,075		
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		77.39%		419.25%		

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AALs for benefits.

#### d. Funded Status (continued)

See schedules of funding progress in the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to financial statements for additional information related to the funded status of the plan.

#### 11. LEASE AGREEMENTS

On August 21, 2006, the City entered into a five-year lease with TREX Holdings, LLC for the rental of a piece of property at 1033 South Frontage Road. TREX Holdings, LLC will pay the City \$9,000 per month, with annual increases of one percent, plus the Chicago Area Consumer Price Index according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics each year on the anniversary of the agreement.

As of April 30, 2010, the City has rental agreements with seven retailers for the rental of business space of the strip mall property at 7515 South Cass. The seven retailers will pay the City a combined total of \$13,300 on a month-to-month basis.

#### 12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City allows employees, who retire through one of the City's two pension plans disclosed in Note 10, the option to continue in the City's health insurance plan as required by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS), but the retiree pays the full premium for the health insurance. This has not created an implicit subsidy as defined by GASB Statement No. 45 (GASB S-45), *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as the City's health insurance plan is considered a community rated plan. In addition, the City has no explicit subsidy as defined in GASB S-45.

#### 13. RESTATEMENT

Net assets of the governmental activities were restated to account for the line of credit that should have been recorded in the previous year. Net assets were decreased by \$169,865 in governmental activities. The net pension asset was restated by an increase of \$9,813.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### For the Year Ended April 30, 2010 (With Prior Year Actual)

		2010		
	Original		Variance	
	and Final		Over	2009
	Budget	Actual	(Under)	Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 2,891,791	\$ 3,324,176	\$ 432,385	\$ 2,484,763
Licenses, permits, and fees	919,553	978,015	¢ 152,505 58,462	1,003,318
Intergovernmental	6,999,667	6,301,760	(697,907)	6,843,262
Charges for services	3,124	2,250	(874)	2,150
Investment income	50,000	51,142	1,142	107,276
Miscellaneous	829,469	1,020,326	190,857	1,057,158
Total revenues	11,693,604	11,677,669	(15,935)	11,497,927
	, , ,	, ,		, ,
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	1,857,423	1,696,027	(161,396)	2,773,714
Highways and streets	2,320,850	2,125,453	(195,397)	1,805,425
Public safety	7,304,626	6,973,226	(331,400)	7,026,310
Debt service				
Principal	340,000	472,915	132,915	401,834
Interest	53,575	53,575	-	74,861
Total expenditures	11,876,474	11,321,196	(555,278)	12,082,144
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(182,870)	356,473	539,343	(584,217)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)		13,187	13,187	(600,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		13,187	13,187	(600,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (182,870)	369,660	\$ 552,530	(1,184,217)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		2,879,065	-	4,063,282
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$ 3,248,725	=	\$ 2,879,065

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

		Original		2010	V	Variance	
	8	and Final				Over	2009
		Budget		Actual		(Under)	Actual
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental							
MFT allotment	\$	677,000	\$	612,429	\$	(64,571) \$	633,547
Investment income	ψ	1,800	ψ	703	ψ	(04,371) \$	-
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,668		1,668	11,670
Wiscenareous				1,000		1,000	11,070
Total revenues		678,800		614,800		(64,000)	645,217
EXPENDITURES							
Highways and streets							
Contractual		-		(6,513)		(6,513)	169,614
Commodities		347,400		263,209		(84,191)	352,063
Wages		295,000		295,000		-	-
Capital outlay		-		-		-	308,248
Interest		-		-		-	194
Total expenditures		642,400		551,696		(90,704)	830,119
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	36,400	=	63,104	\$	26,704	(184,902)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), MAY 1				(111,848)			73,054
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), APRIL 30			\$	(48,744)	:	\$	(111,848)

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry-Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1) / (2)	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (OAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Covered Payroll	UAAL (OAAL) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) / (5)
2004	\$ 5,918,412	\$ 6,933,252	85.36%	\$ 1,014,840	\$ 2,673,423	37.96%
2005	6,529,176	7,629,287	85.58%	\$ 1,100,111	\$ 2,854,033	38.55%
2006	7,274,695	8,153,033	89.23%	878,338	3,032,211	28.97%
2007	7,840,978	8,665,653	90.48%	824,675	3,171,262	26.00%
2008	6,094,965	8,110,781	75.15%	2,015,816	3,101,518	64.99%
2009	5,596,856	8,049,960	69.53%	2,453,104	3,169,693	77.39%

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS POLICE PENSION FUND

		(2)				UAAL
		Actuarial		(4)		as a
Actuarial	(1)	Accrued	(3)	Unfunded		Percentage
Valuation	Actuarial	Liability	Funded	AAL	(5)	of Covered
Date	Value of	(AAL)	Ratio	(UAAL)	Covered	Payroll
April 30	Assets	Entry-Age	(1)/(2)	(2) - (1)	Payroll	(4) / (5)
2005	\$ 11,021,816	\$ 21,069,708	52.31%	\$ 10,047,892	\$ 2,465,859	407.48%
2006	12,064,972	22,368,563	53.94%	10,303,591	2,736,155	376.57%
2007	12 (96 77)	24 412 626	FC OCO	10 725 964	2 807 550	270 170/
2007	13,686,772	24,412,636	56.06%	10,725,864	2,897,550	370.17%
2008	14,711,377	26,025,510	56.53%	11,314,133	2,839,516	398.45%
2000	1,,,11,0,7,	20,020,010	00.00070	11,011,100	_,,.	0,000,00,00
2009	14,488,861	28,067,625	51.62%	13,578,764	3,059,620	443.81%
2010	16,866,119	30,626,124	55.07%	13,760,005	3,282,075	419.25%

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	Percentage Contributed				
2005	\$ 287,928	\$ 287,928	100.00%				
2006	325,930	325,930	100.00%				
2007	363,865	363,865	100.00%				
2008	371,672	371,672	100.00%				
2009	306,740	306,740	100.00%				
2010	303,386	303,386	100.00%				

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND

Fiscal Year	nployer tributions	R Co:	Annual equired ntribution (ARC)	Percentage Contributed		
2005	\$ 672,355	\$	672,355	100.00%		
2006	663,162		663,637	99.93%		
2007	724,300		724,265	100.00%		
2008	859,300		807,108	106.47%		
2009	937,066		927,983	100.98%		
2010	949,373		939,778	101.24%		

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# April 30, 2010

## 1. BUDGETS

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental funds. Budget amounts are as originally adopted by the City Council. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. As the City does not budget for its Drug Seizure Fund, it is not legally required to do so, budget to actual schedules are not presented for the Drug Seizure Fund.

Prior to April 30, the City Clerk submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Formal budgetary integrations is employed as a management control device during the year of the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

The City is authorized to change budgeted amounts within any fund; however, revision must be approved by two-thirds of the members of the City Council. No revisions can be made increasing the budget unless funding is available for the purpose of the revision. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Clerk is authorized to transfer budget amounts between departments within any fund; however, the City Council must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund.

# 2. EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

Fund	Budget	Actual				
Special Service Area	\$ 10,000	\$	18,909			

# MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund was established to account for all revenues and expenditures which are not accounted for in other funds. This is the largest fund of the City, providing for the majority of the City's revenues, expenditures, and services. The General Fund is supported predominately with taxes, licenses, and fees. It funds the operations of the City's Police Department, Community Development Department, Mayor/City Council, Street Department, and Administration.

<u>Capital Improvements Fund</u> - The Capital Improvement Fund was established to account for the proceeds of the Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A and the expenditures for the related capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service fund was established to account for the proceeds of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007B and the expenditures for the related capital projects.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		2010						
				2010	Variance			
	Final					Over	2009	
		Budget		Actual		(Under)	Actual	
TAXES	\$	1 002 047	¢	1 0 40 201	¢	15 251 \$	1 455 620	
Property taxes - current	¢	1,903,947 176,484	\$	1,949,301 182,241	\$	45,354 \$ 5,757	1,455,629 173,173	
Road and bridge tax		332,520		716,705		384,185	353,132	
Municipal utility tax Telecommunication tax		322,320		330,075		7,655	337,920	
Amusement tax		522,420 105,840		107,465		1,625		
Hotel/motel tax		45,080		31,916		(13,164)	118,642 38,954	
Replacement tax		+5,080 5,500		6,473		973	7,313	
Replacement tax		5,500		0,475		975	7,515	
Total taxes		2,891,791		3,324,176		432,385	2,484,763	
LICENSES, PERMITS, AND FEES								
Business licenses		44,000		39,327		(4,673)	43,506	
Liquor licenses		39,004		44,895		5,891	41,675	
Contractors licenses		15,000		19,500		4,500	17,225	
Court fines		149,940		175,611		25,671	157,882	
Ordinance fines		35,747		37,656		1,909	37,821	
Building permits and fees		117,600		98,319		(19,281)	97,866	
Cable TV franchise fees		235,200		270,971		35,771	262,596	
PEG fees AT&T				6,998		6,998	1,760	
NICOR franchise fees		40,000		45,348		5,348	48,152	
Public hearing fees		4,900		6,797		1,897	3,585	
Elevator inspections		3,548		4,755		1,207	4,063	
Public improvement permit fees		3,668		7,075		3,407	4,225	
Engineering fee reimbursements		55,306		48,464		(6,842)	39,913	
Legal fee reimbursements		500		2,450		1,950	175	
DUI technology fines		10,000		11,134		1,134	41,386	
Police special service		164,640		151,947		(12,693)	201,388	
Stormwater management fees		500		6,768		6,268	100	
Total licenses, permits, and fees		919,553		978,015		58,462	1,003,318	
		,		,		,	· · · · ·	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL								
State income taxes		2,185,352		1,875,593		(309,759)	2,151,676	
Local use tax		332,972		258,621		(74,351)	330,452	
Sales tax		4,471,343		4,152,267		(319,076)	4,350,092	
DADC administrative fees		10,000		10,833		833	10,009	
Drug seizure receipts		-		4,446		4,446	1,033	
Total intergovernmental		6,999,667		6,301,760		(697,907)	6,843,262	
CHARGES FOR SERVICES								
Inspection/tap on/permits		3,124		2,250		(874)	2,150	
Total charges for services		3,124		2,250		(874)	2,150	
INVESTMENT INCOME								
Investment income		50,000		51,142		1,142	107,276	
Total investment income		50,000		51,142		1,142	107,276	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2010						
	Final			Variance Over Actual (Under)			2009 Actual	
		Budget		Actual		(Under)		Actual
MISCELLANEOUS								
Water share	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	-	\$	250,050
Police report/prints		4,485		6,271		1,786		5,354
D.A.R.E. contributions		-		6,025		6,025		6,000
Grants		-		23,422		23,422		3,364
Rents		459,984		427,741		(32,243)		502,663
Other reimbursements		100,000		119,876		19,876		106,175
Residential concrete reimbursement		-		56,538		56,538		76,917
Maintenance reimbursements		-		8,120		8,120		4,413
Miscellaneous reimbursable		-		14,564		14,564		48
Mail box reimbursement		-		2,952		2,952		6,678
Sales of wood chips		-		200		200		6,678
Operations revenue		-		10,021		10,021		4,260
Sale of surplus property		-		65,307		65,307		9,817
Miscellaneous		15,000		29,289		14,289		81,419
Total miscellaneous		829,469		1,020,326		190,857		1,063,836
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	11,693,604	\$	11,677,669	\$	(15,935)	\$	11,504,605

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

			201	)		
		Final Budget	Actu		Variance Over (Under)	2009 Actual
		Budget	Actu	al	(Under)	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Administration						
Personnel services						
Salaries	\$	512,000	\$ 51	1,383	\$ (617)	\$ 522,848
Overtime	Ψ	3,000	φ 51	-	(3,000)	3,301
Social security		30,000	2	8,543	(1,457)	29,266
Medicare		8,000		7,399	(601)	7,418
IMRF		54,000		1,987	(2,013)	49,444
Medical/life insurance		80,000		7,841	(12,159)	59,653
Supplemental pensions		25,200		2,249	(12,159) (2,951)	9,492
Supplemental pensions		25,200	2	2,249	(2,931)	9,492
Total personnel services		712,200	68	9,402	(22,798)	681,422
Materials and supplies						
Dues and subscriptions		2,880		3,044	164	2,628
Liability insurance		57,632		3,795	(3,837)	47,234
Legal notices		8,500		6,065	(2,435)	3,124
Maintenance - building		9,500		5,919	(3,581)	9,357
Maintenance - equipment		10,500		7,854	(2,646)	10,595
Maintenance - grounds		4,000		7,834 8,446	4,446	1,002
Maintenance - vehicles		4,000		15	4,440	1,002
Postage/mailings		6,000		2,652	(3,348)	5,604
Printing and forms		4,500		2,052 3,756	(744)	3,734
e					· · · ·	
Public relations		40,800		7,771	(3,029)	38,780
Rent - equipments		2,400		2,782	382	2,136
Supplies - office		11,000		9,806	(1,194)	10,969
Supplies - other		4,500		3,767	(733)	3,403
Training and education		2,500		625	(1,875)	279
Travel/meetings		1,500		400	(1,100)	1,295
Telephone		60,700	5	5,509	(5,191)	59,688
Uniforms		275		213	(62)	-
Utilities		2,000		3,393	1,393	3,085
Gas and oil		6,900		5,026	(1,874)	6,376
Vehicle		2,000		-	(2,000)	1,249
Total materials and supplies		238,087	21	0,838	(27,249)	210,538
Contractual services						
Audit		16,229	1	6,979	750	15,754
Consulting/professional		93,450		4,450	(19,000)	27,454
Contingency		5,000		4,606	(19,000) (394)	1,156,493
Janitorial services		18,000	1	5,248	(2,752)	17,885
Total contractual services		132,679	11	1,283	(21,396)	1,217,586
Capital outlay						
Equipment		1,500		1,200	(300)	-
Total capital outlay		1,500		1,200	(300)	-
Tatal a Javinistanti su		1.094.400	1.01	0 702	(71 740)	2 100 545
Total administration		1,084,466	1,01	2,723	(71,743)	2,109,546

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2010						
						Variance		
		Final				Over	2009	
	]	Budget		Actual		(Under)	Actual	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)								
City Council								
Personnel services								
Salaries	\$	42,745	\$	42,150	\$	(595) 5	42,750	
Social security		2,660		2,613		(47)	2,651	
Medicare		620		611		(9)	620	
IMRF		1,900		1,281		(619)	1,599	
Total personnel services		47,925		46,655		(1,270)	47,620	
Materials and supplies								
Board and commissions		3,000		1,432		(1,568)	942	
Cable operations		2,500		1,492		(1,008)	7,924	
Employee recognition		-		-		-	306	
Dues and subscriptions		400		-		(400)	35	
Liability insurance		59,858		44,469		(15,389)	44,509	
Public relations		13,600		10,719		(2,881)	1,939	
Supplies - office		13,000		10,719		(2,001)	341	
Travel/meetings		- 950		- 304		(646)	785	
Travel/meetings		930		504		(040)	765	
Total materials and supplies		80,308		58,416		(21,892)	56,781	
Contractual services								
Consulting/professional		32,000		28,150		(3,850)	23,534	
Tolley contracts		2,200		2,000		(200)	1,925	
Total contractual services		34,200		30,150		(4,050)	25,459	
Capital outlay								
Equipment		7,000		6,923		(77)	-	
Total capital outlay		7,000		6,923		(77)	-	
Total city council		169,433		142,144		(27,289)	129,860	
Total eny coulon		107,435		1+2,1++		(27,207)	129,000	
Community development								
Personnel services		258 000		262 225		5 225	261 762	
Salaries		258,000		263,325		5,325	261,763	
Overtime		2,000		1,267		(733)	2,001	
Social security		14,700		14,655		(45)	14,254	
Medicare		3,900		3,692		(208)	3,546	
IMRF		26,400		26,607		207	28,239	
Medical/life insurance		31,000		33,157		2,157	40,127	
Supplemental pensions		3,600		2,400		(1,200)	2,400	
Total personnel services		339,600		345,103		5,503	352,330	
Materials and supplies								
Boards and commissions		2,300		1,777		(523)	574	
Dues and subscriptions		1,000		675		(325)	354	
Liabilities insurance		49,324		34,190		(15,134)	30,793	
Maintenance - vehicles		1,900		700		(1,200)	2,087	
Postage/mailings		-		-		-	1,098	
Printing and forms		3,280		1,538		(1,742)	680	

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

	2010					
-		2010	Variance			
	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)	2009 Actual		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)						
Community development (Continued)						
Materials and supplies (Continued)						
Supplies - office		\$ 17	\$ (583) \$	562		
Training and educational	1,300	-	(1,300)	136		
Travel/meetings Gas and oil	750	80	(670)	583		
Gas and on	2,100	1,740	(360)	1,947		
Total materials and supplies	62,554	40,717	(21,837)	38,814		
Contractual services						
Consulting/professional	69,000	34,145	(34,855)	51,754		
Consulting/professional reimbursable	64,000	75,075	11,075	46,211		
Total contractual services	133,000	109,220	(23,780)	97,965		
Total community development	535,154	495,040	(40,114)	489,109		
Business district						
Personnel services						
Liability insurance	10,600	10,600	-	9,000		
Total professional services	10,600	10,600	-	9,000		
Contractual services						
Maintenance - building	5,000	2,276	(2,724)	2,357		
Maintenance - grounds	34,270	17,106	(17,164)	18,732		
Maintenance - laundry	-	11,069	11,069	14,295		
Utilities	1,000	3,663	2,663	-		
Consulting/professional reimbursable Maintenance - equipment	- 17,500	- 1,406	- (16,094)	533 282		
	1,,000	1,100	(10,0) ()			
Total contractual services	57,770	35,520	(22,250)	36,199		
Total business district	68,370	46,120	(22,250)	45,199		
Total general government	1,857,423	1,696,027	(161,396)	2,773,714		
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS						
Public works						
Personnel services						
Salaries	455,900	443,153	(12,747)	698,950		
Overtime	100,000	72,428	(27,572)	133,547		
Social security	52,000	48,713	(3,287)	45,284		
Medicare	12,285	11,393	(892)	11,357		
IMRF Medical/life insurance	76,700	81,098	4,398	80,589		
	116,000 13,500	115,127 14,076	(873) 576	101,379 14,583		
		14,070	570	14,505		
Supplemental pensions	,					
	826,385	785,988	(40,397)	1,085,689		
Supplemental pensions		785,988	(40,397)	1,085,689		
Supplemental pensions Total personnel services Materials and supplies Liability insurance	826,385 76,176	785,988 77,716	1,540	80,277		
Supplemental pensions	826,385					

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2010					
	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance Over (Under)		2009 Actual	
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS (Continued)							
Public works (Continued)							
Materials and supplies (Continued)							
Maintenance - vehicles	\$ 18,500	\$ 19,387	\$		\$	17,015	
Postage/mailings	850	1,448		598		447	
Rent - equipment	26,700	18,265		(8,435)		19,452	
Supplies - office	4,700	2,770		(1,930)		3,536	
Supplies - other	52,700	53,734		1,034		51,776	
Small tools and equipment	4,750	3,252		(1,498)		4,090	
Training and education	2,075	1,530		(545)		1,129	
Uniforms	5,400	4,289		(1,111)		4,627	
Utilities	3,350	3,680		330		3,096	
Gas and oil	 76,600	55,265		(21,335)		69,219	
Total materials and supplies	 350,641	304,715		(45,926)		291,771	
Contractual services							
Consulting/professional	76,000	52.509		(23,491)		7,930	
Forestry	109,260	90,513		(18,747)		87,956	
Street light operation and maintenance	80.000	88,266		8,266		-	
Tree trim - removal	10,800	5,607		(5,193)		- 77,403	
	10,800	80,346		80,346		76,958	
Residential concrete program	-					,	
Street sweeping	31,500	22,145		(9,355)		26,439	
Mosquito abatement	41,000	40,887		(113)		40,887	
Drainage projects	 18,000	38,243		20,243		21,416	
Total contractual services	 366,560	418,516		51,956		338,989	
Capital outlay							
Capital improvements	460,000	450,000		(10,000)		438	
Equipment	317,264	166,234		(151,030)		88,538	
		100,234		(151,050)			
Total capital outlay	 777,264	616,234		(161,030)		88,976	
Total public works	 2,320,850	2,125,453		(195,397)		1,805,425	
Total highways and streets	 2,320,850	2,125,453		(195,397)		1,805,425	
PUBLIC SAFETY							
Police department							
Personnel services							
Salaries	464,918	463,706		(1,212)		448,366	
Salaries - officers	3,491,537	3,329,261		(162,276)		3,271,432	
Overtime	510,224	525,092		14,868		475,419	
Social security	28,000	27,039		(961)		27,804	
Medicare	28,000	48,257		(3,743)		45,493	
IMRF	32,000 47,000	48,237 38,913				45,495 41,972	
				(8,087)			
Medical/life insurance	372,000	439,423		67,423		346,183	
Police pension	939,778	948,960		9,182		937,066	
Supplemental pensions	 56,400	47,488		(8,912)		46,150	
Total personnel services	 5,961,857	5,868,139		(93,718)		5,639,885	

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2010		
		2010	Variance	
	Final		Over	2009
	 Budget	Actual	(Under)	Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY (Continued)				
Police department (Continued)				
Materials and supplies				
Animal control	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,290	\$ (710) \$	814
Auxiliary police	4,000	692	(3,308)	5,384
Boards and commissions	22,000	13,421	(8,579)	15,117
Dues and subscriptions	6,800	4,899	(1,901)	5,214
Investigation and equipment	60,275	32,314	(27,961)	34,339
Liability insurance	269,460	219,084	(50,376)	258,883
Maintenance - building	40,600	28,063	(12,537)	44,383
Maintenance - equipment	54,540	30,616	(23,924)	20,856
Maintenance - vehicles	42,280	49,240	6,960	42,075
Postage/mailings	4,200	2,633	(1,567)	2,309
Printing and forms	5,000	1,998	(3,002)	3,361
Public relations	5,500	7,290	1,790	3,573
Rent - equipment	11,200	2,867	(8,333)	219,266
Supplies - office	10,000	7,367	(2,633)	6,575
Training and education	57,610	43,436	(14,174)	25,137
Travel/meetings	17,450	13,139	(4,311)	15,112
Telephone	13,080	10,686	(2,394)	10,671
Uniforms	89,150	43,265	(45,885)	38,045
Utilities	21,000	12,063	(8,937)	11,794
Gas and oil	 132,000	100,285	(31,715)	115,109
Total materials and supplies	 868,145	624,648	(243,497)	878,017
Contractual services				
Consulting/professional	7,000	4,250	(2,750)	1,002
Darien area dispatch	420,624	419,135	(1,489)	420,654
Dumeg/fiat/child center	27,000	27,800	800	27,300
Maintenance - vehicle	-	-	-	6,254
SEDCOM	 -	-	-	21,518
Total contractual services	 454,624	451,185	(3,439)	476,728
Capital outlay				
Equipment	 20,000	29,254	9,254	31,680
Total capital outlay	 20,000	29,254	9,254	31,680
Total police department	 7,304,626	6,973,226	(331,400)	7,026,310
Total public safety	 7,304,626	6,973,226	(331,400)	7,026,310
DEBT SERVICE				
Principal	340,000	472,915	132,915	401,834
Interest	53,575	53,575	-	74,861
			100.015	
Total debt service	 393,575	526,490	132,915	476,695
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 11,876,474	\$ 11,321,196	\$ (555,278) \$	12,082,144

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

		2010		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)	2009 Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 199,794			\$ -
Intergovernmental Investment income	- 15,000	62,942 36,662	62,942 21,662	- 73,721
Total revenues	214,794	4 299,398	84,604	73,721
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	2,380,560	2,275,338	(105,222)	1,159,342
Debt service	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	( , , ,	y y-
Principal payments	199,794	,	(84,794)	145,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	84,794	84,794	48,929
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	20,335
Total expenditures	2,580,354	4 2,475,132	(105,222)	1,373,606
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,365,560	)) (2,175,734)	189,826	(1,299,885)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bonds issued at par	-	-	-	2,001,809
Transfers in		-	-	890,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	2,891,809
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (2,365,560	)) (2,175,734)	\$ 189,826	1,591,924
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		2,690,998		1,099,074
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$ 515,264	<b>.</b> .	\$ 2,690,998

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	_		2010		_
		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)	2009 Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	104,000 \$	- ,	\$ -	\$ -
Investment income		2,500	3,659	1,159	26,759
Total revenues		106,500	107,659	1,159	26,759
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Contractual service		-	-	-	387,860
Capital outlay		400,000	400,000	-	545,856
Debt service		104.000	104.000		104.000
Interest and fiscal charges		104,000	104,000	-	104,000
Total expenditures		504,000	504,000	-	1,037,716
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(397,500)	(396,341)	\$ 1,159	(1,010,957)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		_	440,285		1,451,242
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$	43,944		\$ 440,285

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>Special Service Area #1</u> - A special service area (SSA) is created to fund improvements which benefit an identifiable segment of the City, with a special property tax levied on the benefited properties. SSA #1 was created to handle maintenance of the wetlands in the Tara Hill development.

<u>Drug Seizure Fund</u> - When property or money is seized by the Police Department in relation to violations of drug laws, the Department is entitled to receive a portion of the property or money to offset the cost of drug enforcement. Requirements which govern forfeiture activities require these monies be segregated and used only for drug enforcement purposes.

<u>D.A.R.E. Fund</u> - The Police Department occasionally receives contributions from businesses, organizations and individuals for the support of the Department's DARE program. These funds are accounted for through this special fund. Expenditures are proposed this year for one-time expenses to support the officers teaching DARE programs in Darien schools.

<u>Road Improvement Fund</u> - The Road Improvement Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to road improvement

# **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

<u>Joint Use Facility Fund</u> - In 2000, the City purchased property immediately east of the City's Public Works Facility for use as a joint or multiple-use maintenance and storage facility, to be shared with the Darien Park District and Darien School District #66. Bonds were issued for the purchase of the property. Presently, rent from the existing tenant on the property is used to offset part of the bond repayment costs. A small property tax is used for the remainder of the repayment.

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2010

	Special Revenue Special Drug Service Area Seizure D.A.R.E.				Capital Projects Road Improvement			Debt Service Joint Use Facility		Total	
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables	\$	1,706 -	\$	9,734 926	\$ -	\$	35,767	\$	-	\$	47,207 926
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,706	\$	10,660	\$ -	\$	35,767	\$	-	\$	48,133
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES None	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities		-		-	-		-		-		_
FUND BALANCES Reserved for special service area Reserved for public safety Unreserved Capital projects funds		1,706 - -		- 10,660 -	- -		35,767		- -		1,706 10,660 35,767
Total fund balances		1,706		10,660	-		35,767		-		48,133
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,706	\$	10,660	\$ -	\$	35,767	\$	-	\$	48,133

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue							Capital Projects	Debt Service			
	5	Special		Drug				Road		loint Use	-	
	Ser	vice Area	ice Area Seizure		Ε	D.A.R.E. In		Improvement		Facility		Total
REVENUES												
Taxes	\$	5,055	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,055
Fines and forfeitures		-		2,742		-		-		-		2,742
Investment income		387		242		-		699		-		1,328
Total revenues		5,442		2,984		-		699		-		9,125
EXPENDITURES												
Current General government		18,909		-		-		-		-		18,909
Total expenditures		18,909		-		-		-		-		18,909
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(13,467)		2,984		-		699		-		(9,784)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		-		_		(395)		-		(12,792)		(13,187)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		(395)		-		(12,792)		(13,187)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(13,467)		2,984		(395)		699		(12,792)		(22,971)
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1		15,173		7,676		395		35,068		12,792		71,104
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$	1,706	\$	10,660	\$	-	\$	35,767	\$	-	\$	48,133

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA FUND

		2010								
	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance Over (Under)	2009 Actual			
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	5,000	\$	5,055	\$	55 \$	5,060			
Investment income		-		387		387	265			
Total revenues		5,000		5,442		442	5,325			
EXPENDITURES Current										
Contractual services		10,000		18,434		8,434	2,577			
Maintenance contracts		-		475		475	642			
Total expenditures		10,000		18,909		8,909	3,219			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(5,000)		(13,467)	\$	(8,467)	2,106			
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				15,173	-		13,067			
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	1,706	=	\$	15,173			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL D.A.R.E. FUND

				2010				
	Original and Final Budget			Actual		'ariance Over Under)	2009 Actual	
					\			
REVENUES								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53
Total revenues		-		-		-		53
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government		-		-		-		3,050
Capital outlay		-		-		-		6,131
Total expenditures		-		-		-		9,181
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		-		(395)		(395)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(395)		(395)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	=	(395)	\$	(395)		(9,128)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				395		-		9,523
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	-		=	\$	395

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND

				2010				
	F	inal and inal udget		Actual		ariance Over Under)		2009 Actual
REVENUES								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	699	\$	699	\$	582
Total revenues	. <u> </u>	-		699		699		1,618
EXPENDITURES None		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	=	699	\$	699	:	582
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				35,068	_			34,486
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	35,767	=		\$	35,068

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JOINT USE FACILITY FUND

	Final Budget		2010 Actual	Variance Over (Under)	2009 Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	\$	- \$	- \$	194,335
Property taxes Investment income	 -	¢	- Þ -	- 5	194,333 910
Total revenues	 -		-	-	195,245
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service					260,000
Principal Interest and fiscal charges	-		-	-	360,000 8,191
Commodities	 -		-	-	350
Total expenditures	 -		-	-	368,541
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 _		-	-	(173,296)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bonds issued at par	-		-	-	368,191
Transfers (out)	 -		(12,792)	(12,792)	(290,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		(12,792)	(12,792)	78,191
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -		(12,792) \$	(12,792)	(95,105)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			12,792	_	107,897
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$	-	\$	12,792

# **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - to account for the financing of self-supporting municipal activities which render services generally on a user charge basis to the general public. The significant characteristic of an enterprise fund is that the accounting system makes it possible to determine whether that particular service area is operated at a profit or a loss in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles followed by private business concerns. The only enterprise fund operated by the City is the Water Fund.

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER OPERATIONS FUND

		2010					
						Variance	
		Final				Over	2009
		Budget		Actual		(Under)	Actual
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services							
Water sales	\$	3,684,576	\$	3,451,914	\$	(232,662) \$	3,344,724
Inspections/tap on/permits	Ŷ	12,500	Ψ	24,437	Ψ	11,937	21,928
Sale of meters		4,500		3,165		(1,335)	3,616
Other water sales		5,000		25,605		20,605	1,876
Total operating revenues		3,706,576		3,505,121		(201,455)	3,372,144
OPERATING EXPENSES							
EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION							
Personnel services							
Salaries		477,000		458,647		(18,353)	409,756
Overtime		75,000		58,192		(16,808)	57,204
Social security		32,700		31,790		(910)	27,730
Medicare		6,500		7,435		935	6,485
IMRF		52,000		39,646		(12,354)	41,645
Medical/life insurance		91,000		102,199		11,199	70,422
Supplemental pensions		9,600		9,415		(185)	8,538
Total personnel services		743,800		707,324		(36,476)	621,780
Materials and supplies							
Liability insurance		177,490		168,014		(9,476)	169,977
Maintenance - building		29,268		31,520		2,252	83,756
Maintenance - equipment		5,900		5,496		(404)	12,009
Maintenance - water system		109,000		112,330		3,330	87,729
Postage		8,425		1,480		(6,945)	5,506
Quality controls		26,333		705		(25,628)	633
Service charge		250,000		250,000		-	250,050
Supplies - operation		6,200		3,187		(3,013)	3,197
Training and education		2,735		995		(1,740)	903
Telephone		10,160		8,814		(1,346)	7,978
Uniforms		3,910		1,985		(1,925)	4,851
Utilities		35,000		54,707		19,707	49,419
Vehicle (gas and oil)		24,125		14,213		(9,912)	21,539
Total materials and supplies		688,546		653,446		(35,100)	697,547
Contractual							
Audit		9,000		7,696		(1,304)	7,396
Consulting/professional		16,850		6,941		(9,909)	6,908
Leak detection		20,100		13,045		(7,055)	10,013
Data processing		48,947		40,658		(8,289)	47,670
Janitorial service		-		641		641	-
Booster pump		-		-		-	193,265
DuPage Water Commission		2,077,370		1,944,385		(132,985)	1,533,496
Total contractual		2,172,267		2,013,366		(158,901)	1,798,748

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) WATER OPERATIONS FUND

		2010		
	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)	2009 Actual
OPERATING EXPENSES EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION (Continued) Capital outlay				
Equipment Water meters	\$ 116,325 \$ 25,000	104,034 25,077	\$ (12,291) \$ 77	2,028,295 26,814
Total capital outlay	 141,325	129,111	(12,214)	2,055,109
Total operating expenses excluding depreciation	 3,745,938	3,503,247	(242,691)	5,173,184
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (39,362)	1,874	41,236	(1,801,040)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income Miscellaneous income Debt service	25,000	21,849 152,000	(3,151) 152,000	55,607 153,571
Principal repayment Interest expense Miscellaneous expense	 (305,178) - -	(150,000) (155,442) (3,403)	155,178 (155,442) (3,403)	(145,000) (161,476) -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (280,178)	(134,996)	145,182	(97,298)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ (319,540)	(133,122)	\$ 186,418	(1,898,338)
Adjustments to GAAP basis Capitalized assets purchased Principal repayment Depreciation	_	62,242 150,000 (388,765)	_	1,763,833 145,000 (384,202)
Total adjustments to GAAP basis		(176,523)		1,524,631
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(309,645)		(373,707)
NET ASSETS, MAY 1	_	5,908,913	_	6,282,620
NET ASSETS, APRIL 30	\$	5,599,268	\$	5,908,913

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Pension Trust - Police Pension Fund - to account for pensions paid for police officers.

<u>Agency</u> - to account for amounts held in deposit.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS POLICE PENSION FUND

	Actual
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 948,960
Employee	310,894
Other	413
Total contributions	1,260,267
Investment income	
Net appreciation	
in fair value of investments	1,411,617
Interest	574,516
Total investment income	1,986,133
Less investment expense	(35,464)
Net investment income	1,950,669
Total additions	3,210,936
DEDUCTIONS	
Pension benefits	815,397
Contractual services	10,275
Administrative expenses	6,901
Total deductions	832,573
NET INCREASE	2,378,363
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	
May 1	14,487,756
April 30	\$ 16,866,119

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

ALL FUNDS	 Balances May 1	Additions	Deletions	Balances April 30
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,350	\$ 370	\$ -	\$ 12,720
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,350	\$ 370	\$ -	\$ 12,720
LIABILITIES				
Due to others Impact fees payable Deposits payable	\$ 10,007 2,317 26	\$ 370 - -	\$ - -	\$ 10,377 2,317 26
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 12,350	\$ 370	\$ _	\$ 12,720
IMPACT FEES FUND				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,324	\$ 370	\$ -	\$ 12,694
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,324	\$ 370	\$ 	\$ 12,694
LIABILITIES				
Due to others Impact fees payable	\$ 10,007 2,317	\$ 370	\$ -	\$ 10,377 2,317
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 12,324	\$ 370	\$ 	\$ 12,694
DARIEN ESCROW FUND				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 26	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable	\$ 26	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 26	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26

(See independent auditor's report.)

# SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

## LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION WATER BONDS, SERIES 2006

## April 30, 2010

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rates Interest Dates Principal Maturity Date Payable at July 1, 2006 December 15, 2025 \$3,900,000 4.10% to 4.30% June 15 and December 15 December 15 Bank One

Fiscal					Interest Due on								
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	June 15	Amount	December 15	Amount						
2011	\$ 155,00	0 \$ 149,028	\$ 304,028	2010	\$ 74,514	2010	\$ 74,514						
2012	165,00	0 142,674	307,674	2011	71,337	2011	71,337						
2013	170,00	0 135,908	305,908	2012	67,954	2012	67,954						
2014	180,00	0 128,896	308,896	2013	64,448	2013	64,448						
2015	185,00	0 121,472	306,472	2014	60,736	2014	60,736						
2016	195,00	0 113,840	308,840	2015	56,920	2015	56,920						
2017	205,00	0 105,650	310,650	2016	52,825	2016	52,825						
2018	215,00	0 97,040	312,040	2017	48,520	2017	48,520						
2019	220,00	0 88,010	308,010	2018	44,005	2018	44,005						
2020	230,00	0 78,770	308,770	2019	39,385	2019	39,385						
2021	240,000	0 69,110	309,110	2020	34,555	2020	34,555						
2022	255,00	0 59,030	314,030	2021	29,515	2021	29,515						
2023	265,00	0 48,320	313,320	2022	24,160	2022	24,160						
2024	275,00	0 37,058	312,058	2023	18,529	2023	18,529						
2025	290,00	0 25,370	315,370	2024	12,685	2024	12,685						
2026	300,000	0 12,900	312,900	2025	6,450	2025	6,450						
	\$ 3,545,00	0 \$ 1,413,076	\$ 4,958,076	_	\$ 706,538	_	\$ 706,538						
				1									

## LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS TAXABLE GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2007A

## April 30, 2010

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rates Interest Dates Principal Maturity Date Payable at May 15, 2007 December 15, 2011 \$1,400,000 4.875% to 5.000% June 15 and December 15 December 15 Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A.

Fiscal							Interest Due on											
Year	F	rincipal	Interest		Interest			Total		Total		June 15	A	mount	December 15	A	Amount	
2011 2012	\$	360,000 380,000	\$	37,000 19,000	\$	397,000 399,000		2010 2011	\$	18,500 9,500	2010 2011	\$	18,500 9,500					
	\$	740,000	\$	56,000	\$	796,000			\$	28,000		\$	28,000					

## LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2007B

## April 30, 2010

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rates Interest Dates Principal Maturity Date Payable at May 15, 2007 December 15, 2017 \$2,600,000 4.00% June 15 and December 15 December 15 Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A.

Fiscal				Interest Due on									
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	June 15	Amount	December 15	Amount						
2011	\$ -	\$ 104,000	\$ 104,000	2010	\$ 52,000	2010	\$ 52,000						
2012	-	104,000	104,000	2011	52,000	2011	52,000						
2013	390,000	104,000	494,000	2012	52,000	2012	52,000						
2014	410,000	88,400	498,400	2013	44,200	2013	44,200						
2015	425,000	72,000	497,000	2014	36,000	2014	36,000						
2016	440,000	55,000	495,000	2015	27,500	2015	27,500						
2017	460,000	37,400	497,400	2016	18,700	2016	18,700						
2018	475,000	19,000	494,000	2017	9,500	2017	9,500						
	\$ 2,600,000	\$ 583,800	\$ 3,183,800		\$ 291,900		\$ 291,900						
	. /	· · · · ·	· · · · ·			= =							

## LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2008

## April 30, 2010

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rates Interest Dates Principal Maturity Date Payable at June 15, 2008 January 1, 2024 \$2,370,000 3.00% - 4.00% January 1 and July 1 January 1 Harris Bank

Fiscal							Interest Due on									
Year	F	Principal	]	Interest T		Total	July 1		Amount	Jan 1		ŀ	Amount			
2011	\$	120,000	\$	80,770	\$	200,770	2010	\$	40,385	2	2011	\$	40,385			
2012		125,000		76,570		201,570	2011		38,285	2	2012		38,285			
2013		130,000		72,194		202,194	2012		36,097	2	2013		36,097			
2014		135,000		67,320		202,320	2013		33,660	2	2014		33,660			
2015		140,000		62,256		202,256	2014		31,128	2	2015		31,128			
2016		145,000		57,006		202,006	2015		28,503	2	2016		28,503			
2017		155,000		51,570		206,570	2016		25,785	2	2017		25,785			
2018		160,000		45,564		205,564	2017		22,782	2	2018		22,782			
2019		165,000		39,364		204,364	2018		19,682	2	2019		19,682			
2020		170,000		32,970		202,970	2019		16,485	2	2020		16,485			
2021		175,000		26,382		201,382	2020		13,191	2	2021		13,191			
2022		185,000		19,600		204,600	2021		9,800	2	2022		9,800			
2023		190,000		12,200		202,200	2022		6,100	2	2023		6,100			
2024		115,000		4,600		119,600	2023		2,300	2	2024		2,300			
	\$	2,110,000	\$	648,366	\$	2,758,366		\$	324,183			\$	324,183			

# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Darien, Illinois' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	72-76
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	77-82
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	83-87
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	88-89
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	90-92
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City of Darien, Illin implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information of the second seco	ois

include information beginning in that year.

#### NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

#### Last Seven Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES														
Invested in capital assets														
net of related debt	\$	10,785,335	\$	11,242,359	\$	12,168,591	\$	13,579,072	\$	11,925,315	\$	11,532,926	\$	12,163,242
Restricted		974,674		864,073		574,455		384,217		215,983		36,036		12,366
Unrestricted		2,377,208		3,334,287		4,746,450		3,117,621		6,335,943		5,492,236		3,280,819
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	14,137,217	\$	15,440,719	\$	17,489,496	\$	17,080,910	\$	18,477,241	\$	17,061,198	\$	15,456,427
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Invested in capital assets														
net of related debt	\$	3,908,496	\$	4,098,870	\$	4,675,813	\$	4,419,311	\$	4,139,639	\$	4,398,355	\$	4,234,030
Restricted Unrestricted		-		- 1,122,718		- 1,416,391		- 1,849,497		- 2,142,981		- 1,510,558		- 1,365,238
		, , .		, ,		, .,		, ,		1 1		,,		, ,
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$	5,101,540	\$	5,221,588	\$	6,092,204	\$	6,268,808	\$	6,282,620	\$	5,908,913	\$	5,599,268
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Invested in capital assets														
net of related debt	\$	14.693.831	\$	15.341.229	\$	16,844,404	\$	17,998,383	\$	16,064,954	\$	15,931,281	\$	16,397,272
Restricted	Ψ	974.674	Ψ	864.073	Ψ	574,455	φ	384,217	Ψ	215,983	Ψ	36,036	Ψ	12,366
Unrestricted		3,570,252		4,457,005		6,162,841		4,967,118		8,478,924		7,002,794		4,646,057
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	19,238,757	\$	20,662,307	\$	23,581,700	\$	23,349,718	\$	24,759,861	\$	22,970,111	\$	21,055,695

#### Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

### CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

#### Last Seven Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2004		2005	2006	2007	2008		2009		2010
EXPENSES										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 2,381,983	\$	2,231,670	\$ 1,808,579	\$ 1,996,451	\$ 3,027,224	\$	1,743,197	\$	1,796,188
Highways and streets	2,052,437		2,052,861	2,526,784	3,896,369	2,265,290		2,428,999		2,796,114
Public safety	4,942,702		5,289,799	5,822,971	6,388,512	6,635,915		9,358,571		9,307,060
Interest on long-term debt	 104,027		77,227	-	30,555	-		330,158		244,194
Total governmental activities expenses	 9,481,149.00	9	9,651,557.00	10,158,334	12,311,887	11,928,429		13,860,925		14,143,556
Business-type activities										
Water	 2,935,001		2,936,247	3,162,996	2,944,976	2,590,849		3,955,029		3,988,615
Total business-type activities expenses	 2,935,001		2,936,247	3,162,996	2,944,976	2,590,849		3,955,029		3,988,615
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT EXPENSES	\$ 12,416,150	\$	12,587,804	\$ 13,321,330	\$ 15,256,863	\$ 14,519,278	\$	17,815,954	\$	18,132,171
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services										
General government	\$ 716,942	\$	791,152	\$ 945,107	\$ 1,030,326	\$ 1,064,430	\$	1,071,756	\$	1,112,551
Highways and streets	525,773		773,391	629,203	897,462	425,520		296,072		334,410
Public safety	151,098		115,468	153,746	272,946	268,932		258,137		182,928
Operating grants and contributions	60,315		47,779	725,365	725,905	684,670		636,911		635,851
Capital grants and contributions	 -		-	-	-	-	—	-		62,942
Total governmental activities program revenues	 1,454,128		1,727,790	2,453,421	2,926,639	2,443,552		2,262,876		2,328,682
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Water	3,173,569		3,046,688	3,274,453	2,766,305	2,908,191		3,372,144		3,505,121
Capital grants and contributions	 -		-	-	-	-		-		-
Total business-type activities program revenues	 3,173,569		3,046,688	3,274,453	2,766,305	2,908,191		3,372,144		3,505,121
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT REVENUES	\$ 4,627,697	\$	4,774,478	\$ 5,727,874	\$ 5,692,944	\$ 5,351,743	\$	5,635,020	\$	5,833,803
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE										
Governmental activities	\$ (8,027,021)	\$	(7,923,767)	\$ (7,704,913)	\$ (9,385,248)	\$ (9,484,877)	\$	(11,598,049)	\$ (	(11,814,874)
Business-type activities	 238,568		110,441	111,457	(178,671)	317,342		(582,885)		(483,494)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	\$ (7,788,453)	\$	(7,813,326)	\$ (7,593,456)	\$ (9,563,919)	\$ (9,167,535)	\$	(12, 180, 934)	\$ (	12,298,368)

### CHANGE IN NET ASSETS (Continued)

#### Last Seven Fiscal Years

	• • • • •							
Fiscal Year	2004	2005		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER								
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS								
Governmental activities								
Taxes								
Property	\$ 1,274,011 \$	1,514,024	\$	1,602,451 \$	1,496,025	\$ 1,573,734	\$ 1,655,025	\$ 2,258,149
Sales	2,816,211	3,855,997		4,883,628	4,643,341	4,650,181	4,350,092	4,152,267
Income	1,280,663	1,736,661		1,731,326	1,990,276	2,174,312	2,151,676	1,875,593
Telecommunications	304,929	309,414		305,155	319,373	330,733	337,920	330,075
Other	1,772,976	1,716,183		1,022,137	992,713	1,031,936	1,021,666	1,303,421
Investment earnings	21,580	55,237		139,132	236,266	223,390	209,566	93,494
Miscellaneous	112,849	39,753		71,928	98,746	1,602,827	456,061	366,970
Special items gain on sale of fixed assets	 502,740	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	 8,085,959	9,227,269		9,755,757	9,776,740	11,587,113	10,182,006	10,379,969
Business-type activities								
Investment earnings	5,525	9,607		19,185	147,917	92,537	55,607	21,849
Miscellaneous	-	-		-	211,405	126,923	153,571	152,000
Change in accounting estimates	-	-		739,974	(4,047)	-	-	-
Transfers	 -	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	 5,525	9,607		759,159	355,275	219,460	209,178	173,849
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 8,091,484 \$	9,236,876	\$	10,514,916 \$	10,132,015	\$ 11,806,573	\$ 10,391,184	\$ 10,553,818
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS			٠				* // // · · · · · ·	*
Governmental activities	\$ 58,938 \$	1,303,502	\$	2,050,844 \$	,			\$ (1,434,905)
Business-type activities	 244,093	120,048		870,616	176,604	536,802	(373,707)	(309,645)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	\$ 303,031 \$	1,423,550	\$	2,921,460 \$	568,096	\$ 2,639,038	\$ (1,789,750)	\$ (1,744,550)
	 · · ·	, , -			,		( , , )	

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last	Ten	Fiscal	Years

Fiscal Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
GENERAL FUND										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,730	\$ 20,041	\$ 36,852	\$ 5,210	\$ 12,896	\$ 6,481	\$ 22,454
Unreserved	 3,019,471	2,599,188	1,560,710	2,207,831	3,382,467	4,592,268	3,406,517	4,050,386	2,872,584	3,226,271
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ 3,019,471	\$ 2,599,188	\$ 1,560,710	\$ 2,236,561	\$ 3,402,508	\$ 4,629,120	\$ 3,411,727	\$ 4,063,282	\$ 2,879,065	\$ 3,248,725
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 384,217	\$ 215,983	\$ 36,036	\$ 86,310
Unreserved, reported in										
Special Revenue Funds	1,225,476	1,177,287	1,100,856	926,288	544,388	272,901	13,218	-	(111,848)	(48,744)
Capital Project Funds	 223,999	226,079	270,700	270,700	270,700	301,811	70,821	2,584,802	3,166,351	551,031
TOTAL ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,449,475	\$ 1,403,366	\$ 1,371,556	\$ 1,196,988	\$ 815,088	\$ 574,712	\$ 468,256	\$ 2,800,785	\$ 3,090,539	\$ 588,597

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 1,788,071 \$	2,202,721 \$	2,242,873 \$	1,943,040 \$	2,469,537 \$	2,647,529 \$	2,500,732 \$	2,602,409 \$	2,684,158 \$	3,633,025
Licenses and permits	930,657	721,262	941,358	1,346,179	1,190,730	1,106,786	1,261,946	1,094,754	1,003,318	978,015
Intergovernmental	6,294,534	4,918,008	4,846,635	5,000,798	6,454,503	7,458,604	7,655,872	7,911,303	7,476,809	6,977,131
Charges for services	192,480	201,966	216,112	192,000	1,615	125	12,766	7,764	2,150	2,250
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	2,742
Investment income	225,585	108,785	60,147	21,580	55,237	139,077	236,266	223,390	209,566	93,494
Miscellaneous	 484,421	662,376	772,150	525,620	708,569	729,455	950,155	2,139,944	1,068,828	1,021,994
Total revenues	 9,915,748	8,815,118	9,079,275	9,029,217	10,880,191	12,081,576	12,617,737	13,979,564	12,444,882	12,708,651
EXPENDITURES										
General government	1,482,507	1,526,772	1,641,462	1,709,376	1,550,376	1,120,366	1,387,014	2,436,823	2,784,802	1,714,936
Highways and streets	1,223,835	1,333,893	1,451,481	1,545,904	1,531,486	1,901,923	3,847,424	2,576,818	2,327,102	2,677,149
Public safety	3,621,889	3,905,136	4,778,553	4,569,149	5,191,176	5,813,578	6,222,529	6,635,915	7,026,310	6,973,226
Community development department	548,959	661,768	648,589	645,295	581,940	639,378	567,794	597,492	-	-
Capital outlay	3,210,241	1,299,043	964,737	840,019	690,665	1,158,135	1,877,445	3,121,192	2,407,437	2,675,338
Debt service										
Principal	455,525	739,755	716,861	800,318	550,501	562,323	183,586	165,000	906,834	587,915
Interest	-	-	-	105,799	-	-	34,103	120,257	236,175	242,369
Other charges	 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,744	20,685	-
Total expenditures	 10,542,956	9,466,367	10,201,683	10,215,860	10,096,144	11,195,703	14,119,895	15,684,241	15,709,345	14,870,933
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	 (627,208)	(651,249)	(1,122,408)	(1,186,643)	784,047	885,873	(1,502,158)	(1,704,677)	(3,264,463)	(2,162,282)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	581,530	-	251,368	-	-	-	-	-	890,000	13,187
Transfers (out)	(581,530)	-	(251,368)	-	-	-	-	-	(890,000)	(13,187)
Bonds issued at par	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000,000	2,370,000	-
Proceeds from loans	1,300,000	-	52,120	330,797	-	-	-	310,000	-	-
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,951	-	-
Discount on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,907)	-	-
Sale of capital assets	 -	-	-	1,515,240	-	-	85,642	51,101	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,300,000	-	52,120	1,846,037	-	-	85,642	4,391,145	2,370,000	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 672,792 \$	(651,249) \$	(1,070,288) \$	659,394 \$	784,047 \$	885,873 \$	(1,416,516) \$	2,686,468 \$	(894,463) \$	(2,162,282)
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPTIAL EXPENDITURES	6.21%	9.06%	7.76%	9.66%	5.85%	5.60%	1.78%	24.00%	8.39%	5.97%

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

# ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

# Last Ten Levy Years

Levy Year		esidential Property	(	Commercial Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Т	`otal Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direc Tax Rate	t	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	]	stimated Actual Faxable Value
2000	\$ 4	493,450,679	\$	57,133,739	\$ -	\$	577,130,365	(	).20	\$ 1,731,391,095		33.333%
2001	:	517,411,556		59,718,809	-		606,673,270	(	).20	1,820,019,810		33.333%
2002	:	543,719,232		62,954,038	-		656,401,725	(	).19	1,969,205,175		33.333%
2003	4	590,761,553		65,640,172	-		701,476,520	(	).22	2,104,429,560		33.333%
2004	(	631,328,868		70,147,652	-		766,780,644	(	).21	2,300,341,932		33.333%
2005	,	749,677,443		79,905,537	-		829,582,980	(	).18	2,488,748,940		33.333%
2006	:	817,294,042		85,469,811	-		902,763,853	(	).17	2,708,291,559		33.333%
2007	:	873,443,828		89,343,820	-		962,787,648	(	).17	2,888,362,944		33.333%
2008	(	926,838,542		92,663,379	-		1,019,501,921	(	).22	3,058,505,763		33.333%
2009	(	923,701,846		84,556,637	-		1,008,258,483	(	).23	3,024,775,449		33.333%

Data Source

### PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

### Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Taxing Agency										
City of Darien	0.2028	0.1980	0.1984	0.2153	0.2153	0.1792	0.1736	0.1715	0.2210	0.2277
Total direct rate	0.2028	0.1980	0.1984	0.2153	0.2153	0.1792	0.1736	0.1715	0.2210	0.2277
Overlapping Rates										
DuPage County	0.2536	0.2353	0.2154	0.1999	0.1999	0.1204	0.1236	0.1207	0.1137	0.1554
DuPage County Forest Preserve	0.1742	0.1654	0.1534	0.1419	0.1419	0.1201	0.1303	0.1187	0.1206	0.1217
DuPage County Airport Authority	0.0291	0.0271	0.0248	0.0230	0.0230	0.0151	0.0183	0.0170	0.0160	0.0148
Downers Grove Township	0.0352	0.0340	0.0324	0.0306	0.0306	0.0200	0.0268	0.0256	0.0254	0.0256
Downers Grove Township Roads	0.0521	0.0510	0.0486	0.0459	0.0459	0.0385	0.0401	0.0383	0.0379	0.0382
Darien Park District	0.3590	0.3428	0.3252	0.3295	0.3295	0.3295	0.2550	0.2448	0.2464	0.2561
Indian Prairie Library District (1)	0.1978	0.1964	0.1869	0.1739	0.1739	0.1739	0.1478	0.1478	0.1445	0.1467
Tri-State Fire Protection District	0.6374	0.6343	0.6035	0.5826	0.5826	0.5826	0.5079	0.4930	0.4854	0.4552
Grade School District #61 (2)	3.0862	3.0728	2.9178	2.8181	2.8181	2.5610	2.3962	2.2923	2.2637	2.2787
High School District #86 (2)	1.4367	1.4250	1.3858	1.3094	1.3094	1.1215	1.1418	1.0943	1.0804	1.0948
Junior College District # 502	0.1966	0.1930	0.2179	0.2097	0.2097	0.1900	0.1929	0.1888	0.1858	0.2127
Total overlapping rate	6.4579	6.3771	6.1117	5.8645	5.8645	5.2726	4.9807	4.7813	4.7198	4.7999
TOTAL RATE	6.6607	6.5751	6.3101	6.0798	6.0798	5.4518	5.1543	4.9528	4.9408	5.0276

### Data Source

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

### CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

		2010				2000	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Village Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Village Taxable Assessed Valuation
Inland RE LB LLC	\$ 6,292,280	1	0.70%	Farmingdale Condos	\$ 6,803,400	1	1.34%
Aimco	5,304,610	2	0.59%	Carriage Greens	4,136,370	2	0.81%
Carriage Greens	3,813,500	3	0.42%	Walmart	2,508,120	3	0.49%
Inland RE LB LLC	3,094,100	4	0.34%	Chestnut Court	2,490,230	4	0.49%
Walmart Stores	3,068,620	5	0.34%	Idyllwild Apartments	2,180,680	5	0.43%
Inland RE LB LLC	2,816,760	6	0.31%	Darien Towne Center	1,674,610	6	0.33%
Roger J. Washlow	2,772,620	7	0.31%	NAB	1,639,760	7	0.32%
Sawmill Oak Creek	2,581,230	8	0.29%	Brookhaven Shopping Center	1,551,880	8	0.31%
Sawmill Oak Creek	2,241,100	9	0.25%	Brookdale Apartments	1,414,500	9	0.28%
Brookdale Apartments	 1,792,190	10	0.20%	Jewel Food Stores	 1,219,070	10	0.24%
	\$ 33,777,010		3.74%	_	\$ 25,618,620		5.04%

NOTE:

Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. However, many of the taxpayers contain multiple parcels, and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations have been overlooked.

### Data Source

### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

### Last Ten Levy Years

			Collected v Fiscal Year of		Collections	Total Collection	ns to Date
Levy				Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage
Year	Т	ax Levied	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2000	\$	1,317,011	\$ 1,316,518	99.96%	-	\$ 1,316,518	99.96%
2001		1,348,883	1,347,429	99.89%	-	1,347,429	99.89%
2002		1,422,732	1,414,241	99.40%	-	1,414,241	99.40%
2003		1,515,279	1,508,974	99.58%	29	1,509,003	99.59%
2004		1,597,971	1,586,080	99.26%	328	1,586,408	99.28%
2005		1,486,613	1,478,547	99.46%	-	1,478,547	99.46%
2006		1,567,198	1,563,151	99.74%	-	1,563,151	99.74%
2007		1,747,455	1,743,011	99.75%	174	1,743,185	99.76%
2008		1,834,678	1,655,024	90.21%	-	1,655,024	90.21%
2009		2,590,797	2,258,149	87.16%	-	2,258,149	87.16%

### Data Source

### TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY (in thousands)

#### Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
General merchandise	\$ 48,127 \$	52,430 \$	61,317 \$	70,183 \$	70,539 \$	70,252 \$	70,869 \$	66,690 \$	63,753 \$	61,575
Food	45,661	46,236	47,850	46,248	40,062	48,273	51,462	54,057	55,302	54,037
Drinking and eating places	25,473	26,325	26,383	27,637	31,799	33,869	35,289	37,596	36,059	33,872
Apparel	3,690	2,768	2,151	1,618	1,321	525	575	181	152	-
Furniture & H.H. & Radio	16,000	14,498	13,559	11,907	9,225	9,869	10,822	7,906	1,844	1,137
Lumber, building hardware	48,472	42,035	42,479	41,006	38,338	36,217	34,274	31,905	29,359	26,574
Automobile and filling stations	20,787	18,105	17,389	20,971	26,674	33,388	34,411	34,099	34,857	29,200
Drugs and miscellaneous retail	29,958	31,328	32,384	36,625	35,498	38,537	40,932	46,059	46,199	48,245
Agriculture and all others	14,311	17,235	20,743	16,871	17,535	18,071	22,089	23,102	24,789	19,240
Manufacturers	 1,914	1,744	2,067	1,522	1,927	1,366	1,586	1,712	1,708	-
TOTAL	\$ 254,393 \$	252,704 \$	266,322 \$	274,588 \$	272,918 \$	290,367 \$	302,309 \$	303,307 \$	294,022 \$	273,880
CITY DIRECT SALES TAX RATE	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%

Source: Illinois Department of Revenue

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES

# Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	City Direct Rate	Total Sales Tax Rate
2000	1.00%	6.75%
2001	1.00%	6.75%
2002	1.00%	6.75%
2003	1.00%	6.75%
2004	1.75%	7.50%
2005	1.75%	7.50%
2006	1.75%	7.50%
2007	1.75%	7.50%
2008	1.75%	8.00%
2009	1.75%	8.00%

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Busine	ss-T	Гуре					
		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Acti	vitie	es	_				
		General				General				Total	Percentage of		
Fiscal	(	Obligation	I	nstallment		Obligation		Installment		Primary	Personal		Per
Year		Bonds	(	Contracts		Bonds		Contracts	(	Government	Income		Capita
2001	Φ	0.005.000	Φ	050 005	Φ	1.047.000	¢	270 222	¢	5 010 070	0.6694	٩	150
2001	\$	2,025,000	\$	958,827	\$	y- · y	\$	,	\$	5,210,372	0.66%	\$	150
2002		2,060,000		653,523		1,455,000		222,116		4,390,639	0.55%		126
2003		1,765,000		380,709		955,000		162,295		3,263,004	0.41%		94
2004		1,285,000		388,398		470,000		99,630		2,243,028	0.28%		64
2005		1,000,000		209,555		-		33,984		1,243,539	0.15%		36
2006		680,000		28,586		-		-		708,586	0.09%		20
2007		525,000		-		3,900,000		-		4,425,000	0.54%		127
2008		4,360,000		310,000		3,840,000		-		8,510,000	0.97%		245
2009		5,905,000		228,166		3,695,000		-		9,828,166	1.12%		282
2010		5,450,000		265,116		3,545,000		-		9,260,116	1.05%		266

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Data Source City financial statements

# RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds			ss: Amounts Available In Debt ervice Fund	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Per Total Property* Capita					
						1 5		1		
2001	\$	3,975,000	\$	1,261,758	\$ 2,713,242	0.47%	\$	107.18		
2002		3,515,000		1,274,159	2,240,841	0.37%		98.02		
2003		2,720,000		576,673	2,143,327	0.33%		93.76		
2004		1,755,000		1,287,266	467,734	0.07%		20.46		
2005		1,000,000		898,711	101,289	0.01%		4.43		
2006		680,000		-	680,000	0.08%		29.11		
2007		4,425,000		-	4,425,000	0.49%		189.40		
2008		8,200,000		1,451,242	6,748,758	0.75%		288.87		
2009		9,600,000		440,285	9,159,715	1.01%		392.06		
2010		8,995,000		-	8,995,000	0.97%		385.01		

# Last Ten Fiscal Years

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

\*See schedule of Assessesd Value and Acutal Value of Taxable Property on page 77 for property value data.

Data Source City financial statements

### CITY OF DARIEN

# COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT

# April 30, 2010

Governmental Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Darien	City of Darien's Share of Debt		
DIRECT DEBT - CITY OF DARIEN	\$ 5,450,000	100.00%	\$ 5,450,000		
OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT					
School Districts					
District 61	4,790,000	79.17%	3,792,253		
District 63	5,935,000	71.22%	4,226,628		
District 66	5,275,000	35.44%	1,869,283		
District 86	8,000,000	13.13%	1,050,341		
District 99	57,265,000	8.90%	5,095,022		
District 113	10,650,000	6.58%	700,735		
County					
DuPage County	177,340,000	2.67%	4,734,978		
DuPage Water Commission	127,495,000	2.67%	3,400,910		
DuPage County Forest Preserve	212,551,000	2.67%	5,675,112		
Fire Departments					
Darien-Woodridge	6,385,000	45.82%	2,925,857		
Lemont	1,146,210	9.38%	107,554		
Other					
Indian Prairie Library	3,610,000	29.19%	1,053,736		
Darien Park District	12,427,900	93.11%	11,571,595		
			46,204,003		
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEB	Т		\$ 51,654,003		

Data Source Office of the County Clerk

# SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

# April 30, 2010

Under the 1970 Illinois Constitution, there is no legal limit for home rule municipalities except as set by the General Assembly.

# PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Wa	ter Bonds				
		Water									
		Charges	Less:		Net						
Fiscal		and	Operating	ŀ	Available		Debt S	Servi	ce		
Year		Other	Expenses	Revenue		Principal		Interest		Coverage	
2001	\$	2,960,208	\$ 2,356,381	\$	603,827	\$	525,000	\$	95,715	\$	0.97
2002	·	2,880,276	2,014,417		865,859	·	515,000		76,028	·	1.47
2003		3,243,944	2,710,636		533,308		500,000		56,715		0.96
2004		3,173,569	2,929,476		244,093		485,000		37,715		0.47
2005		3,046,688	2,926,640		120,048		470,000		18,800		0.25
2006		3,104,951	2,697,548		407,403		45,000		-		9.05
2007		2,766,305	2,551,215		215,090		-		46,026		4.67
2008		2,908,191	2,590,849		317,342		60,000		169,791		1.38
2009		3,372,144	3,409,351		(37,207)		145,000		161,476		(0.12
2010		3,678,970	3,506,650		172,320		150,000		155,442		0.50

Note: Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Water Charges and Other includes investment earnings but not tap on fees.

Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation but do include miscellaneous expense.

Data Source City financial statements

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

# Last Ten Fiscal Years

		D				
		Per Capita	Total			
Fiscal		Personal	Personal	Unemployment		
Year	Population	Income	Income	Rate		
2001	25,314 \$	34,795	\$ 880,800,630	2.90%		
2002	22,860	34,795	795,413,700	3.60%		
2003	22,860	34,795	795,413,700	3.70%		
2004	22,860	34,795	795,413,700	3.30%		
2005	22,860	34,795	795,413,700	3.20%		
2006	22,860	34,795	795,413,700	2.60%		
2007	23,615	34,795	821,683,925	4.70%		
2008	23,615	34,795	821,683,925	5.40%		
2009	23,615	34,795	821,683,925	9.90%		
2010	23,615	34,795	821,683,925	11.20%		

Data Source Bureau of Census

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

# Current Year and Eleven Years Ago

200	)9			199	99		
		Approximate	% of			Approximate	% of
		Number of	Total City			Number of	Total City
Employer	Rank	Employees	Population	Employer	Rank	Employees	Population
Walmart	1	350	1.48%	Wight & Co.	1	150	0.64%
Jewel	2	175	0.78%	Vikase Cos., Inc.	4	100	0.42%
Wight & Co.	3	150	0.64%	Indian Prairie Public Library District	3	89	0.38%
City of Darien	4	134	0.64%	City of Darien	2	79	0.33%
Home Depot	5	125	0.53%	West Suburban Bank of Darien	5	64	0.27%
District 61 School	6	125	0.53%	Quotesmith.com, Inc.	6	59	0.25%
Indian Prairie Public Library District	7	100	0.42%	Leeco Steel Products, Inc.	7	59	0.25%
Vikase Cos., Inc.	8	100	0.42%	Preferred Network Access, Inc.	8	59	0.25%
West Suburban Bank of Darien	9	65	0.27%	Republic Bank of Chicago	9	59	0.25%
Quotesmith.com, Inc.	10	59	0.25%	Cygnet Controls, Inc.	10	59	0.25%

Data Source City records

### FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES

# Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General Government										
Administration	8	8	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	7
Community development	6	6	6	6	5	4	4	4	4	4
Public Safety										
Police										
Officers	33	33	38	35	36	36	40	40	40	39
Civilians	8	8	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10
Public Works										
Administration										
Water department	6	6	6	6	7	7	8	8	8	8
Street maintenance	12	12	11	10	10	10	13	13	13	13

# Data Source

City Budget Office

#### OPERATING INDICATORS

#### For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Public Safety										
Police										
Physical arrests	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,263	1,000	1,100	550
Parking violations	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,915	2,482	2,024	2,022
Traffic violations	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,880	3,765	2,864	3,201
Public Works										
Streeting resurfacing (miles)	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.000	5.480	5.620	5.400
Water										
Millions gallons pumped per year	847	792	742	755	881	783	763	1,125	-	947
Average daily consumption	2.320	2.160	2.030	2.060	2.410	2.140	2.090	3.080	-	2.590
Peak daily consumption	4.200	4.200	4.920	5.130	5.130	5.150	5.130	5.150	-	6.690

Note Certain data not available but the City will collect the data going forward.

### Data Source

Various city departments

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS

# Last Five Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Public Safety					
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Area patrols	3	3	3	3	3
Patrol units	15	15	15	15	17
Public Works					
Arterial streets (miles)					
Residential streets (miles)	68	68	68	68	68
Streetlights	298	298	298	298	298
Water					
Water mains (miles)	87	87	87	87	87
Fire hydrants	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,217
Storage capacity (gallons)	4.0 million	4.0 million	4.0 million	4.0 million	4.0 milliion

# Data Source

Various city departments

Prior year's information is unavailble

The City will obtain this information going forward.